

City and Borough of Sitka Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024

Prepared by the City and Borough of Sitka Finance Department



Photo credit: Don Kluting

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CITY AND BOROUGH OF SITKA

A COAST GUARD CITY

February 6, 2025

To the Honorable Mayor, Assembly Members and Citizens of the City and Borough of Sitka, Alaska:

The Assembly of the City and Borough of Sitka has elected to issue each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that request, we hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial report of the City and Borough of Sitka, Alaska for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the financial position and performance of the City and Borough of Sitka. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City and Borough of Sitka has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City and Borough of Sitka's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City and Borough of Sitka's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City and Borough of Sitka's financial statements have been audited by BDO USA, P.C., a global accounting network of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City and Borough of Sitka for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit that they will render an unmodified opinion on the City and Borough of Sitka's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City and Borough of Sitka was part of a broader, state and federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of state and federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of state and federal awards. These Single Audit Reports are published separately from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City and Borough of Sitka's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of Government

The City and Borough of Sitka, incorporated in 1971, is located on Baranof and Chicagof Islands which are located along the Inside Passage in Southeast Alaska. Sitka is situated on the west coast of Baranof Island, contained within the largest temperate rainforest in the world. Most of this rainforest is part of the Tongass National Forest. The City and Borough of Sitka currently occupies a land area of 2,894 square miles, a water area of 1,816 square miles and serves a population of approximately 8,382. The City and Borough of Sitka is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. The City and Borough of Sitka also levies a sales tax on sales within the City and Borough, a transient room tax, a marijuana tax, and an excise tax on tobacco product sales within the City and Borough.

The City and Borough of Sitka has operated under the Assembly-Administrator form of government since 1971. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing assembly consisting of the Mayor and six other members. The Assembly is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the government's Administrator and Attorney. The administrator is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Assembly, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The Assembly is elected on a non-partisan basis. Assembly members serve three-year staggered terms, with two Assembly members elected each year. The Mayor is elected to serve a two-year term. The Mayor and Assembly members are elected at large.

The City and Borough of Sitka provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; ambulance service; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; recreational facilities and cultural events. Other services include the provision of electricity, water, wastewater treatment, solid waste disposal and recycling, harbor system moorage, cold storage facility, and leases within the industrial park. These services represent different departments in the City and Borough of Sitka and therefore have been included as an integral part of the City and Borough of Sitka's financial statements. The City and Borough of Sitka also is financially accountable for a legally separate school district which is reported separately within the City and Borough of Sitka's financial statements. Additional information on the school district can be found in Note 1 in the notes to the financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City and Borough of Sitka's financial planning and control. All departments of the City and Borough of Sitka are required to submit requests for appropriation on or before the end of each calendar year. Preliminary budget meetings begin early in the calendar year to seek Assembly input prior to releasing a draft budget. Once the draft budget has been released, any changes must be directed by the Assembly. As set forth in the Home Rule Charter of the City and Borough of Sitka for budget performance, the following dates outline the Charter's requirements: (1) not later than 60 days before the end of the current fiscal year, the Administrator shall submit to the Assembly a budget for the following fiscal year, a capital improvements program and an accompanying explanatory message of both; (2) not later than 15 days before the end of the current fiscal year, a public hearing shall be held on the budget and capital improvements program; (3) the Assembly by ordinance shall adopt a budget (for the next fiscal year) not later than 10 days before the end of the current fiscal year. The appropriated

budget is prepared by fund and department (e.g., police). As long as expenditures do not exceed appropriations at the fund level, appropriations are considered to be in compliance. In practice, for budget management purposes the Administrator may move appropriations within a department. To move appropriations between funds or departments, assembly approval is required, however, even if a department within a fund is overbudget, as long as the fund as whole has not exceeded appropriations, it is considered to be in compliance. The only exception to this rule is that total amounts appropriated at the for salaries and benefits, travel and the acquisition of capital assets by a fund cannot be exceeded at the fund level. Note that while depreciation is budgeted, it is for management purposes only as appropriations apply only to outlays. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for governmental funds including the General Fund, Permanent Fund, and well as all special revenue funds, debt service fund, and capital project fund. All of these funds have an annually adopted appropriation, (though capital appropriations do not lapse-the amount shown for the capital project fund is the FY2024 appropriation). Please note that no special revenue funds incurred personnel or travel and training costs in FY2024 and thus the budgetary comparison schedules show only expenditures, with the exception of the Visitor Enhancement Fund, which show expenditures travel and training.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City and Borough of Sitka operates.

Local economy. The City and Borough of Sitka's principal economic base is commercial fishing, fish processing, health care, government, tourism, and related businesses. The estimated population for the City and Borough has been decreasing over the past nine years, though that rate of decrease is slowing.

A significant post-pandemic increase in cruise ship tourism, combined with a strong independent traveler sector have led to significant increases in sales tax, the General Fund's most significant source of revenue.

Long-term financial planning. The City and Borough engages in comprehensive long-range fiscal planning for general governmental activities as well as business-type enterprises. The City and Borough annually updates a fiscal plan for each business-type enterprise which models cash flows from operations, working capital, long-term debt, and capital expenditures for a minimum 10-year period. These fiscal plans are the basis for recommendations to the Assembly for user fee increases in the various business-type enterprises.

Cash management policies and practices. The City and Borough of Sitka utilizes a central treasury to aggregate cash from all funds except the component units listed herein, for cash management and investment purposes. Interest income on central treasury investments is allocated monthly to participating funds based on their average monthly balance. Interest on investments held by the Permanent Fund is recognized only in the Permanent Fund and, due to differing asset allocations, returns may vary significantly.

The City and Borough of Sitka utilizes professional investment management services in the management of its investment portfolios. The external investment manager adheres to a codified investment policy which sets forth authorized investment types, restrictions on investment credit quality, and other standard safeguards in order to achieve a reasonable rate of return with minimal risk of loss. The City and Borough also has an independent Investment Advisory Committee which reviews the investment portfolios and investment return on a quarterly basis.

Risk management. During FY2024, the Municipality continued a limited risk management program for workers' compensation. Various controls techniques, including employee accident prevention training, have been implemented during the year to minimize accident-related losses. Third-party coverage is currently maintained for individual workers' compensation claims and other potential losses.

Pension and other postemployment benefits. The City and Borough of Sitka and the Sitka Community Hospital provide pension benefits for all eligible employees through the State of Alaska Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). The Municipality and Hospital have no obligations in connection with the employee benefits offered through this plan beyond its annual required payment to the pension plan.

The Sitka School District provides pension benefits for all eligible employees through PERS and the Teachers Retirement System (TRS). The School District has no obligations in connection with employee benefits offered through their plans beyond its annual required payments to the pension plans.

Additional information on pension arrangements and postemployment benefits can be found in the Required Supplementary Information and in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City and Borough of Sitka for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the staff of the Finance Department. My appreciation is extended to all members of the Finance Department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. We also want to thank you, the members of the City and Borough of Sitka's Assembly, for your interest and support in conducting the financial operations of the City and Borough of Sitka in a responsible and progressive manner.

Sincerely,

Melissa Haley Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City and Borough of Sitka Alaska

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

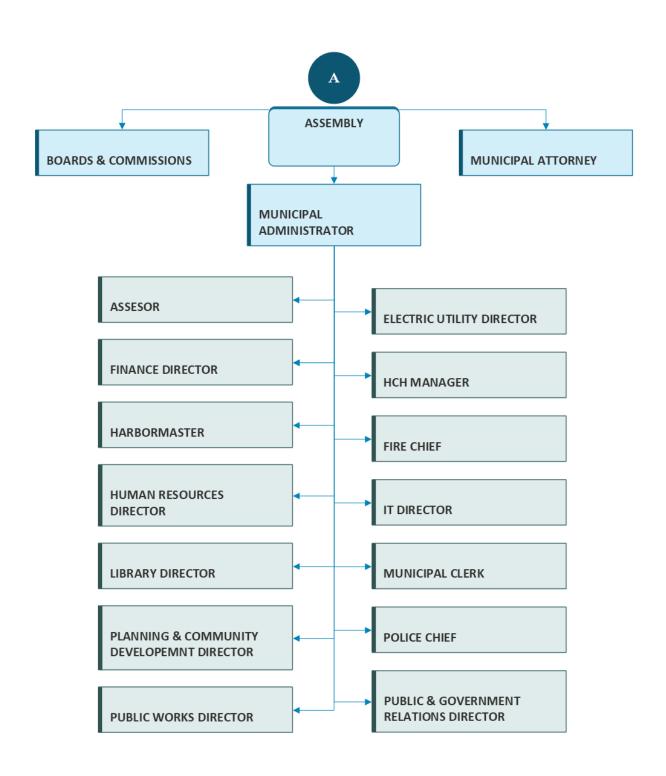
Executive Director/CEO

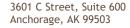
Christopher P. Morrill

Elected Officials June 30, 2024

Name	Position
Steven Eisenbeisz	Mayor
Kevin Mosher	Deputy Mayor
Timothy Pike	Vice-Deputy Mayor
Thor Christianson	Assembly Member
JJ Carlson	Assembly Member
Scott Saline	Assembly Member
Chris Ystad	Assembly Member
John Leach	Municipal Administrator

Organization Chart June 30, 2024







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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Borough Assembly City and Borough of Sitka, Alaska Sitka, Alaska

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City and Borough of Sitka (the City and Borough), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City and Borough's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City and Borough, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Sitka School District (the School District), a discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the School District, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and Borough and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City and Borough's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City and Borough's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City and Borough's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.



We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, and the schedules of the City and Borough's proportionate share of the net pension and net OPEB liability or asset and the City and Borough's contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City and Borough's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.



In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 6, 2025 on our consideration of the City and Borough's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City and Borough's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City and Borough's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BOO USA, P.C.

Anchorage, Alaska February 6, 2025



Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

As management of the City and Borough of Sitka (City and Borough), we offer the readers of the City and Borough's financial statements this overview and analysis of the City and Borough's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on page III of this report.

Financial Highlights

- > The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City and Borough exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent year by \$441.3 million. Of this amount, \$120.8 million (unrestricted net position) is legally unreserved and may therefore be used to meet the City and Borough's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$7.9 million. Committed funds of \$12.5 million are also available to meet expenditures for the next fiscal year with varying levels of commitments. The unassigned fund balance for the General Fund represented 25.2% of General Fund expenditures. This increases to 65.2% when committed funds are included.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The management's discussion and analysis provides an introduction to the City and Borough's basic financial statements, which are the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the overall finances of the City and Borough in a manner similar to a private-sector enterprise. These statements combine and consolidate short-term, spendable resources with capital assets and long-term obligations.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City and Borough's assets and deferred outflows less liabilities and deferred inflows, which results in net position. The statement is designed to display the financial position of the City and Borough. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City and Borough is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities provides information which shows how the City and Borough's net position changed as a result of the year's activities. The statement uses the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by private-sector businesses. All of the revenues and expenses are reported regardless of the timing of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities distinguish functions of the City and Borough that are financed primarily by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and charges for services (governmental activities) from functions where user fees and charges to customers help to cover all or most of the cost of services (business-type activities). The City and Borough's governmental activities include administration, public safety, public works, public services and education. The business-type activities of the City and Borough include the eight enterprise funds: electric, water, wastewater treatment, solid waste disposal, harbor, airport terminal building, marine service center and Gary Paxton Industrial Park.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The government-wide financial statements present not only the City and Borough itself, which is the primary government, but also its component unit, the Sitka School District, for which the City and Borough is financially accountable. Financial information for the Sitka School District is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 21 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City and Borough, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate fiscal accountability. All of the funds of the City and Borough can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on the shortterm view of the City and Borough operations. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The City and Borough maintains 19 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately for major governmental funds on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Permanent Fund, and the Sitka Community Hospital Dedicated Fund. The remaining governmental funds are combined and shown as Nonmajor Governmental Funds on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. Individual fund information for the 16 nonmajor funds is presented in the Combining Balance Sheet, Nonmajor Governmental Funds, and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, Nonmajor Governmental Funds.

Proprietary Funds

The City and Borough maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City and Borough uses enterprise funds to account for the electric, water, wastewater treatment, harbor system, and solid waste disposal services as provided to the local citizens. The City and Borough also uses enterprise funds to account for commercial activity within its airport terminal, cold storage facility, and industrial park. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City and Borough's various functions. The City and Borough uses internal service funds to account for the activities of its information technology systems, central garage, and building maintenance services. Income or loss from these services has been allocated between governmental and business-type functions while assets and liabilities have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. All internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Electric, Water, Solid Waste, Wastewater, and Harbor Funds, which are the major funds of the City and Borough. The remaining three enterprise funds are combined and shown as Nonmajor Enterprise Funds on the Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows for Proprietary Funds. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 through 30.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City and Borough in a trustee capacity or as an agent for others. Activities from fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the City and Borough cannot use these assets for its operations. The accounting for fiduciary funds is much like that used in proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary aggregated fund financial statements can be found on pages 31 through 32 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 33 through 79 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information to provide information on the City and Borough's Nonmajor funds. Supplementary information can be found following the Notes to Financial Statements beginning on page 94. Required supplementary information, which includes budget and actual schedules for major funds as well as schedules detailing the City and Borough's proportionate share of pension and OPEB liabilities and assets, directly follows the notes to the financial statements and begins on page 82.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City and Borough, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$441.3 million on June 30, 2024, compared to \$414.3 million on June 30, 2023. By far the largest portion of the City and Borough's net position (\$276.5 million) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, etc.) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City and Borough uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City and Borough's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City and Borough of Sitka, Alaska Management's Discussion and Analysis

City and Borough of Sitka's Net Position June 30, 2024 and 2023 (in millions)

	Govern activ		Busines activ		То	tal
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Current and other assets	\$115.8	\$104.9	\$102.9	\$84.1	\$218.7	\$189.0
Capital assets	105.1	111.5	326.5	322.5	431.6	434.0
Total assets	220.9	216.4	429.4	406.6	650.3	623.0
Deferred outflows of resources	2.9	3.0	4.3	4.7	7.2	7.7
Long-term liabilities	16.5	17.5	165.1	168.2	181.6	185.7
Other liabilities	4.1	4.5	13.9	11.1	18.0	15.6
Total liabilities	20.6	22.0	179.0	179.3	199.6	201.3
Deferred inflows of resources	12.3	13.1	4.3	2.0	16.6	15.1
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	32.9	35.1	183.3	181.3	216.2	216.4
No. and Wales						
Net position:	400 4		4=2-4		074.5	
Net investment in capital assets	103.4	103.9	173.1	169.2	276.5	273.3
Restricted	41.1	38.1	3.0	2.6	44.1	40.7
Unrestricted	46.4	42.3	74.4	58.0	120.8	100.3
Total net position	\$190.9	\$184.3	\$250.4	\$230.0	\$441.4	\$414.3

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City and Borough's net position by \$6.5 million. Key elements of this increase are listed below:

- > Increases in sales tax, in part due to increased tourism, increased revenues for the City and Borough, but less than in prior years.
- A positive investment environment means that interest income and unrealized gains on investments had a significant impact on revenue levels as of the end of FY2024.

The net position for the City and Borough's governmental activities is \$190.9 million, an increase of \$6.6 million. A substantial portion (54%) of the net position is invested in capital assets - a decrease of \$.5 million from the prior fiscal year. The City and Borough uses these assets to provide services to the citizens.

The unrestricted net position of governmental activities was \$46.4 million as of June 30, 2024. The largest portion of the restricted net position is for the Permanent Fund (\$26 million).

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City and Borough's net position by \$20.4 million. This compares to an increase of \$17.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2023. Key elements are listed below:

- Federal revenue for Sitka's airport terminal improvement capital project increased revenue by \$7.3 million and payment of hydroelectric incentives under section 242 increased operating revenue for the electric utility by \$2 million.
- As with governmental activities, a positive investment environment increased interest income and unrealized gains on investments for business type activities as well.

The net position for the City and Borough's business-type activities is \$250.4 million. As with government-wide activities, a substantial portion (69.1%) of the net position is invested in capital assets. The City and Borough uses these assets to provide services to the citizens. The unrestricted net position of the business-type activities is \$74.4 million as of June 30, 2024.

City and Borough of Sitka's Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

(in millions) Governmental **Business-type** activities activities **Total** 2024 2023 2024 2023 2024 2023 Revenues: Program revenues: Charges for services \$4.7 \$40.8 \$38.8 \$42.8 \$4.0 \$45.5 Operating grants and contributions 4.7 5.3 6.7 5.2 2.1 (0.1)Capital grants and contributions 0.3 8.5 1.2 8.5 1.5 General revenues: Property tax 7.4 7.4 7.2 7.2 Sales and other taxes 23.3 22.9 23.3 22.9 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 0.5 0.6 0.9 1.5 1.4 2.1 Unrestricted investment earnings 4.5 2.4 4.2 0.7 8.7 3.1 **Total revenues** 42.7 56.5 42.1 45.1 101.5 84.8

Management's Discussion and Analysis

City and Borough of Sitka's Changes in Net Position, continued Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

(in millions)

	Govern		Busines		Ta	.
	activ		activ		To	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Expenses:						
Administration	\$5.5	\$2.9	\$ -	\$ -	\$5.5	\$2.9
Public safety	7.1	5.7	-	-	7.1	5.7
Public works	7.2	6.2	-	-	7.2	6.2
Public services	4.8	4.3	-	-	4.8	4.3
Support	11.5	11.9	-	-	11.5	11.9
Interest on long-term debt	0.2	0.2	-	-	0.2	0.2
Electric	-	-	18.9	16.8	18.9	16.8
Solid waste disposal	-	_	5.0	4.6	5.1	4.6
Water	-		4.0	3.2	4.0	3.2
Wastewater treatment	-	_	3.8	3.6	3.8	3.6
Harbors	-	-	4.9	4.7	4.9	4.7
Nonmajor business-type	-	-	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.6
Total expenses	36.3	31.2	38.3	34.5	74.7	65.7
Increase (decrease) in net position						
before transfers	8.8	11.5	18.2	7.6	26.8	19.1
Transfers in (out)	(2.2)	(10.1)	2.2	10.1	-	-
Increase (decrease) in net position	6.6	1.4	20.4	17.7	26.8	19.1
Net position, beginning of year	184.3	182.9	230.0	212.3	414.3	395.2
Net position, end of year	\$190.9	\$184.3	\$250.4	\$230.0	\$441.1	\$414.3

Significant year-to-year variances in revenue are a result of:

- Rate increases were implemented for all utilities and for the harbor system.
- Federal revenue for capital projects and for operating as previously discussed.
- Investment earnings increased by \$5.6 million.

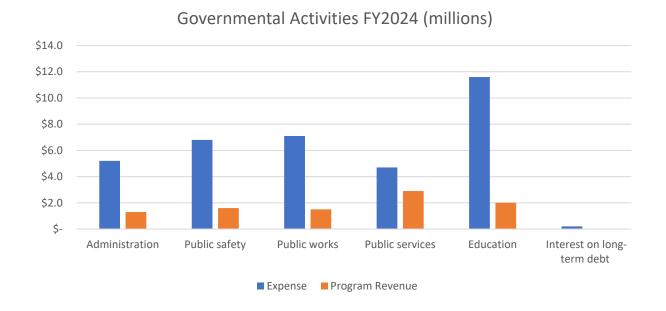
Significant year-to-year variances in expenses are a result of:

While staffing levels improved in FY2024, meaning that personnel costs increased, there was still a high vacancy rate, meaning that in some cases, contract labor needed to be used to complete critical work.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

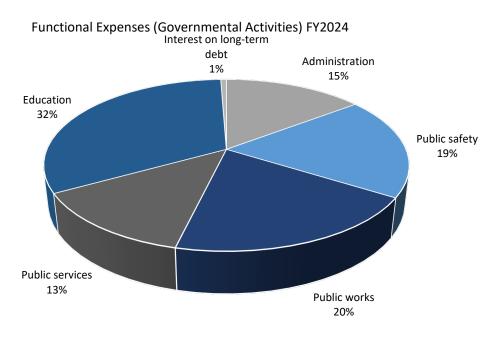
Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

The graph shown below compares program expenses with associated revenues. It should be noted that revenue generated through sales, bed, and property taxes are considered general revenues and are therefore not included on this graph.



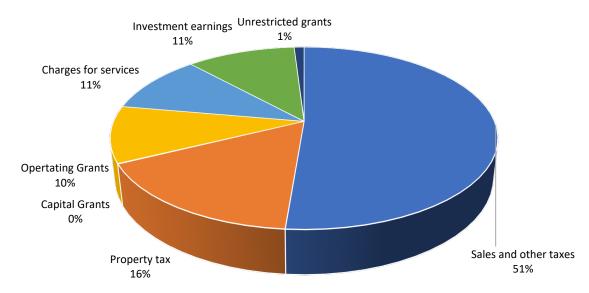
Revenues and Expenses by Source - Governmental Activities

The following graphs depict all sources of revenues shown as a percentage of total governmental revenues and functional expenses, also shown as percentage of total expense.



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Govermental Activity Revenue by Source FY2024



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City and Borough uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City and Borough's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City and Borough's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available to spend at the end of the fiscal year. Did the City and Borough generate enough revenue to pay for current obligations? What is available to spend at the end of the year?

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City and Borough's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$89.1 million, an increase of \$9.8 million compared to the prior year. A portion of this amount is reserved to indicate it is not available to new spending because it is nonspendable (\$31.1 million), or has been restricted (\$10.6 million), committed (\$40.8 million) or assigned (\$2.9 million). The remainder of fund balance is unassigned (\$3.7 million) and is available for spending at the government's discretion.

Analysis of individual funds

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City and Borough. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance was \$23.5 million and unassigned fund balance was \$7.9 million. Total fund balance increased by \$2.5 million from the prior year. Key factors include:

- Investment income was higher in FY2024
- ➤ Total revenue for sales tax decreased, however this was due to a decrease in the tax rate for fiscal quarter 1, which was offset by a reduced transfer out. A ballot measure was passed permanently reinstating the 6% seasonal tax rate with proceeds to be used for school building infrastructure.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Licenses and permits significantly increased, due largely to construction permits for large projects that were issued.

Among the governmental funds, the Capital Project Fund experienced the most significant change in fund balance, increasing by \$5.6 million. This growth resulted from substantial appropriations and transfers into the fund, while expenditures remained relatively low during the fiscal year.

Another major fund, the Sitka Community Hospital Dedicated Fund, saw its fund balance rise by \$0.4 million. The fund's primary revenue sources continue to be tobacco tax proceeds and revenue from the hospital's sale. However, ongoing payments toward PERS liabilities and expenditures related to the hospital's closure have slowed the rate of growth in the fund's balance.

Proprietary Funds

The City and Borough's proprietary fund statements provide detailed financial information by fund, mirroring the data presented in the government-wide financial statements. At the end of the fiscal year, the unrestricted net position of the eight enterprise funds totaled \$74.4 million. Additional financial details of the proprietary funds have been discussed earlier under the City and Borough's business-type activities.

Overall, the net position of most proprietary funds showed minimal change from the prior year. However, the Airport Fund experienced a significant increase due to a large, grant-funded terminal project and the transfer of a grant-funded seaplane base construction project from the Harbor Fund. This transfer included matching funds that were appropriated from the General Fund in prior years. As a result, the Harbor Fund reported a \$4.4 million decrease in net position, reflecting the transferred assets.

The Electric Fund, on the other hand, recorded a \$6.0 million increase in net position, primarily driven by ongoing rate increases and a federally funded hydroelectric incentive payment.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget in the General Fund are as follows:

- ➤ Per the Sitka Home Rule Charter, encumbered operating appropriations do not lapse at the end of the fiscal year and are rolled over into the following fiscal year's budget. The total amount of these encumbered operating appropriations for the General fund was \$.2 million.
- ➤ Per the Sitka Home Rule Charter, the Assembly of the City and Borough may make supplemental appropriations by budget ordinance to authorize expenditures of public funds for purposes not anticipated in the original budget and may reduce any appropriation except for debt service. During the fiscal year, General Fund appropriations increased by \$4.7 million (including transfers out).
- ➤ Variations from budgeted revenue to actual in the in the General Fund show that revenues exceeded the budget by \$1.8 million. This was largely due to federal funding, including American Rescue Plan Act funding (LATCF portion) that was not budgeted.
- Variations from budgeted expenditures to actual in the General Fund show that expenditures were under budget by \$5.3 million. A significant reason for continuing to come well under budgeted expenditures is continued difficulties filling vacant positions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City and Borough's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2024, amounts to \$431.5 million (net of accumulated depreciation), a decrease of \$2.6 million from the prior year. This investment in capital assets incudes land, buildings, machinery and equipment, roads and infrastructure, construction in progress, and right-to-use assets.

City and Borough of Sitka's Capital Assets June 30, 2024 and 2023 (in millions, net of depreciation)

	Governi Activ		Busines Activi		Tot	al
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Land and improvements	\$17.8	\$18.3	\$25.1	\$21.7	\$42.9	\$40.0
Buildings	57.8	61.7	9.0	9.5	66.8	71.2
Equipment	3.6	4.0	1.6	1.8	5.2	5.8
Infrastructure	23.8	25.9	-	-	23.8	25.9
Electric plant	-	-	186.1	190.5	186.1	190.5
Water plant	-	-	33.2	17.0	33.2	17.0
Wastewater treatment plant	-	-	24.2	25.2	24.2	25.2
Harbors	-	-	27.6	29.1	27.6	29.1
Lease assets	-	0.1	-	-	-	0.1
Subscription IT assets	-	-	-	0.1	-	0.1
Construction in progress	2.0	1.5	19.7	27.7	21.7	29.2
Total capital assets	\$105.0	\$111.5	\$326.5	\$322.6	\$431.5	\$434.1

Major additions to capital assets during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Completion of street reconstruction projects including water, wastewater, paving and storm water improvements.
- A significant, federally mandated project to provide secondary filtration of the City and Borough's water supply was completed

Additional information on the City and Borough's capital assets can be found in Note 5 beginning on page 46 of this report.

Long-term Liabilities

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City and Borough had total outstanding long-term liabilities of \$192.7 million. Of this amount \$5.1 million was bonded and backed by the full faith and credit of the City and Borough. The remaining debt consists of debt secured by equipment, revenue bonds and notes, compensated absences, net pension obligation, and landfill closure costs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

City and Borough of Sitka's Long-term Liabilities June 30, 2024 and 2023

	(in mi Govern Activ		Busine Activ	<i>,</i> .	То	tal
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
General obligation bonds	\$5.1	\$7.3	\$ -	\$ -	\$5.1	\$7.3
Revenue bonds	-	=	122.5	127.1	122.5	127.1
Federal notes	-	-	3.1	-	3.1	-
State of Alaska revenue notes	0.2	0.2	38.2	39.2	38.4	39.4
Net pension liability	11.9	11.9	6.3	6.5	18.2	18.4
Other debt	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.4	2.4	2.8
Total outstanding debt	\$18.4	\$20.8	\$171.3	\$174.2	\$189.7	\$194.0

Additional information on the City and Borough's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 7 beginning on page 50 of this report.

Economic Factors and the Next Year's Budget and Rates

In setting the budgets for FY2025, the City and Borough considered a number of issues with City and Borough-wide impact, among them:

- > Implementation of a new strategic plan outlining community-led priorities for the next 5 years.
- Potential for the implementation of limits to the number of cruise passengers allowed.
- > The level of funding necessary to meet the needs of City and Borough residents, visitors and communities.
- Maintenance of the City and Borough's financial condition.
- > The highest level of local education funding City and Borough residents can reasonably afford and sustain, particularly given state-level funding challenges for school districts.
- A high-quality capital and operational maintenance program that ensures the continued use and economic value of City and Borough assets, including school buildings owned by the City and Borough.
- Prioritization of investment in maintaining the City and Borough's infrastructure by incorporating asset management and focusing on risk mitigation in prioritizing asset repair and maintenance.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City and Borough's budget for FY2025.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City and Borough's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, City and Borough of Sitka, 100 Lincoln Street, Sitka, Alaska 99835.

Basic Financial Statements

City and Borough of Sitka, Alaska Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	Prim	ary Government		Component Unit
	 Governmental	Business-Type		Sitka School
	Activities	Activities	Total	District
# Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Assets				
Equity in central treasury	\$ 60,772,728 \$	72,378,742 \$	133,151,470	\$ -
Cash and equivalents	-	-	-	3,810,655
Receivables (net of allowance)	7,216,556	11,646,012	18,862,568	1,166,577
Internal balances	3,675,605	(3,675,605)	-	-
Inventories	-	2,401,908	2,401,908	-
Prepaid items	31,198	8,486	39,684	-
Leases receivable	3,250,076	4,169,440	7,419,516	-
Notes receivable (net of allowance)	9,194,810	20,943	9,215,753	-
Special assessments receivable	1,924	13,448	15,372	-
Water rights	-	46,966	46,966	-
Restricted assets:				
Equity in central treasury:				
Deposits	-	160,979	160,979	-
Bond covenant accounts	-	8,974,976	8,974,976	-
Capital asset acquisition	-	3,784,896	3,784,896	-
Cash and investments	25,990,986	-	25,990,986	-
Interest receivable	83,280	-	83,280	-
Net OPEB asset	5,620,177	2,962,995	8,583,172	7,370,083
Capital assets not being depreciated	13,250,763	25,349,786	38,600,549	-
Capital assets being depreciated, net	91,864,887	301,228,822	393,093,709	151,653
Total Assets	220,952,990	429,472,794	650,425,784	12,498,968
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred charge on refunding	99,079	2,884,393	2,983,472	-
OPEB related	457,138	212,211	669,349	497,868
Pension related	2,324,737	1,225,616	3,550,353	1,547,298
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,880,954	4,322,220	7,203,174	2,045,166
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 223,833,944 \$	433,795,014 \$	657,628,958	\$ 14,544,134

City and Borough of Sitka, Alaska Statement of Net Position, continued June 30, 2024

	Julie 30, 2024	Prima	ary Government		Component Unit
		Governmental	Business-Type		Sitka School
		Activities	Activities	Total	District
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,017,044 \$	6,227,214 \$	8,244,258	\$ 1,057,369
Unearned revenue		3,204	139,524	142,728	13,365
Accrued interest payable		34,840	1,177,351	1,212,191	-
Liabilities payable from restricted assets - deposits		-	160,979	160,979	-
Noncurrent liabilities					
Due within one year:					
Bonds and notes		1,332,310	5,793,649	7,125,959	-
Leases payable		18,562	-	18,562	-
Subscription IT liabilities payable		23,803	7,819	31,622	-
Compensated absences		629,935	378,519	1,008,454	-
Due in more than one year:					
Bonds, notes, and unamortized bond premium		3,981,207	157,946,022	161,927,229	-
Leases payable		33,908	-	33,908	-
Compensated absences		526,206	207,136	733,342	195,557
Net pension liability		11,996,906	6,324,851	18,321,757	12,895,171
Landfill post-closure liability		-	649,296	649,296	-
Total Liabilities		20,597,925	179,012,360	199,610,285	14,161,462
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred charge on refunding		-	61,631	61,631	-
Deferred note receivable		8,751,860	-	8,751,860	-
Lease related		3,164,637	4,100,701	7,265,338	-
Prepaid property taxes		100,721	-	100,721	-
OPEB related		324,557	146,301	470,858	312,846
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		12,341,775	4,308,633	16,650,408	312,846
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		103,413,520	173,092,013	276,505,533	151,653
Restricted for:					
Permanent Fund - nonspendable		24,949,753	-	24,949,753	-
Permanent Fund - spendable		1,041,233	-	1,041,233	-
Seasonal sales tax		5,901,148	-	5,901,148	-
Commercial passenger excise tax and other		3,592,453	-	3,592,453	-
Restricted for OPEB		5,620,177	2,962,995	8,583,172	-
Restricted		-	-	-	20,127
Unrestricted		46,375,960	74,419,013	120,794,973	(101,954)
Total Net Position		190,894,244	250,474,021	441,368,265	69,826
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$	223,833,944 \$	433,795,014 \$	657,628,958	\$ 14,544,134

City and Borough of Sitka, Alaska Statement of Activities

					 Net Reve	enue (Expense) a	and Changes in Ne	et Position
		Pr	ogram Revenues	5	 Priı	mary Governmen	t	Component Unit
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024	Expenses	Fees, Fines, & Charges for Services	Operating Grants & Contributions	Capital Grants & Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Sitka School District
Primary Government	ZXPCIISCS	Jei rices	Continuations	Contributions	Accivicies	recivices	rotat	<u> </u>
·								
Governmental Activities								
Administration	\$ 5,470,004	\$ 486,531	\$ 847,478	\$ -	\$ (4,135,995)	\$ -	\$ (4,135,995)	\$ -
Public safety	7,053,667	1,645,594	(24,054)	-	(5,432,127)	-	(5,432,127)	-
Public works	7,210,737	1,412,539	56,242	24,684	(5,717,272)	-	(5,717,272)	-
Public services	4,758,534	1,203,977	1,713,141	-	(1,841,416)	-	(1,841,416)	-
Education	11,566,627	-	2,026,331	-	(9,540,296)	-	(9,540,296)	-
Interest on long-term debt	211,846	-	-	-	(211,846)	-	(211,846)	<u> </u>
Total Governmental Activities	36,271,415	4,748,641	4,619,138	24,684	(26,878,952)	<u>-</u>	(26,878,952)	<u>-</u>
Business-type Activities								
Electric	18,917,098	21,525,741	2,042,549	-	-	4,651,192	4,651,192	-
Water	3,966,923	3,649,108	4,836	-	-	(312,979)	(312,979)	-
Wastewater treatment	3,765,443	4,518,415	9,785	-	-	762,757	762,757	-
Solid waste disposal	5,060,192	6,175,368	2,562	-	-	1,117,738	1,117,738	-
Harbor	4,860,748	3,518,016	10,892	133,774	-	(1,198,066)	(1,198,066)	-
Airport	888,210	819,608	802	8,349,059	-	8,281,259	8,281,259	-
Marine Service Center	148,584	282,568	-	· ,	-	133,984	133,984	-
Gary Paxton Industrial Park	643,833	248,082	-	-	-	(395,751)	(395,751)	<u>-</u>
Total Business-type Activities	38,251,031	40,736,906	2,071,426	8,482,833	-	13,040,134	13,040,134	
Total Primary Government	\$ 74,522,446	\$ 45,485,547	\$ 6,690,564	\$ 8,507,517	\$ (26,878,952)	\$ 13,040,134	\$ (13,838,818)	\$ -

City and Borough of Sitka, Alaska Statement of Activities, continued

						Net Rev	renue (Expense)	and Changes in N	et Pos	ition
		1	Program Revenue	es		Pr	imary Governmer	nt	Co	mponent Unit
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024	Expenses	Fees, Fines, 8 Charges fo Service	r Grants &	Grants &	(Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		Sitka School District
Total Primary Government	\$ 74,522,446	\$ 45,485,547	7 \$ 6,690,564	\$ 8,507,517	\$	(26,878,952)	\$ 13,040,134	\$ (13,838,818)		-
Component Unit										
Sitka School District									\$	(21,165,407)
General Revenues										
Taxes:										
Real and personal property						7,435,553	-	7,435,553		-
Sales and bed						19,469,508	-	19,469,508		-
Commercial passenger excise tax						2,698,671	-	2,698,671		-
Tobacco and marijuana tax						1,105,564	-	1,105,564		-
Contributions from primary government	t					-	-	-		7,763,278
Grants and entitlements not restricted										
to specific purpose						482,893	887,842	1,370,735		12,906,762
Investment income						4,478,386	4,243,229	8,721,615		-
Transfers						(2,279,071)	2,279,071	-		-
Total General Revenues and Transfers						33,391,504	7,410,142	40,801,646		20,670,040
Change in Net Position						6,512,552	20,450,276	26,962,828		(495,367)
Net Position, beginning						184,381,692	230,023,745	414,405,437		565,193
Net Position, ending					\$	190,894,244	\$ 250,474,021	\$ 441,368,265	\$	69,826

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

			Ma	ajor Funds			
					Sitka Community		
					Hospital		
					Dedicated	Nonmajor	То
		General		Permanent	Special	Governmental	Governmen
June 30, 2024		Fund		Fund	•	Funds	
Assets							
Equity in central treasury	\$	12,561,010	\$	-	\$ 3,091,293	\$ 36,154,601	\$ 51,806,90
Receivables:							
Accounts		851,183		-	3,429	500	855,1°
Taxes		5,265,861		-	-	372,574	5,638,43
Allowance for uncollectibles		(399,714)		-	-	-	(399,7)
Interest		1,001,448		-	3,148,140	-	4,149,58
Special assessments		-		-	-	1,924	1,92
Federal and State of Alaska		-		-	-	20,554	20,5
Leases		3,250,076		-	-	-	3,250,0
Due from other funds		3,002,618		-	-	-	3,002,6
Advances to other funds		3,125,552		-	-	2,604,000	5,729,5
Prepaid items		7,280		-	-	-	7,28
Notes receivable		-		_	8,751,860	442,950	9,194,8
Restricted assets:					2,121,222	,,,,	,,,,,,
Cash and investments		_		25,990,986	_	_	25,990,98
Interest receivable		-		83,280	_	-	83,28
Total Assets	Ś	28,665,314	\$		\$ 14,994,722	\$ 39,597,103	\$ 109,331,40
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	and F	und Balance:	5				
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	<i>1</i> 27 777			_		
	,	432,727	\$	5,204	\$ -	\$ 32,598	·
Other current liabilities	·	481,105	\$	5,204 -	\$ - -	\$ 32,598	481,10
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll	,	ŕ	\$	5,204 - -	\$ - - -	\$ 32,598	481,10 955,88
Other current liabilities	·	481,105	\$	5,204 - - -	\$ - - - -	-	481,10
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll	·	481,105 955,883	\$	5,204 - - - -	\$ - - - 3,125,552	-	481,10 955,88
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll Deposits payable		481,105 955,883	\$	5,204 - - - - -	- -	- -	481,10 955,88 33,0
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll Deposits payable Advances from other funds		481,105 955,883 33,073	\$	5,204 - - - - - 5,204	- -	- - -	481,10 955,88 33,03 3,125,55
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll Deposits payable Advances from other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities		481,105 955,883 33,073 - 3,204	\$	- - - -	- - - 3,125,552 -	- - - -	481,10 955,88 33,07 3,125,59 3,20
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll Deposits payable Advances from other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities		481,105 955,883 33,073 - 3,204	\$	- - - -	- - - 3,125,552 -	- - - -	481,10 955,88 33,07 3,125,59 3,20
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll Deposits payable Advances from other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources		481,105 955,883 33,073 - 3,204	\$	- - - -	- - - 3,125,552 -	32,598	481,10 955,88 33,07 3,125,59 3,20 5,069,34
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll Deposits payable Advances from other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred assessments	•	481,105 955,883 33,073 - 3,204 1,905,992	\$	- - - -	- - - 3,125,552 -	32,598	481,10 955,88 33,07 3,125,59 3,20 5,069,34
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll Deposits payable Advances from other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred assessments Prepaid property taxes		481,105 955,883 33,073 - 3,204 1,905,992	\$	- - - -	- - - 3,125,552 -	32,598	481,10 955,88 33,07 3,125,59 3,20 5,069,34
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll Deposits payable Advances from other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred assessments Prepaid property taxes Lease related Deferred notes and interest receivable		481,105 955,883 33,073 - 3,204 1,905,992	\$	- - - -	3,125,552 - 3,125,552 - - - -	32,598	481,10 955,88 33,07 3,125,59 3,20 5,069,34 1,92 100,72 3,164,63
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll Deposits payable Advances from other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred assessments Prepaid property taxes Lease related Deferred notes and interest receivable Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		481,105 955,883 33,073 - 3,204 1,905,992 - 100,721 3,164,637	\$	- - - -	3,125,552 - 3,125,552 - - - - - - 11,900,000	32,598	481,10 955,88 33,07 3,125,59 3,20 5,069,34 1,92 100,77 3,164,63 11,900,00
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll Deposits payable Advances from other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred assessments Prepaid property taxes Lease related Deferred notes and interest receivable Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Fund Balances		481,105 955,883 33,073 - 3,204 1,905,992 - 100,721 3,164,637 - 3,265,358	\$ 	5,204	3,125,552 - 3,125,552 - - - - - - 11,900,000	32,598 1,924 - - - 1,924	481,10 955,88 33,07 3,125,59 3,20 5,069,34 1,92 100,77 3,164,63 11,900,00
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll Deposits payable Advances from other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred assessments Prepaid property taxes Lease related Deferred notes and interest receivable Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Fund Balances Nonspendable		481,105 955,883 33,073 - 3,204 1,905,992 - 100,721 3,164,637	\$	5,204	3,125,552 - 3,125,552 - - - - - - 11,900,000	32,598 1,924 - - 1,924 3,046,950	481,10 955,88 33,07 3,125,59 3,20 5,069,34 1,92 100,72 3,164,63 11,900,00 15,167,28
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll Deposits payable Advances from other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred assessments Prepaid property taxes Lease related Deferred notes and interest receivable Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted		481,105 955,883 33,073 - 3,204 1,905,992 - 100,721 3,164,637 - 3,265,358 3,132,832	\$	5,204	3,125,552 - 3,125,552 - 11,900,000 11,900,000	32,598 1,924 - 1,924 3,046,950 9,493,601	481,10 955,88 33,07 3,125,58 3,20 5,069,34 1,92 100,72 3,164,63 11,900,00 15,167,28 31,207,66 10,534,83
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll Deposits payable Advances from other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred assessments Prepaid property taxes Lease related Deferred notes and interest receivable Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed		481,105 955,883 33,073 - 3,204 1,905,992 - 100,721 3,164,637 - 3,265,358	\$ 	5,204	3,125,552 - 3,125,552 - - - - - - 11,900,000	32,598 1,924 - - 1,924 3,046,950 9,493,601 24,140,000	481,10 955,88 33,07 3,125,58 3,20 5,069,34 1,92 100,72 3,164,63 11,900,00 15,167,28 31,207,66 10,534,83 40,792,56
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll Deposits payable Advances from other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred assessments Prepaid property taxes Lease related Deferred notes and interest receivable Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned		481,105 955,883 33,073 - 3,204 1,905,992 - 100,721 3,164,637 - 3,265,358 3,132,832 - 12,504,622	\$	5,204	3,125,552 3,125,552 - 3,125,552 - 11,900,000 11,900,000 - 4,147,944 -	32,598 1,924 - - 1,924 3,046,950 9,493,601 24,140,000 2,882,030	481,10 955,88 33,07 3,125,59 3,20 5,069,34 1,97 3,164,63 11,900,00 15,167,28 31,207,63 10,534,83 40,792,56 2,882,03
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll Deposits payable Advances from other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred assessments Prepaid property taxes Lease related Deferred notes and interest receivable Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned (deficit)		481,105 955,883 33,073 - 3,204 1,905,992 - 100,721 3,164,637 - 3,265,358 3,132,832 - 12,504,622 - 7,856,510	\$	5,204 5,204 - - - - 25,027,829 1,041,233 - -	- 3,125,552 - 3,125,552 - 3,125,552 - - 11,900,000 - - - 4,147,944 - (4,178,774)	32,598 1,924 - 1,924 3,046,950 9,493,601 24,140,000 2,882,030	481,10 955,88 33,07 3,125,58 3,20 5,069,34 1,97 3,164,63 11,900,00 15,167,28 31,207,66 10,534,83 40,792,56 2,882,03 3,677,73
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll Deposits payable Advances from other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred assessments Prepaid property taxes Lease related Deferred notes and interest receivable Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned (deficit) Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		481,105 955,883 33,073 - 3,204 1,905,992 - 100,721 3,164,637 - 3,265,358 3,132,832 - 12,504,622	\$	5,204	3,125,552 3,125,552 - 3,125,552 - 11,900,000 11,900,000 - 4,147,944 -	32,598 1,924 - - 1,924 3,046,950 9,493,601 24,140,000 2,882,030	481,10 955,88 33,07 3,125,59 3,20 5,069,34 1,97 3,164,63 11,900,00 15,167,28 31,207,63 10,534,83 40,792,56 2,882,03
Other current liabilities Accrued payroll Deposits payable Advances from other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred assessments Prepaid property taxes Lease related Deferred notes and interest receivable Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned	· ·	481,105 955,883 33,073 - 3,204 1,905,992 - 100,721 3,164,637 - 3,265,358 3,132,832 - 12,504,622 - 7,856,510		5,204 5,204 - - 25,027,829 1,041,233 - - - 26,069,062	- 3,125,552 - 3,125,552 - 3,125,552 - - 11,900,000 - - - 4,147,944 - (4,178,774)	32,598 1,924 - 1,924 3,046,950 9,493,601 24,140,000 2,882,030 - 39,562,581	481,10 955,88 33,07 3,125,58 3,20 5,069,34 1,97 3,164,63 11,900,00 15,167,28 31,207,66 10,534,83 40,792,56 2,882,03 3,677,73

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024		
Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 89,094,777
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets, net of accumulated depreciation, consist of:		
Land Construction in progress	\$ 11,230,911 1,946,792	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	13,177,703	
Buildings Land improvements Infrastructure Equipment Right-to-use leased equipment	140,282,054 11,037,203 55,914,162 6,434,401 23,766	
Right-to-use leased space Accumulated depreciation	33,336 (125,407,532)	
Total depreciable capital assets, net of depreciation	88,317,390	101,495,093
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. These assets consist of net OPEB assets of \$6,052,813 prepaid property taxes of \$100,721, and special assessments receivable of \$1,924		5,115,913
Bond refundings may result in deferred charges. These items are treated as expenditures in the funds but deferred in the Statement of Net Position and amortized in the Statement of Activities.		99,079
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as fund liabilities. These liabilities consist of: Bonds and State of Alaska note Unamortized bond premium Net pension liability Leases and SBITAs payable Accrued interest payable Compensated absences	(4,800,197) (513,320) (10,701,390) (44,018) (34,840) (1,051,552)	
Total long-term liabilities		(17,145,317)
Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and other OPEB benefits are applicable to future periods and therefore are not reported in the funds. Deferred inflows related to pensions	-	
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits	(294,589) 2,073,694 413,672	
Total deferred pension and other postemployment items		2,192,777
Internal service funds are used by the Borough to charge the cost of certain activities, such as information systems, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of		
Net Position. This is the residual equity not reported above.		10,041,922
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 190,894,244

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

		Major Funds			
-		-	Sitka Community Hospital		
			Dedicated	Nonmajor	Total
	General	Permanent	Special Revenue	Governmental	
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues					
Taxes:					
Commercial passenger excise tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,698,671	\$ 2,698,671
Real and personal property	7,435,553	-	-	-	7,435,553
Sales and bed	18,688,712	-	-	780,796	19,469,508
Tobacco and marijuana	-	-	778,060	327,504	1,105,564
State sources	701,515	-	-	1,526,331	2,227,846
Federal sources	2,946,453	-	-	24,684	2,971,137
Charges for services	2,160,370	-	-	-	2,160,370
Interfund services	2,902,413	-	-	-	2,902,413
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	35,633	-	-	-	35,633
Investment income	720,289	2,646,706	97,794	793,264	4,258,053
Uses of property	669,208	-	-	-	669,208
Licenses and permits	1,012,784	-	800	-	1,013,584
Hospital sale	-	-	700,000	-	700,000
Other	62,020	-	64,085	50,526	176,631
Total Revenues	37,334,950	2,646,706	1,640,739	6,201,776	47,824,171
Expenditures					
Current:					
Administration	8,621,351	30,524	-	-	8,651,875
Public safety	7,011,918	-	-	18,250	7,030,168
Public works	4,766,276	-	-	19	4,766,295
Public services	2,148,834	-	1,282,721	880,063	4,311,618
Education	8,527,498	-	-	-	8,527,498
Debt service:					
Principal	22,310	-	-	2,075,000	2,097,310
Interest	2,888	-	-	221,011	223,899
Lease assets	15,643	-	-	-	15,643
Capital outlay	90,585	-	-	486,671	577,256
Total Expenditures	31,207,303	30,524	1,282,721	3,681,014	36,201,562
Excess of Revenues Over					
Expenditures	6,127,647	2,616,182	358,018	2,520,762	11,622,609
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers of captial assets	-	-	-	(46,702)	(46,702)
Transfers in	7,959,585	-	-	11,595,207	19,554,792
Transfers out	(11,633,939)	(1,110,886)	-	(8,634,821)	(21,379,646)
Lease assets	23,766	-	-	-	23,766
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,650,588)	(1,110,886)	-	2,913,684	(1,847,790)
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,477,059	1,505,296	358,018	5,434,446	9,774,819
Fund Balances (Deficit), beginning	21,016,905	24,563,766	(388,848)	34,128,135	79,319,958
Fund Balances (Deficit), ending	\$ 23,493,964	\$ 26,069,062	\$ (30,830)	\$ 39,562,581	\$ 89,094,777

Reconciliation of Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	!	\$ 9,774,819
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the		
Statement of Activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However		
on the Statement of Activities, depreciation expense is recognized		
to allocate the cost of these items over their estimated useful lives.		
Capital outlay	\$ 592,899	
Miscellaneous capital asset activities (disposals, etc.)	(39,797)	
Depreciation	(6,784,214)	
		(6,231,112)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Decrease in deferred special assessments receivable	(1,873)	
		(1,873)
Debt refundings are reported in revenue and expenditures at the time of the		
transaction in the fund financial statements. Economic gains or losses are		
deferred and amortized on the Statement of Net Position and the Statement		
of Activities. This is the decrease in deferred charge on bonds.		(68,674)
The issuance of long-term debt (bonds, notes payable, lease assets) provides		
current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the		
principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources		
of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect		
on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of bond		
premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued,		
whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of		
Activities.		
Repayment of principal on bonds and notes	2,097,310	
Decrease in unamortized bond premium	102,130	
		2,199,440
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not		
require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are		
not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Decrease in accrued interest payable	6,495	
Increase in compensated absences	(367,985)	
		(361,490)
Changes related to net pension liability, net OPEB asset, and related deferred		
outflows and deferred inflows can increase or decrease net position.		
Pension related increase	(12,408)	
OPEB related increase	770,775	
		758,367
Internal service funds are used by the Borough to charge the cost		
of certain activities, such as information systems, to individual funds.		
A portion of the net income of these activities is reported with		
governmental activities.	_	443,075
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 6,512,552
	_	

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position

	Major	Enterprise Funds			Nonmajor	Total	Intorna
Electric		Solid Waste			-		Interna Service
Utility	Water	Disposal	Wastewater	Harbors	Funds	Funds	Fund
\$ 29,036,744	\$ 8,686,327 \$	2,758,671 \$	9,204,393 \$	12,699,584 \$	9,993,023	\$ 72,378,742	\$ 8,965,824
4 0 44 0 50	474 227	222 224	244 724	054.004	FF //F	2 275 274	
	•	•	,	•	55,665		-
, , ,	, , ,	(96,550)	(57,119)		- 9 172 402	, ,	-
242,002	304,004	-	-	901,796	0,172,093	9,702,037	-
69 398	_	_	_	_	275 780	3⊿5 178	_
07,370		_	3 480	_	273,700	•	_
2.007.087	269.012	_	-	_	_	•	_
, ,	•	-	-	-	-		23,918
		2 005 412	0 499 290	12 995 600	19 407 161		
32,443,327	9,4/3,/10	2,995,412	9,400,209	13,003,099	10,497,101	66,763,606	8,989,742
					2 794 906	2 704 904	
- 151 220	100	0 650	<u>-</u>	-	3,704,090	, ,	
•	100	9,039	_	961 780	375 705		
	200 574	106 277		-	-	-	606,909
	200,57 -	100,277			-	-	-
-	-	-	17,463	-	-	·	-
_	-	-	-	-	_	•	_
23,483	23,483	-	-	-	-	•	-
,	,					,	
312,450,369	64,927,974	10,697,042	70,385,579	53,650,709	29,780,895	541,892,568	14,593,075
920,262	263,800	1,036,481	1,806,866	524,504	15,123,909	19,675,822	73,060
(122,890,278)	(25,417,132)	(3,719,908)	(45,895,563)	(24,922,267)	(12,144,634)	(234,989,782)	(11,045,578
190,480,353	39,774,642	8,013,615	26,296,882	29,252,946	32,760,170	326,578,608	3,620,557
201,550,985	39,998,799	8,129,551	26,733,723	30,666,651	39,284,884	346,364,593	4,227,466
233,994,512	49,472,517	11,124,963	36,222,012	44,552,350	57,782,045	433,148,399	13,217,208
2 884 393	_	_	-	_	-	2.884.393	-
	14.365	7.612	29.073	32.366	2.381	·	43,466
730,094	82,966	43,960	167,909	186,935	13,752	1,225,616	251,043
3,740,901	97,331	51,572	196,982	219,301	16,133	4,322,220	294,509
\$ 237,735,413	\$ 49,569,848 \$	11,176,535 \$	36,418,994 \$	44,771,651 \$	57,798,178		\$ 13,511,717
	\$ 29,036,744 1,246,958 (164,675) 242,882 69,398 2,007,087 5,133 32,443,527 	Electric Utility Water \$ 29,036,744 \$ 8,686,327 \$ 1,246,958 176,337 (164,675) (45,995) 242,882 384,684 69,398	Electric Utility Water Solid Waste Disposal \$ 29,036,744 \$ 8,686,327 \$ 2,758,671 \$ 1,246,958 176,337 333,291 (164,675) (45,995) (96,550) 242,882 384,684	\$ 29,036,744 \$ 8,686,327 \$ 2,758,671 \$ 9,204,393 \$ 1,246,958 176,337 333,291 211,726 (164,675) (45,995) (96,550) (57,119) 242,882 384,684	Electric Utility Water Solid Waste Disposal Wastewater Harbors	Electric Utility Water Solid Waste Disposal Wastewater Harbors Nonmajor Enterprise Funds \$ 29,036,744 \$ 8,686,327 \$ 2,758,671 \$ 9,204,393 \$ 12,699,584 \$ 9,993,023 1,246,958 176,337 333,291 211,726 851,294 55,665 (164,675) (45,995) (96,550) (57,119) (566,977) 57,693 242,882 384,684 - - 901,798 8,172,693 69,398 - - 3,480 - 275,780 2,007,087 269,012 - 125,809 - - 32,443,527 9,473,718 2,995,412 9,488,289 13,885,699 18,497,161 - - - - - 37,784,896 151,220 100 9,659 - - - 2,330,867 1,765,043 200,574 106,277 405,930 451,925 33,246 1,493,395 - - 17,463 - 2,330,867	Electric Utility

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position, continued

		Ma	jor Enterprise Fu	nds					
	Electric		Solid Waste				Nonmajor Enterprise	Total Enterprise	Interna Service
June 30, 2024	Utility	Water		Wastewat	er	Harbors	Funds	Funds	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position									
Current Liabilities									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 689,039	. ,	. ,	. ,	-	205,546 \$	3,308,295		\$ 76,454
Unearned revenue	50,823	8,751	13,126	10,71		56,113	-	139,524	-
Interest payable	287,486	548,255	-	129,89	7	142,754	68,959	1,177,351	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-		-	-	3,002,618	3,002,618	-
Current portion:									
Revenue bonds	3,370,000	-	-		_	500,000	170,000	4,040,000	-
Notes payable	137,245	484,041	115,798	971,21	7	45,348	-	1,753,649	-
Leases payable	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	8,452
Subscription IT liabilities	7,819	-	4 500	22.52	-	-	4 500	7,819	23,803
Compensated absences	230,702	59,806	1,580	23,52	9	61,402	1,500	378,519	59,634
Total Current Liabilities	4,773,114	2,058,278	733,310	1,599,45	7	1,011,163	6,551,372	16,726,694	168,343
Noncurrent Liabilities									
Advances from other funds	-	-	2,604,000		-	-	-	2,604,000	-
Bonds, notes, and unamortized bond premiums	110,877,698	20,676,232	463,189	13,507,11	9	9,092,358	3,329,426	157,946,022	-
Payable from restricted assets - deposits	151,220	100	9,659		-	-	-	160,979	-
Compensated absences	128,814	33,934	-		-	43,338	1,050	207,136	44,955
Net pension liability	3,767,686	428,149	226,860	866,50	3	964,686	70,967	6,324,851	1,295,516
Landfill post-closure liability	-	<u>-</u>	649,296		-	-	-	649,296	-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	114,925,418	21,138,415	3,953,004	14,373,62	2	10,100,382	3,401,443	167,892,284	1,340,471
Total Liabilities	119,698,532	23,196,693	4,686,314	15,973,07	9	11,111,545	9,952,815	184,618,978	1,508,814
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Deferred charge on refunding	-	-	-		-	61,631	-	61,631	-
Lease related	1,519,704	-	-		-	-	2,580,997	4,100,701	-
OPEB related	87,150	9,904	5,248	20,04	3	22,314	1,642	146,301	29,968
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,606,854	9,904	5,248	20,04	3	83,945	2,582,639	4,308,633	29,968
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets	86,231,055	17,677,218	7,329,994	11,386,93	1	20,342,975	30,123,840	173,092,013	3,588,302
Restricted for OPEB asset	1,765,043	200,574	106,277	405,93	0	451,925	33,246	2,962,995	606,909
Unrestricted	28,433,929	8,485,459	(951,298)	8,633,01	1	12,781,261	15,105,638	72,488,000	7,777,724
Total Net Position	116,430,027	26,363,251	6,484,973	20,425,87	2	33,576,161	45,262,724	248,543,008	11,972,935
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows									
of Resources and Net Position	\$ 237,735,413	\$ 49,569,848	\$ 11,176,535	\$ 36,418,99	4 \$	44,771,651 \$	57,798,178	_	\$ 13,511,717
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fundament	d activities related	to enterprise fun	ods					1,931,013	
Net Position of Business-Type Activities								\$ 250,474,021	

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

		Major	Enterprise Fund	<u> </u>				
For the fiscal year anded June 20, 2024	Electric		Solid Waste Disposal	Wastewater	Harbors	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024	Othic	water	Disposat	wastewater	Tiai boi s	1 unus	Tulius	Tulius
Operating Revenues Charges for service Other operating revenues	\$ 20,892,649 633,092	\$ 3,592,906 56,202	\$ 5,829,491 345,877	\$ 4,354,463 163,952	\$ 3,488,315 29,701	\$ 1,336,437 \$ 13,821	39,494,261 1,242,645	\$ 5,598,836 31,732
Total Operating Revenues	21,525,741	3,649,108	6,175,368	4,518,415	3,518,016	1,350,258	40,736,906	5,630,568
Operating Expenses Wages and benefits Travel and training Utilities and supplies Repair and maintenance Contracted/purchased services Interdepartmental services Insurance Other Depreciation and amortization	4,430,601 10,964 591,102 243,378 1,134,669 1,381,849 1,347,001 1,120,259 5,767,183	520,570 7,294 281,889 88,320 35,452 474,317 116,676 95,859 2,090,339	219,933 1,598 63,791 362 3,668,009 466,780 8,647 464,542 208,274	821,438 2,879 375,454 132,701 74,114 492,681 84,655 313,444 1,324,521	1,169,403 11,211 709,058 92,532 108,342 490,191 135,856 146,293 1,730,742	95,676 - 184,360 136,404 205,023 241,071 73,306 6,025 613,818	7,257,621 33,946 2,205,654 693,697 5,225,609 3,546,889 1,766,141 2,146,422 11,734,877	1,349,407 4,770 735,392 486,908 582,618 343,565 158,889 39,305 810,934
Total Operating Expenses	16,027,006	3,710,716	5,101,936	3,621,887	4,593,628	1,555,683	34,610,856	4,511,788
Income (Loss) from Operations	5,498,735	(61,608)	1,073,432	896,528	(1,075,612)	(205,425)	6,126,050	1,118,780
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Investment income Interest expense Raw fish tax State pension relief Other federal sources	1,442,063 (3,138,076) - 42,549 2,000,000	375,952 (322,358) - 4,836 -	143,166 (10,441) - 2,562 -	487,119 (192,917) - 9,785 -	768,202 (330,841) 887,842 10,892	851,432 (146,976) - 802 -	4,067,934 (4,141,609) 887,842 71,426 2,000,000	395,630 (1,721) - 14,630 -
Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	346,536	58,430	135,287	303,987	1,336,095	705,258	2,885,593	408,539
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	5,845,271	(3,178)	1,208,719	1,200,515	260,483	499,833	9,011,643	1,527,319
Capital contributions Transfers of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out	- - 201,595 (17,500		- - 862,500 (155,840)	- - - -	133,774 (4,869,072) 189,332 (113,104)	8,349,059 4,915,774 1,298,571 (33,185)	8,482,833 46,702 2,551,998 (319,629)	- 542,985 (950,500)
Change in Net Position	6,029,366	(3,178)	1,915,379	1,200,515	(4,398,587)	15,030,052	19,726,845	1,119,804
Net Position, beginning	110,400,661	26,366,429	4,569,594	19,225,357	37,974,748	30,232,672	_	10,853,131
Net Position, ending	\$ 116,430,027	\$ 26,363,251	\$ 6,484,973	\$ 20,425,872	\$ 33,576,161	\$ 45,262,724	•	\$ 11,972,935
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of	f internal service f	und activities related	d to enterprise fu	nds			676,729	
Change in Net Position of Business-type	Activities					(5 20,403,574	

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows

		Majo	r Enterprise Fu	ınds				
			Solid			Nonmajor	Total	Internal
	Electric		Waste			Enterprise	Enterprise	Service
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024	Utility	Water	Disposal	Wastewater	Harbors	Funds	Funds	Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities								
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 21,298,052	\$ 3,646,491	\$ 6,137,905	\$ 4,507,187	3,995,625	\$ 1,336,687	\$ 40,921,947	\$ 5,630,568
Payments to suppliers	(4,456,921)	(650,251)	(4,213,892)	(996,197)	(1,195,520)	(597,475)	(12,110,256)	(2,113,534)
Payments for interfund services used	(1,381,849)	(474,317)	(466,780)	(492,681)	(490,191)	(241,071)	(3,546,889)	(343,565)
Payments to employees	(4,613,191)	(481,051)	(235,223)	(972,618)	(1,248,949)	(70,698)	(7,621,730)	(1,361,338)
Net cash flows from operating activities	10,846,091	2,040,872	1,222,010	2,045,691	1,060,965	427,443	17,643,072	1,812,131
Cash Flows from (for) Noncapital Financing Activities								
Other federal sources	2,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	2,000,000	-
Raw fish tax received	-	-	-	-	887,842	-	887,842	-
Increase in due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	3,002,618	3,002,618	-
Transfers in	201,595	-	862,500	-	189,332	5,273	1,258,700	542,985
Transfers out	(17,500)	-	(155,840)	-	(113,104)	(33,185)	(319,629)	(950,500)
Notes and assessments receivable payments	-	-	-	8,505	-	131	8,636	-
Net cash flows from (for) noncapital financing activities	2,184,095	-	706,660	8,505	964,070	2,974,837	6,838,167	(407,515)
Cash Flows from (for) Capital and Related Financing Act	civities							
Capital outlay	(1,662,595)	(629,398)	(1,764,065)	(1,215,036)	(977,890)	(7,668,299)	(13,917,283)	(627,161)
Interest paid	(2,864,198)	(143,326)	(10,441)	(528,792)	(370,651)	(174,268)	(4,091,676)	(1,721)
Payments on bonds, notes, leases, and software assets	(3,926,312)	(483,399)	(115,798)	(969,936)	(530,348)	(142,146)	(6,167,939)	(55,344)
Government grants and loans	3,066,945	536,846	-	68	(314,871)	1,605,194	4,894,182	-
Receipts (repayment) of advances	-	-	(93,000)	-		-	(93,000)	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	1,293,298	1,293,298	-
Net cash flows (for) capital and related financing activities	(5,386,160)	(719,277)	(1,983,304)	(2,713,696)	(2,193,760)	(5,086,221)	(18,082,418)	(684,226)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities								
Interest received	1,442,063	375,952	143,166	487,119	674,946	800,569	3,923,815	395,630
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	9,086,089	1,697,547	88,532	(172,381)	506,221	(883,372)	10,322,636	1,116,020
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning	20,101,875	6,988,880	2,679,798	9,376,774	12,193,363	14,661,291	66,001,981	7,849,804
Cash and Cash Equivalents, ending	\$ 29,187,964	\$ 8,686,427	\$ 2,768,330	\$ 9,204,393	12,699,584	\$ 13,777,919	\$ 76,324,617	\$ 8,965,824

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows, continued

			Maj	jor E	Enterprise Fu	ınd	s							
					Solid						Nonmajor		Total	Internal
		tric			Waste						Enterprise		Enterprise	Service
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024	U	lity	Water		Disposal	W	astewater		Harbors		Funds		Funds	Funds
Reconciliation of Income (Loss) from Operations to Net														
Cash Flows from Operating Activities														
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 5,498,	35	\$ (61,608)	\$	1,073,432	\$	896,528	\$	(1,075,612)	\$	(205,425)	\$	6,126,050	\$ 1,118,780
Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from														
operations to net cash flows from operating activities:														
Depreciation and amortization	5,767,	83	2,090,339		208,274		1,324,521		1,730,742		613,818		11,734,877	810,934
State pension relief	42,	49	4,836		2,562		9,785		10,892		802		71,426	14,630
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows of re	sources:													
Accounts receivable (net)	(191,	(67)	(1,835)		(33,909)		(10,683)		470,781		10,691		243,978	-
Inventory	(246,	' 84)	(9,046)		-		2,123		-		-		(253,707)	-
Prepaid expenses	(5,	33)	(3,353)		-		-		-		-		(8,486)	63,389
Leases receivable	68,	25	-		-		-		-		(2,528,620)		(2,460,595)	-
Net OPEB asset	(139,	40)	(35,692)		(20,576)		(5,696)		(87,968)		(33,246)		(322,818)	(109,818)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	33,	' 64	1,884		834		10,369		3,501		(2,381)		47,971	5,520
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	42,	39	(4,610)		(3,232)		22,292		(13,973)		(13,752)		29,064	(14,811)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of	resources:													
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	242,	69	(12,362)		8,471		(15,073)		7,772		7,643		238,820	(169,041)
Compensated absences	144,	'02	57,157		(7,585)		(49,853)		(47,245)		2,550		99,726	39,648
Unearned revenue	(10,	99)	(782)		(2,503)		(545)		6,828		-		(7,201)	-
Net pension liability	(244,	93)	21,181		15,329		(121,367)		66,355		70,967		(191,728)	68,579
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(62,	11)	(5,237)		(2,622)		(16,710)		(11,108)		1,642		(96,146)	(15,679)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		-	-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	(81,)51)	-		-		-		-		2,504,358		2,423,307	-
Deposits	(13,	97)	-		(1,051)		-		-		-		(14,448)	-
Landfill post-closure liability		-	-		(15,414)		-		-		-		(15,414)	-
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$ 10,846,	91 !	\$ 2,040,872	\$	1,222,010	\$	2,045,691	\$	1,060,965	\$	429,047	\$	17,644,676	\$ 1,812,131
Cash on Statement of Net Position														
Equity in central treasury	\$ 29,036,	'44 ⁽	\$ 8,686,327	\$	2,758,671	\$	9,204,393	ς	12,699,584	ς	9,993,023	ς	72,378,742	\$ 8,965,824
Restricted for capital asset acquisition	Ţ 2 7,030,	-	-	٠	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ب	-,207,373	ų	12,077,307	Y	3,784,896	Y	3,784,896	
Deposits	151,	20	100		9,659		-		-		3,70 7 ,070 -		160,979	_
Cash and Cash Equivalents, ending	\$ 29,187,		\$ 8,686,427	\$	2,768,330	\$	9,204,393	\$	12,699,584	\$	13,777,919	\$	76,324,617	\$ 8,965,824
Capital expenditures included in accounts payable		20		\$	104,634	·	431,615		172,414		3,297,505	Ś	5,321,739	

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Priv	ate-purpose	Custodial Fund
	Cemetery	
	Trust Fund	Fund
\$	231,629	\$ 103,516
\$	231,629	\$ 103,516
<u> </u>	231,629	\$ 103,516
	\$	\$ 231,629 \$ 231,629

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

	Priv	Private-purpose		Custodial Fund		
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024		Rowe Trust Fund		Cemetery Fund		
Additions - investment income	\$	11,531	\$	5,153		
Net Increase in Fiduciary Net Position		11,531		5,153		
Net Position, beginning		220,097		98,363		
Net Position, ending	\$	231,628	\$	103,516		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The City and Borough of Sitka, Alaska (City and Borough) is governed by an elected assembly under a home rule charter. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, an entity for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. The City and Borough has no blended component units.

Discretely presented component unit. The Sitka School District (School District) is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the government's jurisdiction. The members of the School District's governing board are elected by the voters. However, the School District is fiscally dependent upon the City and Borough because the City and Borough's Assembly approves appropriations of operating support from real and personal property tax assessments and other sources. The funds are used for the operation of the school system. The City and Borough is also responsible for repayment of all bonds, the proceeds of which were used for school construction.

Complete financial statements of the individual component unit may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices.

Sitka School District P.O. Box 179 Sitka, Alaska 99835

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from its legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims, judgments, and pension and other postemployment benefits are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, charges for services, interest and grant revenue associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when received by the government.

The City and Borough reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City and Borough's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Permanent Fund* was established by a vote of the people of Sitka. The principal of the fund cannot be used other than by the consent of the voters. The purpose of the fund is to provide operating income to the General Fund through the transfer of investment earnings.

The Sitka Community Hospital Dedicated Special Revenue Fund accounts for tobacco excise tax and any residual activity related to the closure of the Sitka Community Hospital.

The City and Borough reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Electric Utility Enterprise Fund* records the activities of the City and Borough's electric generation and distribution activities.

The Water Enterprise Fund records the activities of the City and Borough's water distribution and treatment activities.

The Solid Waste Disposal Enterprise Fund records the activities of the City and Borough's solid waste collection and disposal activities.

The Wastewater Enterprise Fund records the activities of the City and Borough's wastewater collection and treatment activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Harbors Enterprise Fund records the activities of the City and Borough's harbor system.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for information technology systems, central garage and building maintenance services provided to other departments of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

The Rowe Trust Fund is used to account for resources legally held in trust for use by the Library Board to purchase children's books and computer equipment to increase children's enjoyment of reading.

The *Cemetery Custodial Fund* is used to account for resources held for the Sitka Cemetery Association.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the various proprietary funds and the General Fund for administrative and other services. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses form nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City and Borough's enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, Fund Balance, and Net Position

Deposits and Investments - Equity in central treasury represents a fund's equity in cash and investments of the central treasury of the City and Borough. For funds with a negative equity in central treasury, the amount is shown as an interfund payable to the General Fund. Interest income on central treasury investments is allocated monthly to participating funds based on their average monthly balance. Interest on investments held by the Permanent Fund is recognized only in the Permanent Fund and, due to differing asset allocations, returns may vary significantly.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary funds, the City and Borough has defined cash and cash equivalents as the equity maintained in the central treasury since the various funds use the central treasury essentially as a demand deposit account.

Sitka General Code 4.28.060 authorizes the City and Borough to invest in the following securities:

- 1. United States government obligations, United States government agency obligations, and United States government instrumentality obligations, which have a liquid market with a readily determinable market value;
- 2. Certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposits at financial institutions, bankers' acceptances, and commercial paper, rated in the highest tier by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- 3. Investment-grade obligations of state and local governments and public authorities;
- 4. Repurchase agreements whose underlying purchased securities consist of United States Treasury securities;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

- 5. Money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and whose portfolios consist only of dollar-denominated securities;
- 6. Local government investment pools, either state-administered or through joint powers statutes and other intergovernmental agreement legislation.

In addition, Sitka General Code 4.28.110 allows the Permanent Fund to invest in mutual funds which are invested in corporate equity securities.

Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. All of the City and Borough's investments have established market values. As a result, fair value and market value are the same.

Receivables and Payables - Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts in the government-wide statement of net position. Trade accounts receivable of the primary government in excess of 120 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Property Tax - is considered an enforceable lien at the January 1 assessment date. Mill levies are set prior to June 30 to finance the period July 1 through June 30 of the following year. Receivables are recognized and revenues are recorded when the taxpayer liability is calculated and billed on July 1. Property tax bills are due 60 days after billing date, which normally makes them due August 30. A limit on property tax of six tenths of one percent (.006) of the assessed valuation of property is currently in effect. Levying of property tax in excess of the limit is allowed only if ratified by a majority of the voters.

Inventory and Prepaid Items - Inventories are valued at cost using the average cost method. Enterprise Fund inventories consist of items used in maintaining and upgrading the electric, water and wastewater systems. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures or expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted Assets - Certain resources set aside for the repayment of the Electric, Harbor, and Airport Terminal Funds revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Additionally, unspent bond proceeds are restricted based on the purpose of the bonds. Restricted assets that were funded with bond proceeds are not presented in restricted net position, but netted against the corresponding liability in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

Deposits are taken in the Electric and Solid Waste Funds. The amount is restricted in use as it is a deposit against an open account and is returned to a customer after a year when an account is in good standing.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Permanent Fund assets are classified as restricted due to the statutory limitations placed on the fund by the Sitka General Code.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 or in the case of infrastructure, \$10,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction at the acquisition date.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Dight to use lessed equipment lesses are a sud-sub-suisting costs	2.20
Right-to-use leased equipment, lease space, and subscription assets	3-20
Utility plant in service	25-65
Buildings	20-50
Equipment	3-20
Land improvements	15-50
Infrastructure	5-40
Harbor	7-40

Compensated Absences - It is the City and Borough's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. It is the government's policy to pay any amounts for unused sick leave when employees separate from service with the City and Borough at \$1 per hour of unused sick leave. All vacation pay and sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured.

Long-Term Obligations - In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective method. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - Deferred outflow of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflow of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. Deferred outflows of resources consist of deferred charges on debt refunding as well as certain pension and OPEB related accounts. Deferred inflows of resources consist of long-term payments not yet due, payments on assets leased out by the City and Borough but not yet due, prepaid property taxes, and certain pension and OPEB related accounts.

Estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - For purposes of measuring the net pension and net OPEB liabilities and assets, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance and Fund Balance Flow Assumption - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balance based on constraints imposed on the use of these resources.

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent due to either being (a) not in spendable form - prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance includes resources with constraints imposed by either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal ordinances of the Assembly on or before the end of the fiscal year. Assembly action taken after the end of the fiscal year results in an assigned (see below) amount. Those committed resources cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Assembly removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance reflects the resources constrained by an "intent" to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The Assembly or Finance Director has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts - except negative balances - reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed. The General Fund assigned resources are constrained by either an Assembly resolution or ordinance adopted after the fiscal year end or by the Finance Director.

Unassigned fund balance resources are the residual classification for resources not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned in the General Fund. It is also used to report a

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

negative balance in other governmental funds when the totals of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned are greater than the fund balance of the governmental fund.

When both constrained and unconstrained resources are available for use, it is the City and Borough's policy to use funds from the strongest constraint first with the least constrained funds used last. The order of priority in the use of assets is nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and then unassigned.

Net Position and Net Position Flow Assumption - Net position (deficit) represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows less liabilities and deferred inflows.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the expended and outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position is net position reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted net position (deficit) is all net position (deficit) that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis plus encumbrances and capital additions for all funds. The Capital Projects Fund adopts individual project-length budgets and many special revenue funds are controlled by grant agreements which may include more than one fiscal year. Appropriations lapse at year-end to the extent they have not been expended or encumbered except for capital items and the Capital Project Funds, which lapse at project completion, or when the capital item is acquired, or if the project is abandoned. Special revenue fund appropriations lapse when the terms of the grant have been met and all authorized expenditures have been made; otherwise, special revenue fund appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. There are fifteen special revenue funds that adopt annual budgets.

No later than sixty days before the end of the current fiscal year, the City and Borough Administrator presents to the City and Borough Assembly a proposed operating budget for the next fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the projected means to finance them. Public hearings are conducted not less than one week before the final adoption of the budget to obtain taxpayer comments. No later than June 20th of the current fiscal year, the budget is legally adopted by ordinance of the City and Borough Assembly.

Annual budgeted operating expenditures are adopted at the fund level for all funds. The level at which operating expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations is the fund level for the General Fund, Enterprise, and Internal Service Funds. Amounts appropriated for salaries and benefits, travel and the acquisition of capital assets may not be exceeded at the fund level. The City and Borough Assembly must approve increases and decreases to these budget line items even if the legal level of budget authority is the fund level. Capital appropriations are made at the project level and capital expenditures cannot exceed project-level appropriations. Capital appropriations do not lapse until a project is complete, in addition to the new appropriations for FY2024, over \$47,500,000 in open appropriations from prior years remain. Appropriations for depreciation/amortization are

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

not required, however estimates for depreciation/amortization are included in the budget. In addition, while budgeted, transfers between funds are not considered legal appropriations, as they are not an obligation external to the municipality. Special revenue funds do not incur personnel costs. Finally, leased assets are budgeted as an expenditure, but are recorded under equipment acquisition to comply with GASB 87. Thus, while a fund may appear to have exceeded legal appropriations, when leased asset, depreciation and transfers are considered, no major fund exceeded its legal appropriations in FY2024.

Fund-level expenditures for the General Fund:

For the fiscal	'year ended	1 June 30,
----------------	-------------	------------

2024	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Personnel	\$ 16,360,338	\$ 16,235,338	\$ 13,236,155	\$ 2,999,183
Travel and Training	388,375	391,738	209,921	181,817
Other	17,130,186	18,590,295	17,737,461	852,834
Total Expenditures	33,878,899	35,217,371	31,183,537	\$ 4,033,834
Transfers between funds	8,721,249	12,871,249	11,633,939	1,237,310
Total expenditures and transfers	\$ 42,600,148	\$ 48,088,620	\$ 42,817,476	\$ 5,271,144

The City and Borough Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within a department or fund depending on the legal level of control. The City and Borough Assembly is authorized to transfer unencumbered balances between departments and between funds. The annual budget is amended as required by the City and Borough Assembly through the passage of supplemental appropriation ordinances.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as constraints of fund balance only to the extent they meet the criteria as outlined above.

The operating budget for the School District is approved by its board. The School District budget is not approved by the Assembly. However, the Assembly determines the amount of funding to be made available from local sources for school purposes during its budget approval process.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

3. Deposits and Investments

As of June 30, 2024, the City and Borough had the following investments:

Investment Type	Credit Rating	Fair Value
Investments subject to custodial credit risk:		
Corporate securities	AAA to A-	\$ 1,819,415
Certificates of deposit	Unrated or P1	6,391,689
U.S. Treasury securities	AA+	80,983,346
External investment pool	Unrated	15,312,130
Exchange traded funds	Unrated	16,919,080
U.S. agency securities	AA+	19,053,819
Money market Funds	Unrated	10,236,288
Total Fair Value of Investments subject to		
Custodial Credit Risk		\$ 150,715,767

Interest Rate Risk

The City and Borough does have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The pooled investments cannot have a weighted average maturity in excess of five (5) years, while the bonds in the Permanent Fund cannot have a weighted average maturity in excess of ten (10) years. The City and Borough's investment policy mandates that the investment portfolio be structured to minimize the need to sell securities prior to maturity and that operating funds be invested primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds and similar investment pools.

As of June 30, 2024, investments subject to interest rate risk had the following maturities:

Pooled investments and debt service reserves

Investment type	Less Than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-5 years	>5 years
Corporate securities Certificates of deposit	\$ - 1,363,141	\$ 1,819,415 2,592,947	\$ - 2,435,601	\$ -
U.S. Treasury securities U.S. Agency securities	391,547 3,985,320	13,738,029 5,322,610	59,040,027 8,211,610	1,145,002
Total Investments Subject to Interest Rate Risk	\$ 5,740,008	\$ 23,473,001	\$ 69,687,238	\$ 1,145,002

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Permanent Fund				
Investment type	Less Than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-5 years	>5 years
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 236,084	\$ 1,754,769 71,294	\$ 3,783,584 92,207	\$ 2,039,306 225,776
U.S. Agency securities Total Investments Subject to		,	,	,
Interest Rate Risk	\$236,084	\$1,826,063	\$3,875,791	\$2,265,082

The City and Borough's investment policy allows the Permanent Fund to invest in mutual funds which are invested in corporate equity securities in addition to all of the investments described above. The investment policy requires that the equity securities within the mutual funds be broadly diversified across all sectors. The investment mix within the Permanent Fund's portfolio has a benchmark percentage of 35% to be invested in fixed income securities and cash and must fall within a range of 25% to 45% of the market value of the portfolio. The investment mix also has a benchmark percentage of 65% to be invested in equity securities and must fall within a range of 55% to 75% of the market value of the portfolio. At June 30, 2024, the Permanent Fund's portfolio contained 55% equity securities and 45% cash and fixed income securities.

A portion of the City and Borough of Sitka's pooled investments are held in the Alaska Municipal League Investment Pool, Inc. (AMLIP), an external investment pool rated AAAm for credit risk purposes. Regulatory oversight of the pool is established under Alaska Statute 37.23, which outlines requirements for authorized investments and reporting.

AMLIP is incorporated as a nonprofit corporation in the State of Alaska and operates under the oversight of a board of directors. Alaska Statute 37.23.050 mandates the retention of an investment manager, who is responsible for producing monthly disclosure statements on the pool's holdings and activities. Additionally, the pool has engaged an investment adviser to monitor the performance of the investment manager and ensure compliance with investment policies. Participation in AMLIP is voluntary. To manage risk and maintain liquidity, the pool is required to maintain a dollar-weighted average maturity of 90 days or less and may only purchase investments with remaining maturities of 397 days or less. An independent pricing service conducts monthly fair value assessments of the pool's investments.

As of June 30, 2023, the fair value of investments in the pool approximates amortized cost and is equal to the value of pool shares. The Borough has no unfunded commitments related to its investment in AMLIP. Additionally, the Borough can redeem its investment on a daily basis without prior notification.

Credit Risk

The City and Borough's investment policy limits investment in corporate debt securities to those rated AA or better by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Debt securities of state and local governmental entities must have a similar rating. Short-term commercial promissory notes must have a rating of A1/P1 or better. The long-term credit rating of the issuing organization must be A- or better. Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduit securities are limited to the Government National Mortgage Association and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association. The investment policy does not require these securities to have any minimum rating. The City and Borough's investments complied with its policy at June 30, 2024.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City and Borough's investment policy states that one of the general objectives of investing will be to diversify the portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. The policy does not limit the investment in any one security to a percentage of the total portfolio.

As of June 30, 2024, the City and Borough had no concentrations exceeding five percent from any issuer, with the exception of the Alaska Municipal League Investment Pool (AMLIP) which is considered to have no credit risk and securities issued by the U.S. Government.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City and Borough's deposits may not be returned to it. It is the City and Borough's policy to mitigate this risk by requiring that all demand deposits be fully collateralized by securities held in the City and Borough's name by an agent of the financial institution holding the demand deposits. Of the bank balance at June 30, 2024, \$1,000,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), and \$15,682,450 was subject to a collateral agreement.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of outside parties. All of the City and Borough's investments subject to custodial credit risk are held by the City and Borough's agent in its name.

Fair Value Measurement

The City and Borough categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City and Borough has the following recurring fair value measurements, which are valued using information for market sources, integrated relative credit information, observed market movements, and sector news into the evaluated pricing applications and models (Level 2 inputs) as of June 30, 2024:

- U.S. government agency securities of \$19,053,819
- U.S. Treasury securities of \$80,983,346
- Corporate securities of \$1,819,415
- Certificates of deposits of \$6,391,689

The City and Borough has investments in exchange traded funds of international and U.S. equities which are quoted in active markets (Level 1) totaling \$16,919,080. The City and Borough has investments in money market funds totaling \$10,236,288 that are not held at fair value, but instead recorded at amortized cost, as of June 30, 2024. The City and Borough's investment in AMLIP of \$15,312,130 is measured at net asset value, as of June 30, 2024. AMLIP's objective is to provide a safe, short-term investment option entities to maximize revenue to government. The pool's focus on both safety and liquidity mean that there are no restrictions on redemptions. Management believes that these values approximate fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown in the basic financial statements for the primary government follows:

Cash on hand Carrying amount of deposits Carrying amount of investments	\$ 2,100 21,680,585 150,715,767
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 172,398,452
Reported in the Statement of Net Position Equity in central treasury Equity in central treasury - restricted Bond covenant accounts Cash and investments - restricted Capital asset acquisition Reported in the Fiduciary Funds	\$ 133,151,470 160,979 8,974,976 25,990,986 3,784,896 335,145
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 172,398,452

At June 30, 2024, the Sitka School District's cash and investments included operating bank accounts and sweep accounts. The carrying amount of deposits was \$3,810,655. Amounts are insured at each financial institution by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to legal maximum. The School District policy requires any amount in excess of the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) limit be collateralized.

4. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the City and Borough's individual major funds, and nonmajor and internal service funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	L			ommunity Dedicated		Nonmajor	G	Total overnmental
	General	•		Revenue		rnmental		Funds
Accounts	\$ 851,183		\$	3,429	\$	500	\$	855,112
Taxes	5,265,861			-		372,574		5,638,435
Interest	1,001,448		3	3,148,140		-		4,149,588
Special assessments	-			-		1,924		1,924
Federal and State of Alaska	-			-		20,554		20,554
Leases	3,250,076			-		-		3,250,076
Notes	-		8	8,751,860		442,950		9,194,810
Total receivables	10,368,568		11	1,903,429		838,502		23,110,499
Less allowance for doubtful accounts and notes	(399,714)			-		-		(399,714)
Net Total Receivables	\$ 9,968,854	\$	1′	1,903,429	\$	838,502	\$	22,710,785

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

	Electric Utility	Water	Solid Waste Disposal	Waste- water	Harbors	Nonmajor Enterprise	Total Enterprise Funds
Special assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	¥ ,	\$ -	\$ -	φ .5,
Federal and State Accounts	242,882 1,246,958	384,684 176,337	- 333,291	211,726	901,798 851,294	8,172,693 55,665	9,702,057 2,875,271
Leases	1,562,793	, -	-	-	, -	2,606,647	4,169,440
Notes	-	-	-	20,943	-	-	20,943
Total receivables	3,052,633	561,021	333,291	246,117	1,753,092	10,835,005	16,781,159
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(164,675)	(45,995)	(96,550)	(57,119)	(566,977)	-	(931,316)
Net Total Receivables	\$2,887,958	\$515,026	\$236,741	\$188,998	\$1,186,115	\$10,835,005	\$15,849,843

Governmental funds report deferred inflows in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds report unearned revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred inflows reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Description	Deferred Inflows		
Special assessments not yet due	\$ 1,924		
Property taxes paid in advance	100,721		
Leases	3,164,637		
Notes receivable and interest not yet due	11,900,000		
Totals for Governmental Funds	\$ 15,167,282		

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

5. Capital Assets

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions and Adjustments	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being				
depreciated:	Ć 44 220 044	ć	ć	Ć44 220 044
Land	\$ 11,230,911	\$ -	\$ -	\$11,230,911
Construction in progress	1,479,347	606,432	(65,927)	2,019,852
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	12,710,258	606,432	(65,927)	13,250,763
				_
Capital assets being depreciated or amortized:				
Buildings	141,678,706	-	-	141,678,706
Land improvements	11,042,254	19,224	-	11,061,478
Infrastructure	55,938,535	-	-	55,938,535
Equipment	18,774,048	620,920	-	19,394,968
Right-to-use subscription IT asset	116,229	16,384	-	132,613
Right-to-use lease equipment	92,184	23,766	(37,589)	78,361
Right-to-use lease space	33,336	-	-	33,336
Total capital assets being	227 /75 202	480 204	(27 500)	220 247 007
depreciated or amortized	227,675,292	680,294	(37,589)	228,317,997
Less accumulated depreciation and				
amortization for:				
Buildings	(79,975,926)	(3,940,711)	-	(83,916,637)
Land improvements	(4,004,281)	(535,803)	-	(4,540,084)
Infrastructure	(30,084,746)	(2,037,542)	-	(32,122,288)
Equipment	(14,711,171)	(1,010,655)	-	(15,721,826)
Right-to-use subscription IT asset	(35,034)	(40,154)	-	(75,188)
Right-to-use lease asset	(50,532)	(19,171)	21,322	(48,381)
Right-to-use leased space	(17,594)	(11,112)	-	(28,706)
				_
Total accumulated depreciation				
and amortization	(128,879,284)	(7,595,148)	21,322	(136,453,110)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated or amortized, net	98,796,008	(6,914,854)	(16,267)	91,864,887
	75,775,000	(3,7.1,031)	(10,207)	71,001,001
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$111,506,266	\$(6,308,422)	\$ (82,194)	\$105,115,650
,	7,300,200	+(0,000,122)	7 (32)1/1/	7.00,110,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Business-Type Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions and Adjustments	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated	:			
Land	\$ 4,400,239	\$ 1,273,725	\$ -	\$ 5,673,964
Construction in progress	27,678,336	19,278,898	(27,281,412)	19,675,822
Total capital assets not being depreciated	32,078,575	20,552,623	(27,281,412)	25,349,786
Capital assets being depreciated or a	amortized:			
Buildings	21,537,386	74,460	-	21,611,846
Land improvements	23,668,663	2,804,802	-	26,473,465
Equipment	7,163,687	83,272	-	7,246,959
Harbors	50,873,750	161,878	-	51,035,628
Electric Plant	304,940,398	1,160,750	-	306,101,148
Water Plant	37,773,268	18,022,609	-	55,795,877
Wastewater treatment plant	67,656,662	229,914	-	67,886,576
Right-to-use subscription IT asse	ts 67,105	-	-	67,105
Right-to-use leased land	34,784	-	(34,784)	-
Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized	513,715,703	22,537,685	(34,784)	536,218,604
Less accumulated depreciation and a	mortization for:			
Buildings	(12,063,383)	(547,969)	-	(12,611,352)
Land improvements	(6,389,821)	(638,169)	-	(7,027,990)
Equipment	(5,406,954)	(253,677)	-	(5,660,631)
Harbors	(21,742,189)	(1,672,591)	-	(23,414,780)
Electric Plant	(114,365,555)	(5,565,572)	-	(119,931,127)
Water Plant	(20,779,664)	(1,778,157)	-	(22,557,821)
Wastewater treatment plant	(42,489,109)	(1,237,324)	-	(43,726,433)
Right-to-use subscription IT asse	t (29,824)	(29,824)	-	(59,648)
Right-to-use leased land	(23,190)	(11,594)	34,784	
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(223,289,689)	(11,734,877)	34,784	(234,989,782)
Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized, net	290,426,014	10,802,808	<u>-</u>	301,228,822
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 322,504,589	\$ 31,355,431	\$(27,281,412)	\$ 326,578,608

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities			
Administration		\$	119,937
Public safety			314,513
Public works			2,624,174
Public services			686,461
Education			3,039,129
Capital assets held by internal ser	rvice funds		810,934
Total Depreciation Expense - Gove	rnmental Activities	9	7,595,148
Business-type Activities			
Electric		\$	5,767,182
Water		·	2,090,339
Wastewater treatment			1,324,521
Solid waste disposal			208,274
Harbors			1,730,743
Airport terminal building			178,430
Marine service center			28,129
Gary Paxton Industrial Park			407,259
Total Depreciation Expense - Busin	ess-type Activities		\$ 11,734,877
6. Interfund Receivables, Payab	oles and Transfers Payable Fund		Amount
Receivable Fulla	rayable i uliu		AITIOUITE
Due to/from other funds:			
General Fund	Nonmajor enterprise fund	\$	3,002,618
Total Due To/From Other Funds		Ş	3,002,618
Advances from/to other funds:			
General Fund	Sitka Community Hospital Fund	\$	3,125,552
Nonmajor governmental fund	Solid Waste Fund		2,604,000
Total Advances From/To Other Funds		Ş	5,729,552

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Southeast Economic Development Fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, was established with federal monies, to promote economic development and is also used to fund internal projects. This fund advanced amounts to other funds for expansion projects. At the end of the fiscal year, internal loans totaling \$2,604,000 were outstanding. Generally, internal loans are made at an annual interest rate of 3%, though the loan made to the Solid Waste Fund was made at 0%. The term is usually set at 3 years but may vary.

The advance from the General Fund to the Sitka Community Hospital Dedicated Special Revenue Fund was to cover a known liability at the time of the closure of the Sitka Community Hospital. A small portion of the liability remains outstanding and therefore payments to the City and Borough of Sitka from the Southeast Alaska Regional Health Consortium are held in escrow. For this reason, at the end of the fiscal year, a portion of the advance remains outstanding, with the expectation that it will be repaid upon release of funds in escrow.

Interfund Transfers

Within the City and Borough of Sitka, transfers are used to move general and other fund revenues for the purchase and construction of capital assets to the nonmajor governmental and internal service funds and enterprise funds. Funds are also transferred from the General Fund to the School Debt Service Fund to cover debt payments. The Utility Subsidization Fund receives transfers from the General Fund and then the Utility Subsidization Fund transfers funds into the Electric Fund. Funding for tourism-related expenses is transferred to various funds from the Commercial Passenger Excise Tax fund. In addition, funds are transferred to the General Fund each year from the Permanent Fund for general support.

In FY2024 capital assets related to the Sitka Seaplane Base were transferred from the Capital Project Fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and the Harbor Fund into the Airport Fund

Transfers From:

Transfers To:	General	Permanent		Electric		Solid Waste	
General	\$ -	\$ 1,110,886	\$	-	\$	-	
Electric	-	-		-		-	
Solid Waste	-	-		-		-	
Harbor	47,999	-		17,500		-	
Nonmajor Governmental	11,324,421	-		-		-	
Nonmajor Enterprise	-	-		-		-	
Internal Service	261,519	-		-		155,840	
	_		•				
Total Transfers Out	\$11,633,939	\$ 1,110,886	\$	17,500	\$	155,840	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Transfers From:

		Nonmajor	Nonmajor	Internal	_
Transfers To:	Harbor	Governmental	Enterprise	Service	Total
General	\$ -	\$ 6,848,699	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,959,585
Electric	-	201,595	-	-	201,595
Solid Waste	-	-	-	862,500	862,500
Harbor	-	90,648	33,185	-	189,332
Nonmajor Governmental	-	182,786	-	88,000	11,595,207
Nonmajor Enterprise	-	1,298,571	-	-	1,298,571
Internal Service	113,104	12,522	-	-	542,985
Total Transfers Out	\$ 113,104	\$ 8,634,821	\$ 33,185	\$ 950,500	\$ 22,649,775

Transfer of capital assets

Transfers From:

Transfers To:	Nonmajor ernmental	Harbor Fund	Total
Nonmajor Enterprise	\$ 46,702	\$ 4,869,072	\$ 4,915,774
Total Transfers Out	\$ 46,702	\$ 4,869,072	\$ 4,915,774

7. Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The City and Borough issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued only for governmental activities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City and Borough. All of the bonds outstanding are held by the Alaska Municipal Bond Bank Authority. The State of Alaska agency purchases bonds from municipalities within the State, while simultaneously selling its own bonds to third parties in order to fund the bond purchases. Principal payments are due annually and interest payments are made semi-annually.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Governmental Activities	Interest Rates	Outstanding Amount
School renovation and additions:		
\$6,095,000 2015 Series One refinancing portion of 2005 Series A and 200 Series Two School bonds, final payment due October 1, 2027	8 2.000% to 5.000%	\$1,945,000
\$2,775,000 2021 Series One refinancing portion of 2011 Series Two School Bonds, final payment due December 1, 2030	ol 5.000%	2,080,000
\$3,515,000 2021 Series Two refinancing the balance of 2012 Series Two that refunded 2004 Series A School Bonds, final payment due Decembe 1, 2024	r .243% to .698%	605,000
Total General Obligation Bonds		\$4,630,000
Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bo	nds are as fo	llows:
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest
2025 \$	1,310,000	\$ 185,736
2026	740,000	147,500
2027	780,000	109,500
2028	820,000	69,500
2029	310,000	41,250
2030-2031	670,000	34,000

In addition, governmental activities reports three State of Alaska, Department of Environmental Conservation Loans for stormwater improvements and sewer replacement projects. Principal and interest payments are made annually.

\$ 4,630,000

\$ 587,486

	Interest Rates	Outstanding Amount
\$105,000, note payable for stormwater improvements, #792011	4 FO0/	¢ 20 000
\$195,000, note payable for stormwater improvements, #783011 \$69,622, note payable for stormwater improvements, #783401	1.50% 1.50%	\$ 39,000 31,330
\$740,000, note payable for Baranof Street Sewer Replacement,	4 FO0/	,
governmental portion of \$183,097, #783091	1.50%	99,867
Total State of Alaska, Department of Environmental Conservation Loans		Ć 470 407
		\$ 170,197

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Outstanding Interest
2025	\$ 22,310	\$ 2,553
2026	22,310	2,218
2027	22,310	1,747
2028	22,310	1,413
2029	12,560	1,078
2030-2034	59,319	2,565
2035	9,079	-
	\$ 170,198	\$ 11,574

Revenue Bonds

Total Revenue Bonds

The City and Borough issues bonds where it pledges income from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds for the Airport Terminal, Electric, and Harbor funds all require cash flow from operating revenue at or above 125% of annual bonded debt service. If cashflow falls below 125% of the debt service, the City and Borough can avoid default by employing a consultant to recommend rate changes that would satisfy the rate covenant within 180 days. All such requirements were met for the year ended June 30, 2024. Principal payments on the revenue bonds are due annually and interest payments are made semi-annually.

Revenue bonds outstanding at year end are as follows:

Business-type Activities	Interest Rates	Outstanding Amount
\$8,025,000, 2018 Series One Harbor bonds, final payment due February 1, 2038	5.00%	\$ 6,700,000
\$4,045,000, 2018 Series One Airport Terminal bonds, final payment due February 1, 2038	5.00%	3,310,000
\$25,550,000 2020 Series One refunding 2010 Series Electric bonds, final payment due December 1, 2030	5.00%	17,705,000
\$39,240,000 2021 Series Two refunding 2013 One Series Electric bonds, final payment due December 1, 2046	.243% to 3.128%	38,370,000
\$28,895,000 2021 Series Two refunding 2013 Three Series Electric bonds, final payment due December 1, 2048	.243% to 3.128%	28,160,000
\$19,110,000 2021 Series Two refunding 2014 Three Series Electric bonds, final payment due December 1, 2044	.243% to 3.128%	18,520,000
\$5,975,000 2021 Series Two refinancing of Alaska Energy Authority Electric loan, final payment due December 1, 2032	.243% to 2.222%	4,550,000
\$2,675,000 2021 Series Two refinancing of 2013 One Harbor bonds, final payment due December 1, 2032	.243% to 2.222%	2,330,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

\$119,645,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 4,040,000	\$ 3,934,415
2026	4,180,000	3,799,904
2027	4,325,000	3,654,259
2028	4,480,000	3,498,380
2029	4,650,000	3,332,115
2030-2034	26,030,000	13,946,646
2035-2039	27,105,000	10,028,194
2040-2044	26,345,000	5,773,407
2045-2049	18,490,000	1,756,607
	\$ 119,645,000	\$ 49,723,927

As of June 30, 2024, the City and Borough had no authorized but unissued bonds.

Federal Loan (United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Utilities Service)

The City and Borough issued a loan from the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Utilities Service where it pledges that rates will be maintained such that coverage ratios are achieved for TIER (1.05), DCS (1.00), OTIER (1.00), ODSC (1.00). This requirement has been met for the year ended June 30, 2024. Interest and principal payments are made quarterly with the first principal payment being due June 30, 2025.

Federal loan outstanding at year-end is as follows:	Interest rates	Outstanding Amount
\$3,066,945, USDA RUS Green Lake phase 1, final payment due January 3, 2056	4.879%	\$ 3,066,945
payment due January 3, 2000	4.07 7/0	7 3,000,743

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the federal loan are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 24,935	\$ 149,021
2026	99,738	146,603
2027	99,738	141,737
2028	99,738	137,069
2029	99,738	132,554
2030-2034	498,690	586,358
2035-2039	498,690	465,419
2040-2044	498,690	343,838
2045-2049	498,690	222,038
2050-2054	498,690	100,452
2055-2056	149,608	6,413
	\$ 3,066,945	\$ 2,431,502

State of Alaska, Department of Environmental Conservation Loan Program

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The City and Borough borrowed funds from the State of Alaska to upgrade water and wastewater distribution systems. Interest and Principal payments on loans are made annually.8

	Interest Rate	Outstanding Amount
Completed projects:		
\$987,157, for I and I #783011	1.50%	\$ 196,545
\$1,310,000, for wastewater treatment plant upgrades #783051	1.50%	147,013
\$565,000, for water system upgrades on Sawmill Creek Road #783061	1.50%	93,897
\$1,000,000, for harbor water distribution system upgrades #783071	1.50%	226,741
\$2,400,000, for Kimsham landfill closure #783081	1.50%	578,988
\$740,000, for Baranof Street sewer replacement #783091	1.50%	170,044
\$1,400,000, for sewer system upgrades #783101	1.50%	383,568
\$1,352,100, for Degroff Street water replacement #783111	1.50%	1,284,495
\$1,447,717, for Degroff Street sewer replacement #783121	1.50%	1,375,331
\$1,000,000, for Japonski Island water distribution main #783151	1.50%	228,740
\$482,588 for Crescent Harbor lift station #783161	1.50%	352,577
\$3,170,000, for Whitcomb Heights subdivision water tank #783211	1.50%	792,432
\$2,690,875, for wastewater treatment plant HVAC #783221	1.50%	2,549,250
\$217,400, for Brady lift station #783231	1.50%	206,530
\$308,000, for HPR/SMC Road intersection sewer replacement #783241	1.50%	108,870
\$1,455,081, for SMC Road sewer upgrade, Phase III #783281	1.50%	68,625
\$297,791 for Monastery & Baranof Street water mains #783301	1.50%	193,564
\$483,000, for SMC Road/HPR water line replacement #783311	1.50%	124,780
\$617,000, for water tank protection #783341	1.50%	27,765
\$2,154,170, for Crescent and landfill lift stations #783161	1.50%	2,046,461
\$737,690 for Jeff Davis water main replacement #783371	1.50%	538,956
\$2,375,092 for Indian River temporary filtration #783381	1.50%	1,735,239
\$1,740,000, for Japonski Island sewer lift stations #783391	1.50%	751,783
\$859,103, for Monastery Street sewer main replacement #783401	1.50%	209,668
\$316,211 for Monastery & Baranof Street sewer mains #783411	1.50%	205,537
\$1,520,000, for UV disinfection facility #783431	1.50%	880,000
\$782,000, for Monastery Street water main replacement #783441	1.50%	300,336
\$1,733,750, for wastewater treatment plant project #783451	1.50%	1,642,500
\$4,150,286, for wastewater treatment plant project #783451	1.50%	3,942,772
\$685,000, for Baranof Street water system replacement #783501	1.50%	50,352
\$214,600 for Hollywood Way sewer main #783511	1.50%	139,490
\$58,362, for Hollywood Way water main #783521	1.50%	37,936
Total notes payable for completed projects		21,590,785

Interest Rate Outstanding Amount

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

\$2,154,170, for UV disinfection #783481	1.50%	\$ 434,921
\$17,620,000 for critical secondary water supply #783531	1.56%	16,153,870
Total draw on notes yet to be finalized		\$ 16,588,791

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for notes payable on completed projects are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal Inte				
2025	\$	1,728,714	\$	323,862	
2026		1,732,358		297,931	
2027		1,660,894		268,442	
2028		1,648,911		244,029	
2029		1,589,924		219,796	
2030-2034		6,063,642		811,148	
2035-2039		4,612,469		427,609	
2040-2043		2,553,873		90,871	
	\$	21,590,785	\$	2,683,688	

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable:					
bolius payable.	\$				
General obligation bonds	6,705,000	\$ -	\$ 2,075,000	\$ 4,630,000	\$ 1,310,000
Issuance premiums	615,450	-	102,130	513,320	
Total bonds payable	7,320,450		2,177,130	5,143,320	1,310,000
State of Alaska notes	192,506	-	22,309	170,197	22,310
Leases payable	59,502	23,766	30,798	52,470	18,562
Subscription IT liabilities	46,764	-	22,961	23,803	23,803
Compensated absences	748,507	559,491	151,857	1,156,141	629,935
Net pension liability	11,896,511	83,250	46,487	11,933,274	
Governmental Activity Long-term Liabilities	\$ 20,264,240	\$ 666,507	\$ 2,451,542	\$18,479,205	\$ 2,004,610
Business-type Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable:					
Revenue bonds	\$123,535,000	\$ -	\$ 3,890,000	\$119,645,000	\$ 4,040,000
Issuance premiums	3,568,420	-	720,270	2,848,150	
Total bonds payable	127,103,420	-	4,610,270	122,493,150	4,040,000
Notes payable:					
Federal notes	-	3,066,945	-	3,066,945	24,935
State of Alaska notes	39,150,355	757,574	1,728,354	38,179,575	1,728,714
Total notes payable	39,150,355	3,824,519	1,728,354	41,246,520	1,753,649
Leases	12,146	_	12,146	-	_
Compensated absences	368,280	370,519	153,144	585,655	378,519
Subscription IT liabilities	37,882	-	30,063	7,819	7,819
Landfill post-closure liability	664,711	-	15,414	649,297	-
Net pension liability	6,516,579	173,832	365,560	6,324,851	-
Business-type Activity Long-term Liabilities	\$173,853,373			· · · · ·	\$ 6,179,987

For governmental activities, compensated absences, and pension liability, are generally liquidated by the General Fund or internal service fund in which they were incurred.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

8. Leases

Lessee

The City and Borough of Sitka is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment as well as space in a building. The City and Borough recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The City and Borough recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$10,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City and Borough initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City and Borough determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City and Borough uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City and Borough generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City and Borough is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City and Borough monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor

The City and Borough is a lessor for noncancellable leases of land, space on electric poles, and space in the airport terminal and Marine Service Center buildings. The City and Borough recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and fund-level financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City and Borough initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Key estimates and judgments include how the City and Borough determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City and Borough uses U.S. Treasury Yield Curve Semiannual Rate listed for July 1st of the fiscal year as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City and Borough monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Leases Receivable

The City and Borough leases General Fund land and tidelands, space on electric poles, airport building space, Marine Service Center (MSC) building space, and Gary Paxton Industrial Park (GPIP) land. The leases range for two to ninety-nine years and the City and Borough will receive annual payments listed in the table below. The City and Borough recognized lease revenue and interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to all leases as stated in the table below. As of June 30, 2024, the City and Borough receivable for lease payments is stated below. Also, the City and Borough has a deferred inflow of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease terms. As of June 30, 2024, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources is listed below.

	Payment Amount			Lease Interest	Leases Receivable	Deferred Inflows
General Fund	\$ 297,311	\$ 230,569	\$	66,742	\$ 3,250,076	\$ 3,164,637
Electric	100,020	68,025		31,995	1,562,793	1,519,704
Airport	32,314	32,016		298	-	-
MSC	312,000	257,842		54,158	2,567,832	2,543,107
GPIP	8,051	7,196		855	38,815	37,890

The City and Borough has entered into leases with airlines leasing space in Sitka's airport terminal as well as space leased by the Transportation Security Administration for security screening purposes which are classified as regulated leases and are therefore not within the scope of GASB Statement No. 87 - Leases. Total inflows of resources from regulated leases was \$460,823 for fiscal year 2024. Future minimum payments from regulated leases are expected for the next 3 fiscal years, and are expected to exceed \$10,000 annually.

Leases Payable

The City and Borough has multiple lease agreements ranging from five to twenty-seven years as lessee for the acquisition and use of folding machines, copiers, building space and land. The lease liability at the beginning of the fiscal year was \$71,648. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$52,470. The City and Borough is required to make principal and interest payments of \$44,743. One new leases were entered into as of June 30, 2024. The leases have an implicit interest rate of 4% and any new leases will use the U.S. Treasury Yield Curve Semiannual Rate listed for July 1st of the fiscal year as the discount rate. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$111,697 and had accumulated amortization of \$77,087.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

	lnit	ial Lease Liability	Vā	alue Lease Liability	Principal & Interest Payment	e of Right- o-use Asset	umulated ortization
Governmental Activities Airport	\$	59,502 12,146	\$	52,470 -	\$ 32,330 12,413	\$ 111,697 -	\$ 77,087
Totals	\$	71,648	\$	52,470	\$ 44,743	\$ 111,697	\$ 77,087

The future principal and interest lease payments for the Governmental Activities as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
2025	\$	18,562	Ś	1,004	\$	19,566
2026	4	20,570	*	664	*	21,234
2027		4,791		468		5,259
2028		4,996		263		5,259
2029		3,551		57		3,608
Totals	\$	52,470	\$	2,456	\$	54,926

9. Subscription IT Assets

The City and Borough of Sitka is party to 5 subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). The City and Borough recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset (subscription asset) in the financial statements. The City and Borough recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial term greater than twelve months and an individual value of \$10,000 or more. For SBITAs with a maximum possible term of 12 months or less at commencement, the City and Borough recognizes expenses/expenditures based on the provisions of the arrangement.

At the commencement of a SBITA, the City and Borough initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of expected subscription payments to be made over the SBITA term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial measurement of the subscription liability, adjusted for payments associated with the SBITA contract made to the vendor at the commencement of the subscription term, plus any capitalizable initial implementation costs, less any vendor incentives received at the commencement of the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the IT asset or subscription term.

Key estimates and judgments related to SBITAs include how the City and Borough determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) the subscription term, and (3) subscription payments.

The City and Borough uses the interest rate charged by the vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the vendor is not provided, the City and Borough has opted to use the U.S. Treasury Yield Curve Semi-annual Rate listed for July 1st of the fiscal year for the term of the SBITA. At July 1, 2022 this was determined to be 2.84% for a 2-year term and 2.85% for a 3-year term. As

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

of July 3, 2023 this was determined to be 4.94% for a 2-year term and 4.56% for a 3-year term. The subscription term includes the noncancellable period during which the City and Borough has a noncancellable right to use the underlying IT assets. The subscription term also includes periods covered by an option to extend if reasonably certain the City and Borough or vendor will exercise that option or to terminate if it is reasonably certain that the City and Borough or vendor will not exercise that option. Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments.

The City and Borough monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of a SBITA and will remeasure the subscription asset and subscription liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

Subscription assets are reported with other capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

The City and Borough capitalized qualifying initial implementation costs of \$199,718 or more as part of the recording the initial subscription asset. Preliminary project stage outlays are expensed as included. Operation and additional implementation stage activities are expensed as incurred unless they meet specific capitalization criteria.

	Initial SBITA Liability	Value SBITA Liability	Principal & Interest Payment	Value of Right-to- use SBITA	Accumulated Amortization
Governmental Activities Electric Fund	\$ 46,764 37,882	\$ 23,803 7,819	\$ 23,995 30,750	\$ 132,613 67,105	\$ 75,188 59,648
Total	\$ 84,646	\$ 31,622	\$ 54,745	\$ 199,718	\$ 134,836

The future principal and interest SBITA payments for Governmental Activities as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 23,803	\$ 371	\$ 24,174
Total	\$ 23,803	\$ 371	\$ 24,174

The future principal and interest SBITA payments for the Electric Fund as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 7,819	\$ 38	\$ 7,857
Total	\$ 7,819	\$ 38	\$ 7,857

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

10. Restricted Assets

The balance of the restricted assets accounts in the enterprise funds at June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Contains a demonstra	
Customer deposits:	
Electric utility	\$ 151,220
Water fund	100
Solid waste disposal	9,659
Assets restricted for airport terminal capital asset acquisition	3,784,896
Investment with bond trustee pursuant to revenue bond covenants	 8,974,976
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 12,920,851

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

11. Fund Balances

Fund balances, reported in the City and Borough's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate on the governmental funds balance sheet are subject to the following constraints:

		Permanent	Sitka Community Hospital Dedicated	Nonmajor	
	General Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Totals
Nonspendable: Advances receivable Prepaid items	\$ 3,125,552 7,280	\$ - -	\$ -:	-	7,280
Notes receivable Home rule charter	-	- 25,027,829	-	442,950 -	442,950 25,027,829
Total nonspendable	3,132,832	25,027,829	-	3,046,950	31,207,611
Restricted: Sitka Public Library Commercial passenger tax Home rule charter Debt service	- - -	- - 1,041,233 -	- - -	293,397 3,299,056 - 5,901,148	293,397 3,299,056 1,041,233 5,901,148
Total restricted	-	1,110,886	-	9,493,601	10,534,834
Committed:					
Working capital reserve Emergency reserve E911 surcharge SRS Title III	8,790,618 2,000,000 822,314 512,663	-	- - -	- - -	8,790,618 2,000,000 822,314 512,663
Hospital sale SE economic development Capital projects	379,027 - -	- - -	4,147,944 - -	59,020 24,080,980	4,526,971 59,020 24,080,980
Total committed	12,504,622	-	4,147,944	24,140,000	40,792,566
Assigned: Gary Paxton Industrial Park Utility Cost subsidization LID revolving LID guaranty Raw water sales Visitor enhancement Other small funds	- - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - -	109,629 203,769 1,131,616 272,623 139,123 695,110 330,160	109,629 203,769 1,131,616 272,623 139,123 695,110 330,160
Total Assigned	-	-	<u>-</u>	2,882,030	2,882,030
Unassigned (deficit)	7,856,510	-	(4,178,774)	-	3,677,736
Total Fund Balances (Deficit	\$ 23,493,964	\$ 26,069,062	\$ (30,830)	\$ 39,562,581	\$ 89,094,777

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

12. Risk Management

The City and Borough is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City and Borough carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The City and Borough has not accrued a liability for claims and judgments at June 30, 2024 because the amount of potential claims at year end was determined to be immaterial. The City and Borough made no claim payments during fiscal year 2024.

Effective January 1, 1989, the City and Borough was self-insured with respect to unemployment claims made by former employees. The City and Borough of Sitka accounts for claims on a pay-as-you-go basis as it is immaterial.

13. Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Plans

(a) Defined Benefit (DB) Pension Plan

General Information About the Plan

The City and Borough participates in the Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). PERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan which covers eligible State and local government employees, other than teachers. The Plan was established and is administered by the State of Alaska Department of Administration. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

The Plan is included in an annual comprehensive financial report that includes financial statements and other required supplemental information. That report is available via the internet at https://drb.alaska.gov/docs/reports/#pers. Actuarial valuation reports, audited financial statements, and other detailed plan information are also available on this website.

The Plan provides for retirement, death and disability, and postemployment healthcare benefits. There are three tiers of employees, based on entry date. For all tiers within the Defined Benefit (DB) plan, full retirement benefits are generally calculated using a formula comprised of a multiplier times the average monthly salary (AMS) times the number of years of service. The multiplier is increased at longevity milestone markers for most employees. Peace/Fire employees accrue benefits at an accelerated rate. The tiers within the Plan establish differing criteria regarding normal retirement age, early retirement age, and the criteria for calculation of AMS, COLA adjustments, and other postemployment benefits (OPEB). A complete benefit comparison chart is available at the website noted above.

The PERS DB Plan was closed to new entrants effective July 1, 2006. New employees hired after that date participate in the PERS Defined Contribution (DC) Plan described later in these notes.

Historical Context and Special Funding Situation

In April 2008, the Alaska Legislature passed legislation converting the previously existing PERS plan from a DB agent-multiple-employer plan to a DB cost-sharing plan with an effective date of July 1, 2008. In connection with this conversion, the State of Alaska passed additional legislation which statutorily capped the employer contribution rate, established a state funded "on-behalf" contribution (subject to funding availability), and required that employer contributions be

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

calculated against all PERS eligible wages, including wages paid to participants of the PERS Tier IV defined contribution plan described later in these notes. The Alaska Legislature has the power and authority to change the aforementioned statute through the legislative process.

Alaska Statute 39.35.280 requires the State of Alaska to contribute to the Plan an amount such that, when combined with the employer contribution, is sufficient to pay the Plan's past service liability contribution rate as adopted by the Alaska Retirement Management Board (ARM Board). As such, the Plan is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB, and management has recorded all pension related liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and disclosures on this basis.

The City and Borough recorded the related on-behalf contributions as revenue and expense or expenditures as prescribed by GAAP, pursuant to the relevant basis of accounting based on fund type.

Employee Contribution Rates

Regular employees are required to contribute 6.75% of their annual covered salary. Peace officers and firefighters are required to contribute 7.50% of their annual covered salary.

Employer and Other Contribution Rates

There are several contribution rates associated with the pension contributions and related liabilities. These amounts are calculated on an annual basis.

Employer Effective Rate: This is the contractual employer pay-in rate. Under current legislation, the amount calculated for the statutory employer effective contribution rate is 22% on eligible wages. This 22% rate is calculated on all PERS participating wages, including those wages attributable to employees in the DC plan. Contributions derived from the DC employee payroll is referred to as the Defined Benefit Unfunded Liability or DBUL contribution.

ARM Board Adopted Rate: This is the rate formally adopted by the Alaska Retirement Management Board. This rate is actuarially determined and used to calculate annual Plan funding requirements, without regard to the statutory rate cap or the GASB accounting rate. Effective July 1, 2015, the Legislature requires the ARM Board to adopt employer contribution rates for past service liabilities using a level percent of pay method over a closed 25-year term which ends in 2039. This change results in a lower ARM Board Rates than previously adopted.

State Contribution Rate: This is the rate paid in by the State as an on-behalf payment under the current statute. The statute requires the State to contribute, based on funding availability, an onbehalf amount equal to the difference between the ARM Board Rate and the Employer Effective Rate. In the governmental fund financial statements, on-behalf contribution amounts have been recognized as additional revenues and expenditures. In the proprietary funds and government-wide financial statements, the on-behalf amounts reflect revenue and expense only during the measurement period in which the Plan recognizes the payments, resulting in a significant timing difference between the cash transfers and revenue and expense recognition.

Contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2024 were determined in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations. The City and Borough's contribution rates for the 2024 fiscal year were as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

	ARM Board Adopted Rate	State Contribution Rate
Defined benefit plans:		
Pension	18.47%	3.10%
Postemployment healthcare (ARHCT)	-%	-%
Defined contribution - Pension	6.63%	-%_
Total Contribution Rates	25.10%	3.10%

Alaska Statue 39.35.255(a) capped the employer rate at 22% with the State of Alaska making a nonemployer contribution for the difference between actuarially required contribution and the cap. For the fiscal year the employer rate is 22.00% for pension and 0.00% for ARHCT. The contribution requirements for the City and Borough are established and may be amended by the ARMB. Additionally, there is a Defined Benefit Unfunded Liability (DBUL) amount levied against the DCR Plan payroll. The DBUL amount is computed as the difference between (a) amount calculated for the statutory employer contribution rate of 22.00% on eligible salary less (b) total of the employer contribution for (1) defined contribution employer matching amount, (2) major medical, (3) occupational death and disability, and (4) health reimbursement arrangement. The difference is deposited based on an actuarial allocation into the defined benefit plan's pension and healthcare funds.

In 2024, the City and Borough was credited with the following contributions to the pension plan:

	Measurement Period	City and Borough Fiscal Year	
	July 1, 2022 to	July 1, 2023 to	
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 202	
Employer contributions (including DBUL) Nonemployer contributions (on-behalf)	\$ 3,018,761 300,120	\$ 3,072,127 330,638	
Total Contributions	\$ 3,318,881	\$ 3,402,765	

In addition, employee contributions to the Plan totaled \$190,075 during the City and Borough's fiscal year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the City and Borough reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the City and Borough. The amount recognized by the City and Borough for its proportional share, the related State proportion, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City and Borough were as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

City and Borough proportionate share of NPL	\$ 18,321,757
State's proportionate share of NPL associated with the City and Borough	6,109,450
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 24,431,207

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2023 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023 and adjusted to reflect updated assumptions to calculate the net pension liability as of that date. The City and Borough's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City and Borough's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, including the State, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2023 measurement date, the City and Borough's proportion was 0.35335 percent, which was a decrease of 0.00791 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City and Borough recognized pension expense of \$6,662,976 and on-behalf revenue of \$672,415 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2024, the City and Borough reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments City and Borough contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 478,226 3,072,127	\$ - -	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	\$ 3,550,353	\$ -	

The \$3,550,353 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Ena</u>	ıng .	June	30,

2025 2026 2027 2028	\$ (181,375) (401,136) 1,085,209 (24,472)
Total Amortization	\$ 478,226

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the actuarial assumptions listed below, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Unfunded Accrued Actuarial Liability, level percent of pay basis

Inflation 2.50% per year

Salary increases For peace officer/firefighter, increases range from 8.50% to 3.85%

based on service. For all others, increases range from 6.75% to 2.85%

based on service.

Amounts for the June 30, 2023 measurement date were allocated to Allocation methodology

employers based on the ratio of the present value of projected future contributions for each employer to the total present value of projected future contributions for the Plan for the fiscal years 2024

to 2039. The liability is expected to go to zero at 2039.

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expenses. This is based on an

average inflation rate of 2.50% and a real rate of return of 4.75%.

Mortality

Pre-commencement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010

Peace officer/firefighter Safety Employee table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Deaths are assumed to result from occupational causes 70% of the time. Post-commencement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Safety Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Safety Disabled Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table, amountweighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. These rates are applied only after the death of the original member.

All others

Pre-commencement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Deaths are assumed to result from occupational causes 35% of the time. Post-commencement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on 98% of male and 106% of female rates of the Pub-2010 General Retiree table, amountweighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree table, amountweighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

102% of male and 108% of female rates of the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. These rates are applied only after the death of the original member.

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2021, resulting in changes in actuarial assumptions effective for the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, which were adopted by the Board to better reflect expected future experience.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return, excluding the inflation component of 2.82%, for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Range	Real Rate of Return
D (1) 11	270/		4.470/
Domestic equity	27%	+/- 6%	6.17%
Global equity (non-U.S.)	18%	+/- 4%	6.55%
Aggregate bonds	19 %	+/- 10%	1.63%
Multi-asset	8%	+/- 4%	-%
Real assets	14%	+/- 7%	4.87%
Private equity	14%	+/- 7%	11.57%
Cash equivalents	-%	-%	0.49%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer and State contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy, which meets State statutes. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City and Borough's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the City and Borough's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

	Proportional Share	1	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
City and Borough's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.35335%	\$	24,596,904	\$ 18,321,757	\$ 13,021,105

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

(b) Defined Contribution (DC) Pension Plan

Employees hired after July 1, 2006 participate in PERS Tier IV, a DC plan. This Plan is administered by the State of Alaska, Department of Administration in conjunction with the DB plan noted above. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature. The Alaska Retirement Management Board may also amend contribution requirements. Included in the Plan are individual pension accounts, a retiree medical insurance plan and a separate Health Reimbursement Arrangement account that will help retired members pay medical premiums and other eligible medical expenses not covered by the medical plan. This Plan is included in the annual comprehensive financial report for PERS, and at the following website, as noted above. https://drb.alaska.gov/docs/reports/#pers.

Contributions to the DC plan consist solely of employer and employee contributions with no special funding or other nonemployer contributions. In addition, actual remittances to the PERS system require that the City and Borough contribute at 22%. After deducting the DC plan contributions (and related OPEB contributions), the remaining remittance (the DBUL) is deposited into the DB plan as noted earlier.

Benefit Terms

Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and vest 25% with two years of service, plus an additional 25% per year thereafter for full vesting at five years of service. Nonvested employer contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment from the Plan. Such forfeitures were applied in the year ended June 30, 2024 to cover a portion of the City and Borough's employer match contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2024, forfeitures reduced pension expense by \$34,754.

Employee Contribution Rate

Employees are required to contribute 8% of their annual covered salary. This amount goes directly to the individual's account.

Employer Contribution Rate

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City and Borough was required to contribute 5% of covered salary into the Plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The City and Borough and employee contributions to PERS for pensions for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$471,272 and \$754,034, respectively. The City and Borough contribution amount was recognized as pension expense/expenditures.

(c) Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

As part of its participation in PERS, the City and Borough participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans: Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust (ARHCT), Retiree Medical Plan (RMP) and Occupational Death and Disability Plan (ODD).

The ARHCT, a healthcare trust fund, provides major medical coverage to retirees of the DB plan. The ARHCT is self-funded and self-insured. The ARHCT was closed to all new members effective July 1, 2006. Benefits vary by Tier level. The RMP provides major medical coverage to retirees of the PERS DC Plan (Tier IV). The RMP is self-insured. Members are not eligible to use the Plan until they have at least 10 years of service and are Medicare age eligible. The ODD provides death benefits for beneficiaries of plan participants and long-term disability benefits to all active members within PERS. The Plans are administered by the State of Alaska, Department of Administration. The OPEB plans are included in the annual comprehensive financial report for PERS, at the following website, https://drb.alaska.gov/docs/reports/#pers.

Employer Contribution Rates

Employer contribution rates are actuarily determined and adopted by and may be amended by the Board. Employees do not contribute.

Employer contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2024 were as follows:

	Other	Peace/Fire
Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust	- %	-%
Retiree Medical Plan	1.01%	1.01%
Occupational Death and Disability	0.30%	0.68%
Total Contribution Rates	1.31%	1.69%

In 2024, the City and Borough was credited with the following contributions to the OPEB plans:

	Measurement Period July 1, 2022 to		City and Borough Fiscal Year July 1, 2023 to	
	Jun	e 30, 2023	June 30, 2024	
Employer contributions - ARHCT Employer contributions - RMP Employer contributions - ODD Nonemployer contributions (on-behalf)	\$	95,973 31,709 -	\$	95,196 33,884 -
Total Contributions	\$	127,682	\$	129,080

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

OPEB Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Plans

At June 30, 2024, the City and Borough reported an asset for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (NOA) that reflected a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the City and Borough. The amount recognized by the City and Borough for its proportional share, the related State proportion, and the total were as follows:

City and Borough's proportionate share of NOA - ARHCT City and Borough's proportionate share of NOA - RMP City and Borough's proportionate share of NOA - ODD	\$ 8,114,191 224,186 244,795
Total City and Borough's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Asset	\$ 8,583,172
State's proportionate share of the ARHCT NOA associated with the City and Borough	2,731,608
Total Net OPEB Asset	\$ 11,314,780

The total OPEB liability for the June 30, 2023 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023 and adjusted to reflect updated assumptions to calculate the net OPEB assets as of that date. The City and Borough's proportion of the net OPEB assets was based on a projection of the City and Borough's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

	June 30, 2022 Measurement Date Employer Proportion	June 30, 2023 Measurement Date Employer Proportion	Change
City and Borough's proportionate share of the net OPEB assets: ARHCT RMP ODD	0.35874% 0.50437% 0.51630%	0.35265% 0.47213% 0.47715%	(0.00609)% (0.03224)% (0.03915)%

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City and Borough recognized OPEB expense (benefit) of \$(1,479,010). Of this amount, \$(465,507) was recorded for on-behalf revenue and expense for support provided by the ARHCT plan. OPEB expense (benefit) and on-behalf revenue is listed by plan in the table below:

Plan	(OPEB Expense (Benefit)	On-beh	alf Revenue
ARHCT RMP ODD	\$	(1,634,943) 111,326 44,607	\$	(465,507) - -
Total	\$	(1,479,010)	\$	(465,507)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

At June 30, 2024, the City and Borough reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB plans from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	ARHCT	RMP	ODD	Total
Difference between expected and actual				
experience	\$ 16,847	\$	\$ -	\$ 23,681
Changes in assumptions Difference between projected and actual	-	24,108	-	24,108
investment earnings	369,319	18,786	5,651	393,756
Changes in proportion and differences between City and Borough contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions City and Borough contributions subsequent	19,472	4,446	74,806	98,724
to the measurement date	-	95,196	33,884	129,080
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Related to OPEB Plans	\$ 405,638	\$ 149,370	\$ 114,341	\$ 669,349
		5445	000	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	ARHCT	RMP	ODD	Total
Difference between expected and actual				
experience	\$ -	\$ (7,236)	\$ (68,782)	\$
Changes in assumptions	(149,319)	(182,304)	(1,019)	(332,642)
Changes in proportion and differences between City and Borough contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions	_	(52,456)	(9,742)	(62,198)
		, , ,	, , , , ,	· · · /_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Plans	\$ (149,319)	\$ (241,996)	\$ (79,543)	\$ (470,858)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB plans resulting from City and Borough contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net OPEB assets in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		ARHCT		RMP	ODD		Total
2025	Ļ	(272 ((4)	Ļ	(40 04E) Č	460	Ļ	(24.4.440)
2025 2026	Ş	(273,664) (333,612)	\$	(40,915) \$ (44,526)	469 (656)	Ş	(314,110) (378,794)
2027		886,206		(12,892)	9,221		882,535
2028		(22,611)		(44,107)	2,101		(64,617)
2029		-		(25,466)	(5,552)		(31,018)
Thereafter		-		(19,916)	(4,669)		(24,585)
Total Amortization	\$	256,319	\$	(187,822) \$	914	\$	(69,411)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability for each plan was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Unfunded Accrued Actuarial Liability, level percent of pay basis

Inflation 2.50% per year

Salary increases For peace officer/firefighter, increases range from 8.50% to 3.85%

based on service. For all others, increases range from 6.75% to 2.85%

based on service.

Amounts for the June 30, 2023 measurement date were allocated to Allocation methodology

employers based on the ratio of the present value of projected future contributions for each employer to the total present value of projected future contributions to the Plan for fiscal years 2024 to

2039.

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of postemployment healthcare plan investment expenses.

This is based on an average inflation rate of 2.50% and a real rate of

return of 4.75%.

Healthcare cost trend rates Pre-65 medical: 6.7% grading down to 4.5% (ARHCT and RMP Plans) Post-65 medical: 5.5% grading down to 4.5%

Prescription drug: 7.2% grading down to 4.5%

Rx/EGWP: 7.2% grading down to 4.5% Initial trend rates are from FY 2024 Ultimate trend rates reached in FY 2050

Mortality

Peace officer/firefighter (ARHCT and RMP Plans)

Pre-commencement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Safety Employee table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Deaths are assumed to result from occupation causes 70% of the time. Post-commencement mortality

rates for healthy retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Safety Retiree headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Safety Disabled Retiree headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. These rates are applied only after the death of the

original member.

(ODD Plan) Pre-commencement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010

Safety Employee table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-

2021 generational improvement. Deaths are assumed to result from

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

occupational causes 70% of the time. Post-commencement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Safety Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Safety Disabled Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. These rates are applied only after the death of the original member.

All others (ARHCT and RMP Plans)

Pre-commencement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Deaths are assumed to result from occupational causes 35% of the time. Post-commencement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on 101% of male and 110% of female rates of the Pub-2010 General Retiree table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree headcount-weighted, and projected with generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on 101% of male and 108% of female rates of the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. These rates are applied only after the death of the original member.

(ODD Plan)

Pre-commencement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Deaths are assumed to result from occupational causes 35% of the time. Post-commencement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on 98% of male and 106% of female rates of the Pub-2010 General Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Post-commencement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on 102% of male and 108% of female rates of the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. These rates are applied only after the death of the original member.

Participation (ARHCT)

100% system paid of members and their spouses are assumed to elect the healthcare benefits paid as soon as they are eligible.

Peace officer/firefighter

20% of nonsystem paid members and their spouses are assumed to elect the healthcare benefits as soon as they are eligible.

All others

25% of nonsystem paid members and their spouses are assumed to elect the healthcare benefits as soon as they are eligible.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The total OPEB liability for each plan was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2022, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2021, resulting in changes in actuarial assumptions effective for the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, which were adopted by the Board to better reflect the expected future experience. For the ARHCT and RMP plans, the per capita claims costs were updated to reflect recent experience for the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments for each plan was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of arithmetic rates of return, excluding the inflation component of 2.82%, for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

			Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Range	Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	27%	+/- 6%	6.17%
	=		
Global equity (non-U.S.)	18%	+/- 4%	6.55%
Aggregate bonds	19%	+/- 10%	1.63%
Multi-asset	8 %	+/- 4%	-%
Real assets	14%	+/- 7%	4.87%
Private equity	14%	+/- 7%	11.57%
Cash equivalents	-%	-%	0.49%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for each plan as of June 30, 2023 was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer and State contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy which meets State statutes. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position or each plan was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability for each plan.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City and Borough's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the City and Borough's proportionate share of the respective plan's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

	Proportional Share	1	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	19	% Increase (8.25%)
City and Borough's proportionate						
share of the net OPEB asset:						
ARHCT	0.35265%	\$	5,393,451	\$ 8,114,191	\$ 1	0,399,764
RMP	0.47213%	\$	7,790	\$ 224,186	\$	389,493
ODD	0.47715%	\$	230,008	\$ 244,795	\$	256,303

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the City and Borough's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates as summarized in the 2022 actuarial valuation reports as well as what the City and Borough's proportionate share of the respective plan's net OPEB asset (liability) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Proportional Share	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
City and Borough's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset				
(liability):				
ARHCT	0.35265%	\$ 10,661,200	\$ 8,114,191	\$ 5,081,399
RMP	0.47213%	\$ 411,679	\$ 224,186	\$ (27,657)
ODD	0.47715%	\$ n/a	\$ n/a	\$ n/a

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

(d) Defined Contribution OPEB Plans

PERS DC Pension Plan participants (PERS Tier IV) also participate in the Health Reimbursement Arrangement Plan (HRA Plan). The HRA Plan allows for medical care expense to be reimbursed from individual savings accounts established for eligible persons. The HRA Plan became effective July 1, 2006 at which time contributions by employers began.

Contribution Rate

AS 39.30.370 establishes this contribution amount as "three percent of the average annual employee compensation of all employees of all employers in the plan". As of July 1, 2023, for actual remittance, this amount is calculated as a flat rate for each full-time or part-time employee per pay period and approximates \$2,303 per year for each full-time employee, and \$1.48 per hour for part-time employees.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Annual Postemployment Healthcare Cost

In fiscal year 2024, the City and Borough contributed \$247,857 in DC OPEB costs. This amount has been recognized as expense/expenditures.

14. Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantors cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The government is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Municipal Attorney the resolution of these matters will not have an adverse material effect on the financial condition of the government.

The City and Borough's sewage treatment plant provides for primary treatment of waste. The City and Borough was operating under a five-year exemption, which expired in August 1994, from Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations that required secondary treatment for sewage discharged into marine waters. The City and Borough is currently under a temporary EPA permit and anticipates finalizing a permanent permit in the near future which will require secondary filtration. The cost of upgrading the plant to secondary treatment at the expiration of the exemption would be approximately \$10 million. The cost of treating storm water is not presently estimable.

Other Federal and State regulations, compliance with which will require significant expenditures by the City and Borough, including the Americans with Disabilities Act, have a cost of compliance that is not currently known.

15. Subsequent Events

The City and Borough has entered into raw water export sales contracts with private entities. Revenue under these contracts is not guaranteed and is dependent on the amount of raw water exported. Revenue earned under the contracts will be accounted for in the Raw Water Sales Special Revenue Fund. Use of proceeds is restricted by code to be used to reimburse expenditures by other funds relating to the sale of bulk water, maintenance of the infrastructure and retention of water rights.

16. New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several new accounting standards with upcoming implementation dates (effective dates are adjusted for the issuance of GASB Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance). The following new accounting standards were considered, and if applicable, implemented by the City and for 2024 reporting:

GASB Statement No. 100 - Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62 - Effective for year-end June 30, 2024. Earlier application is encouraged. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This pronouncement has been implemented, but did not result in any changes for the current year.

GASB Statement No. 101 - Compensated Absences - Effective for year-end June 30, 2025. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The City and Borough of Sitka implemented this statement as of June 30, 2024 as detailed in Note 17.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued several new accounting standards with upcoming implementation dates. Management has not fully evaluated the potential effects of these statements, and actual impacts have not yet been determined. The statements are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 102 - Certain Risk Disclosures - Effective for year-end June 30, 2025. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to provide users of the government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The disclosures will provide users timely information regarding certain concentrations or constraints and related events that have occurred or have begun to occur that make a government vulnerable to a substantial impact.

GASB Statement No. 103 - Financial Reporting Model Improvements - Effective for year-end June 30, 2026. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement also addresses certain application issues.

GASB Statement No. 104 - Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets - Effective for year-end June 30, 2026. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to provide users of governmental financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets in order to make informed decisions and assess accountability. The disclosure requirements will improve consistency and comparability between governments.

Note 17. Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements

Effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, the City and Borough has retrospectively implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences (GASB 101). This new accounting standard supersedes GASB Statement No. 16 and provides enhanced guidance on the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of liabilities related to compensated absences. In particular, the City and Borough now recognizes an estimated amount of sick leave earned as of year-end that will be used by employees in future years as part of the liability for compensated absences.

Under GASB 101, compensated absences liabilities are recognized when the following criteria are met:

- The leave is attributable to services already rendered by employees.
- The leave accumulates and can be carried forward to future periods.
- It is more likely than not that the leave will either be used by employees or paid out upon termination or retirement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

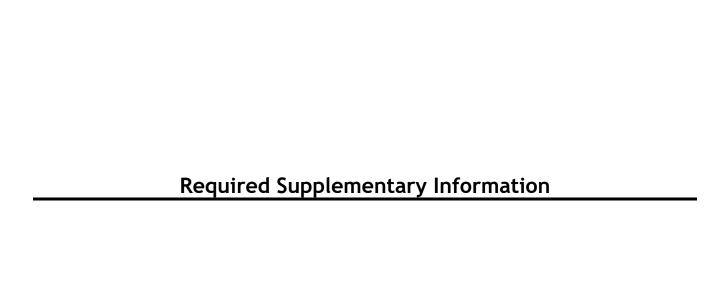
The measurement of these liabilities reflects the pay rates in effect as of the financial statement date, ensuring a consistent and transparent valuation. Additionally, GASB 101 streamlines disclosure requirements, emphasizing the presentation of relevant and useful information to financial statement users.

The effects of reporting GASB 101 in the City and Borough's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024. Due to the immateriality of the cumulative effect of this change on prior periods, the City and Borough has elected to apply the standard prospectively as of July 1, 2023. As a result:

- The beginning net position of governmental activities and business-type activities has not been restated.
- The impact of GASB 101 is reflected in the current fiscal year financial statements.
- Prior period financial information remains presented as previously reported.

The implementation of GASB 101 did not have a material impact on the financial position or results of operations of individual funds.

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General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024	Or	iginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	7,354,000	\$	7,354,000	\$	7,435,553	\$	81,553
Sales taxes		19,594,150		19,594,150		18,688,712		(905,438)
Total taxes		26,948,150		26,948,150		26,124,265		(823,885)
State sources:								
Community Assistance		500,000		500,000		482,893		(17,107)
State PERS relief		500,000		500,000		193,122		(306,878)
State grants		7,000		7,000		7,000		-
Other		30,000		30,000		18,500		(11,500)
Total state sources		1,037,000		1,037,000		701,515		(335,485)
Federal sources:								
National Forest receipts		533,000		533,000		571,480		38,480
Payment in lieu of taxes		799,000		799,000		872,558		73,558
Pandemic relief and other federal grants		100,000		100,000		1,502,415		1,402,415
Total federal sources		1,432,000		1,432,000		2,946,453		1,514,453
Charges for services:								
State jail contract		391,200		391,200		587,052		195,852
Ambulance fees		700,000		700,000		764,428		64,428
E911 surcharges		180,000		180,000		172,046		(7,954)
Jobbing		700,000		700,000		434,504		(265,496)
Parks and recreation programs		50,000		50,000		110,109		60,109
Other		29,000		29,000		92,231		63,231
Total charges for services		2,050,200		2,050,200		2,160,370		110,170
Interfund services		2,902,413		2,902,413		2,902,413		_
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		25,000		25,000		35,633		10,633
Investment income		300,000		300,000		720,289		420,289
Uses of property		568,500		568,500		669,208		100,708
Licenses and permits		212,700		212,700		1,012,784		800,084
Other		80,000		80,000		62,020		(17,980)
Total Revenues	\$	35,555,963	\$	35,555,963	\$	37,334,950	\$	1,778,987
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General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual, continued

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024	Ori	ginal Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Expenditures					
Administration:					
Administration/Assembly	\$	1,595,213	\$ 2,836,203	\$ 2,116,471	\$ 719,732
Legal		476,661	513,554	455,135	58,419
Municipal clerk		667,768	603,445	581,738	21,707
Finance		2,990,538	3,023,535	2,838,651	184,884
Assessing		499,600	499,600	469,898	29,702
Planning		1,017,098	1,039,598	897,615	141,983
General office and local grants		1,215,121	1,231,201	1,261,843	(30,642)
Total administration		8,461,999	9,747,136	8,621,351	1,125,785
Public safety:					
Police		5,815,358	5,811,271	4,262,165	1,549,106
Fire		2,434,715	2,452,131	2,362,507	89,624
Ambulance		442,550	452,605	363,185	89,420
Search and rescue		37,027	37,027	24,061	12,966
Total public safety		8,729,650	8,753,034	7,011,918	1,741,116
Public works:					
Administration		843,931	843,336	1,012,403	(169,067)
Engineering		1,165,841	1,173,066	622,807	550,259
Streets		2,063,294	2,004,688	1,685,458	319,230
Recreation		1,035,303	1,080,302	1,012,161	68,141
Building officials		515,732	537,065	433,447	103,618
Total public works		5,624,101	5,638,457	4,766,276	872,181
Public services:					
Library		1,372,237	1,370,039	1,235,575	134,464
Harrigan Centennial Hall		1,016,251	1,003,072	856,923	146,149
Senior Citizen Center		69,965	69,965	56,336	13,629
Total public services		2,458,453	2,443,076	2,148,834	294,242
Sitka School District		8,527,498	8,527,498	8,527,498	

General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual, continued

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024	Or	riginal Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance
Debt service:						
Lease assets	\$	-	\$ -	\$	15,643 \$	(15,643)
Principal		22,311	22,311		22,310	1
Interest		2,888	2,888		2,888	
Total Debt Service		25,199	25,199		40,841	(15,642)
Equipment acquisition		52,000	82,971		90,585	(7,613)
Total Expenditures		33,878,900	35,217,371		31,207,303	4,010,069
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,677,063	338,592		6,127,647	5,789,056
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Leases		-	-		23,766	23,766
Transfers in		7,086,826	7,086,826		7,959,585	872,759
Transfers out		(8,721,249)	(12,871,249)		(11,633,939)	1,237,310
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,634,423)	(5,784,423)		(3,650,588)	2,133,835
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	42,640	\$ (5,445,831)	1	2,477,059 \$	7,922,891
Fund Balance, beginning					21,016,905	
Fund Balance, ending				\$	23,493,964	

Public Employees' Retirement System - Pension Plan Schedule of the City and Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Years Ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Borough's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.35335%	0.36126%	0.39876%	0.35950%	0.67845%	0.37989%	0.35743%	0.44663%	0.36213%	0.26956%
Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 18,321,757	\$ 18,413,091	\$ 14,628,434	\$ 21,214,553	\$ 37,139,956	\$ 18,877,051	\$ 18,337,623	\$ 24,965,090	\$ 17,563,590	\$ 12,572,647
State of Alaska Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,109,450	\$ 5,096,814	\$ 1,982,396	\$ 8,777,499	\$ 14,745,138	\$ 5,466,809	\$ 6,834,306	\$ 3,149,104	\$ 4,706,852	\$ 10,755,597
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 24,431,207	\$ 23,509,905	\$ 16,610,830	\$ 29,992,052	\$ 51,885,094	\$ 24,343,860	\$ 25,171,929	\$ 28,114,194	\$ 22,270,442	\$ 23,328,244
Borough's Covered Payroll	\$ 12,300,227	\$ 11,690,114	\$ 10,875,152	\$ 11,138,275	\$ 11,504,799	\$ 11,056,175	\$ 11,292,193	\$ 10,552,272	\$ 12,031,717	\$ 10,738,358
Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Payroll	148.95%	157.51%	134.51%	190.47%	322.82%	170.74%	162.39%	236.58%	145.98%	117.08%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	68.23%	67.97%	76.46%	61.61%	63.42%	65.19%	63.37%	59.55%	63.96%	62.37%

Schedule of City and Borough Contributions

Years Ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 3,072,126	\$ 3,018,761	\$ 2,921,160	\$ 2,720,378	\$ 2,342,989	\$ 1,433,032	\$ 1	,450,093	\$ 1,274,776	\$ 1,142,815	\$ 1,123,981
Contributions Relative to the Contractually											
Required Contribution	\$ 3,072,126	\$ 3,018,761	\$ 2,921,160	\$ 2,720,378	\$ 2,342,989	\$ 1,433,032	\$ 1	,450,093	\$ 1,274,776	\$ 1,142,815	\$ 1,123,981
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - !	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Borough's Covered Payroll	\$ 12,140,362	\$ 12,300,227	\$ 11,690,114	\$ 10,875,152	\$ 11,138,275	\$ 11,504,799	\$ 11	,056,175	\$ 11,292,193	\$ 10,552,272	\$ 12,031,717
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	25.31%	24.54%	24.99%	25.01%	21.04%	12.46%		13.12%	11.29%	10.83%	9.34%

Public Employees' Retirement System - ARHCT OPEB Plan Schedule of the City and Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

				ARHCT				
Years Ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021		2020	2019	 2018
Borough's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB	0.35265%	0.35874%	0.40038%	0.35940%		0.36786%	0.37992%	0.35470%
Liability (Asset)	\$ (8,114,191)	\$ (7,058,522)	\$ (10,271,216)	\$ (1,627,572) \$	5 1	1,006,841	\$ 3,899,090	\$ 2,996,375
State of Alaska Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (2,731,608)	\$ (2,016,291)	\$ (1,346,930)	\$ (675,536) \$	5	399,917	\$ 1,132,039	\$ 1,117,195
Total Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (10,845,799)	\$ (9,074,813)	\$ (11,618,146)	\$ (2,303,108) \$	5 1	1,406,758	\$ 5,031,129	\$ 4,113,570
Borough's Covered Payroll	\$ 3,303,170	\$ 3,413,371	\$ 3,670,783	\$ 4,681,486 \$	5 4	4,838,102	\$ 4,862,791	\$ 5,282,931
Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Payroll	-245.65%	-206.79%	-279.81%	-34.77%		20.81%	80.18%	56.72%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	133.96%	128.51%	135.54%	106.15%		98.13%	88.12%	89.68%

Schedule of City and Borough Contributions

				,	ARHCT			
Years Ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022		2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 219,124	\$	289,028	\$ 681,775	\$ 516,348	\$ 413,336
Contributions Relative to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 219,124	\$	289,028	\$ 681,775	\$ 516,348	\$ 413,336
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Borough's Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	\$ 2,722,880 0.000%	3,303,170 0.000%	\$ 3,413,371 6.420%	\$	3,670,783 7.874%	4,681,486 14.563%	4,838,102 10.673%	4,862,791 8.500%

Public Employees' Retirement System - RMP OPEB Plan Schedule of the City and Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

				RMP			
Years Ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Borough's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB	0.47213%	0.50437%	0.47145%	0.45200%	1.12450%	0.54709%	0.54581%
Liability (Asset)	\$ (224,186)	\$ (175,168)	\$ (126,546)	\$ 32,035	\$ 126,242	\$ 69,617	\$ 28,464
State of Alaska Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ -						
Total Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (224,186)	\$ (175,168)	\$ (126,546)	\$ 32,035	\$ 126,242	\$ 69,617	\$ 28,464
Borough's Covered Payroll	\$ 9,066,706	\$ 7,922,961	\$ 6,865,641	\$ 6,080,462	\$ 6,356,125	\$ 6,193,384	\$ 5,719,619
Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Payroll	-2.47%	-2.21%	-1.84%	0.53%	1.99%	1.12%	0.50%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	124.29%	120.08%	115.10%	95.23%	83.17%	88.71%	93.98%

Schedule of City and Borough Contributions

				RMP			
Years Ended June 30,		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 95,196	\$ 95,973	\$ 85,339	\$ 87,498	\$ 80,564	\$ 61,925	\$ 63,777
Contributions Relative to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 95,196	\$ 95,973	\$ 85,339	\$ 87,498	\$ 80,564	\$ 61,925	\$ 63,777
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -						
Borough's Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	\$ 9,417,482 1.011%	\$ 9,066,706 1.059%	\$ 7,922,961 1.077%	\$ 6,865,641 1.274%	\$ 6,080,462 1.325%	\$ 6,356,125 0.974%	\$ 6,193,384 1.030%

Public Employees' Retirement System - ODD OPEB Plan Schedule of the City and Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

				ODD			
Years Ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Borough's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB	0.47715%	0.51630%	0.49503%	0.46900%	1.05215%	0.54709%	0.54581%
Liability (Asset)	\$ (244,795)	\$ (226,334)	\$ (218,177)	\$ (127,737)	\$ (140,060)	\$ (106,255)	\$ (77,445)
State of Alaska Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ -						
Total Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (244,795)	\$ (226,334)	\$ (218,177)	\$ (127,737)	\$ (140,060)	\$ (106,255)	\$ (77,445)
Borough's Covered Payroll Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB	\$ 9,066,706	\$ 7,922,961	\$ 6,865,641	\$ 6,080,432	\$ 6,356,125	\$ 6,193,384	\$ 5,719,619
Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Payroll Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the	-2.70%	-2.86%	-3.18%	-2.10%	-2.20%	-1.72%	-1.35%
Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	349.24%	348.80%	374.22%	238.80%	297.43%	270.62%	212.97%

Schedule of City and Borough Contributions

				ODD			
Years Ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 33,884	\$ 31,709	\$ 29,787	\$ 26,406	\$ 20,549	\$ 23,586	\$ 7,852
Contributions Relative to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 33,884	\$ 31,709	\$ 29,787	\$ 26,406	\$ 20,549	\$ 23,586	\$ 7,852
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Borough's Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	\$ 9,417,482 0.360%	9,066,706 0.350%	\$ 7,922,961 0.376%	\$ 6,865,641 0.385%	\$ 6,080,462 0.338%	\$ 6,356,125 0.371%	\$ 6,193,384 0.127%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2024

1. Budgetary Comparison Schedules

The budgetary comparison schedules for major governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Annual budget operating expenditures are adopted at the fund level.

2. Public Employees' Retirement System Pension Plan

Schedule of the Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This table is presented based on the Plan measurement date. For June 30, 2024, the Plan measurement date is June 30, 2023.

Changes in Assumptions:

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2021, resulting in changes in actuarial assumptions effective for the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, which were adopted by the Board to better reflect expected future experience.

In 2022, the discount rate was lowered from 7.38% to 7.25%.

Amounts reported reflect a change in assumptions between 2016 and 2017 in the method of allocating the net pension liability from actual contributions to present value of projected future contributions.

GASB requires ten years of information be presented. However, until a full ten years of information is available, the Borough will present only those years for which information is available.

Schedule of the Borough's Contributions

This table is based on the Borough's contributions for each fiscal year presented. These contributions have been reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position.

GASB requires ten years of information be presented. However, until a full ten years of information is available, the Borough will present only those years for which information is available.

3. Public Employees' Retirement System OPEB Plans

Schedule of the Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset and Liability

This table is presented based on the Plan measurement date. For June 30, 2024, the Plan measurement date is June 30, 2023.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information, continued

Changes in Assumptions:

The total OPEB liability for each plan was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2022, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2021, resulting in changes in actuarial assumptions effective for the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, which were adopted by the Board to better reflect the expected future experience. For the ARHCT and RMP plans, the per capita claims costs were updated to reflect recent experience for the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation.

In 2022, the discount rate was lowered from 7.38% to 7.25%.

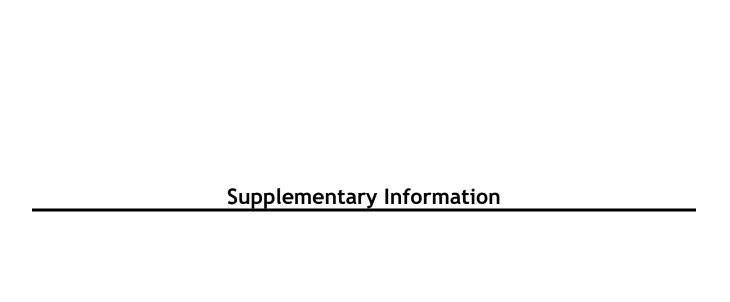
In 2019, an Employer Group Waiver Plan (EGWP) was implemented effective January 1, 2019. This arrangement replaced the Retiree Drug Subsidy (RDS) under Medicare Part D and resulted in largest projected subsidies to offset the cost of prescription drug coverage.

GASB requires ten years of information be presented. However, until a full 10 years of information is available, the Borough will present only those years for which information is available.

Schedule of the Borough's Contributions

This table is based on the Borough's contributions for each fiscal year presented. These contributions have been reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position.

GASB requires ten years of information be presented. However, until a full ten years of information is available, the Borough will present only those years for which information is available.



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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to be used for particular purposes.

Police Dept and Forfeitures-Accounts for the proceeds related to the property seized by the local Police Department, or Federal and State agencies.

Library Building-Accounts for donations given specifically for use on the Sitka Public Library building.

Library Donation-Accounts for donations given for purposes of supporting the Sitka Public Library.

Southeast Economic Development-Accounts for funding dedicated to local economic development.

Gary Paxton Park Contingency-Accounts for funding dedicated to environmental mitigation of former pulp mill site.

Commercial Passenger Vessel Excise Tax-Accounts for commercial passenger excise taxes that are remitted by the State of Alaska

LID Guaranty-Accounts for funds dedicated to providing a guarantee for debt service for bond issuances relating to LIDs.

LID Revolving-Accounts for funding of and for local improvement district projects.

Raw Water Sales-Accounts for funding related to the development of and revenue from the sale of bulk water from Blue Lake.

Fisheries Enhancement-Accounts for funding dedicated to enhancing local fisheries.

Pet Adoption-Accounts for donations to support adoption of pets.

Visitor Enhancement-Accounts for revenues from bed tax to be used to encourage tourism.

Student Activities-Accounts for proceeds from marijuana licenses and marijuana taxes, to be used for student travel and activities.

Utility Subsidization-Accounts for funds appropriated to be used in support of the Utility Subsidization Program.

Capital Project Fund

Capital Project-Accounts for general governmental capital projects.

Debt Service Fund

School Debt Service-Accounts for general obligation bonds and dedicated revenue streams relating to building and renovating schools.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet

							Canadal Day	,	ia Einada						
							Special Rev	/enu	ie Funds						
		Police Dept					Southeast		Gary Paxton		Commercial				
		and	Library	,	Library		Economic		Dary Paxton Park		Passenger Vessel Excise				
June 30, 2024		Forfeitures	Building		Donation		evelopment		Contingency		Tax	L	ID Guaranty	LI	D Revolving
Assets															
Equity in central treasury	\$	120,584 \$	18,982	ς	274,415	ς	59,020	ς	109,629	ς	3,299,056	Ś	272 623	ς	1,131,616
Receivables:	Y	120,304 \$	10,702	Ų	274,413	Ţ	37,020	Ţ	107,027	Y	3,277,030	Ţ	272,023	Ţ	1,131,010
Taxes		_	_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Special assessments		-	_		_		_		_		-		_		1,924
Federal and State of Alaska		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Advances to other funds		-	_		-		2,604,000		-		-		-		-
Notes receivable		-	-		-		442,950		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	120,584 \$	18,982	\$	274,415	\$	3,105,970	\$	109,629	\$	3,299,056	\$	272,623	\$	1,133,540
Liabilities															
Accounts payable	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources															
Deferred assessments		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,924
Fund Balances															
Nonspendable		-	-		-		3,046,950		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-	18,982		274,415		-		-		3,299,056		-		-
Committed		-	-		-		59,020		-		-		-		-
Assigned		120,584	-		-		-		109,629		-		272,623		1,131,616
Total Fund Balances		120,584	18,982		274,415		3,105,970		109,629		3,299,056		272,623		1,131,616
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of															
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	120,584 \$	18,982	\$	274,415	\$	3,105,970	\$	109,629	\$	3,299,056	\$	272,623	\$	1,133,540

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet, continued

	·			Special Re	ver	nue Funds					
June 30, 2024	F	Raw Water Sales	Fisheries Enhance- ment	t Adoption		Visitor Enhance- ment	Student Activities	Utility Subsidization	Capital Project Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets											
Equity in central treasury Receivables:	\$	138,623	\$ 3,258	\$ 32,088	\$	404,709	\$ 92,679	\$ 203,769	\$ 24,107,666	\$ 5,885,884	\$ 36,154,601
Taxes		-	_	-		290,401	82,173	-	-	-	372,574
Special assessments		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	1,924
Federal and State of Alaska		-	-	-		-	-	-	5,290	15,264	20,554
Accounts		500	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	500
Advances to other funds		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	2,604,000
Notes receivable		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	442,950
Total Assets	\$	139,123	\$ 3,258	\$ 32,088	\$	695,110	\$ 174,852	\$ 203,769	\$ 24,112,956	\$ 5,901,148	\$ 39,597,103
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 622	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,976	\$ -	\$ 32,598
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Deferred assessments		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	1,924
Fund Balances											
Nonspendable		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	3,046,950
Restricted		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	5,901,148	9,493,601
Committed		-	-	-		-	-	-	24,080,980	-	24,140,000
Assigned		139,123	3,258	31,466		695,110	174,852	203,769	-	-	2,882,030
Total Fund Balances		139,123	3,258	31,466		695,110	174,852	203,769	24,080,980	5,901,148	39,562,581
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow	s of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	139,123	\$ 3,258	\$ 32,088	\$	695,110	\$ 174,852	\$ 203,769	\$ 24,112,956	\$ 5,901,148	\$ 39,597,103

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

				Special F	Revenue Funds			
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024	Police Dept and Forfeitures	Library Building	Library Donation	Southeast Economic Development	Park	Commercial Passenger Vessel Tax	LID Guaranty	LID Revolving
Revenues								
Bed taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Marijuana taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial passenger excise tax	-	-	-	-	-	2,698,671	-	-
Investment income	137	945	13,390	15,789	16,093	106,884	14,007	58,399
Other	37,759	-	5,242	-	-	-	-	1,962
Total Revenues	37,896	945	18,632	15,789	16,093	2,805,555	14,007	60,361
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19
Public services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19
Excess of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures	37,896	945	18,632	15,789	16,093	2,805,555	14,007	60,342
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfer of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	(354,173)	(245,274)	(1,597,730)	(8,400)	(34,845)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	-	(354,173)	(245,274)	(1,597,730)	(8,400)	(34,845)
Net Change in Fund Balances	37,896	945	18,632	(338,384)	(229,181)	1,207,825	5,607	25,497
Fund Balances, beginning	82,688	18,037	255,783	3,444,354	338,810	2,091,231	267,016	1,106,119
Fund Balances, ending	\$ 120,584	\$ 18,982	\$ 274,415	\$ 3,105,970	\$ 109,629	\$ 3,299,056	\$ 272,623	\$ 1,131,616

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, continued

			Special Rev	enue Funds					
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024	Raw Water Fisheries Sales Enhancement		Pet Adoption	Visitor Enhancement	Student Activities		Capital Project Fund	School Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues									
Bed taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 780,796	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 780,796
Marijuana taxes	-	-	-	-	327,504	-	-	-	327,504
State sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,526,331	1,526,331
Federal sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,684	-	24,684
Commercial passenger excise tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,698,671
Investment income (loss)	37,173	458	1,105	16,518	2,934	11,925	255,575	241,932	793,264
Other	1,250	-	1,913	-	2,400	-	-	-	50,526
Total Revenues	38,423	458	3,018	797,314	332,838	11,925	280,259	1,768,263	6,201,776
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public safety	-	-	18,250	-	-	-	-	-	18,250
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19
Public services	-	48,555	-	531,508	300,000	-	-	-	880,063
Debt service:									
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,075,000	2,075,000
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	221,011	221,011
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	486,671	-	486,671
Total Expenditures	-	48,555	18,250	531,508	300,000	-	486,671	2,296,011	3,681,014
Excess of Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures	38,423	(48,097)	(15,232)	265,806	32,838	11,925	(206,412)	(527,748)	2,520,762
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
	-	-	-	-	-	-	(46,702)	-	(46,702)
Transfers in	-	47,996	-	-	-	198,000	11,349,211	-	11,595,207
Transfers out	(700,000)	-	-	-	-	(201,595)	(5,492,804)	-	(8,634,821)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(700,000)	47,996	-	-	-	(3,595)	5,809,705	-	2,960,386
Net Change in Fund Balances	(661,577)	(101)	(15,232)	265,806	32,838	8,330	5,603,293	(527,748)	5,481,148
Fund Balances, beginning	800,700	3,359	46,698	429,304	142,014	195,439	18,477,687	6,428,896	34,128,135
Fund Balances, ending	\$ 139,123	\$ 3,258	\$ 31,466	\$ 695,110	\$ 174,852	\$ 203,769	\$ 24,080,980	\$ 5,901,148	\$ 39,609,283

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NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Gary Paxton Industrial Park-Accounts for industrial park owned by the municipality.

Airport-Accounts for municipally owned airport terminal.

Marine Service Center-Accounts for cold storage building owned and operated by the municipality.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Net Position

		Gary Paxton				Marine Service		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
June 30, 2024	Ir	ndustrial Park		Airport		Center		Funds
Assets								
Current Assets								
Equity in central treasury	\$	8,186,900	\$	561	\$	1,805,562	\$	9,993,023
Receivables:								
Trade accounts receivable and other		15,625		40,040		-		55,665
Federal and State of Alaska		-		8,172,693		-		8,172,693
Current portion:								
Leases receivable		10,079		-		265,701		275,780
Total Current Assets		8,212,604		8,213,294		2,071,263		18,497,161
Noncurrent Assets								
Restricted assets:								
Equity in central treasury:				275 705				275 705
Bond covenant accounts		-		375,705		-		375,705
Capital asset acquisition		-		3,784,896		-		3,784,896
Net OPEB asset		- 20.727		33,246		- 202 424		33,246
Leases receivable		28,736		-		2,302,131		2,330,867
Capital assets:		20,183,048		6,091,455		3,506,392		29,780,895
Property, plant and equipment Construction in progress		20,163,046		12,636,060		196,305		15,123,909
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(4,662,412)		(4,060,595)		(3,421,627)		(12,144,634)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				<u> </u>				
Total capital assets, net		17,812,180		14,666,920		281,070		32,760,170
Total Noncurrent Assets		17,840,916		18,860,767		2,583,201		39,284,884
Total Assets		26,053,520		27,074,061		4,654,464		57,782,045
Deferred Outflows of Resources OPEB related				2 201				2 201
Pension related		_		2,381 13,752		-		2,381 13,752
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		2/ 052 520	<u> </u>	16,133	<u>.</u>	4 (54 4(4	<u>,</u>	16,133
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	26,053,520	Ş	27,090,194	\$	4,654,464	\$	57,798,178
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	273,080	Ś	3,035,215	ς	-	\$	3,308,295
Interest payable	7	-	~	68,959	~	_	~	68,959
Due to other funds		_		3,002,618		-		3,002,618
Current portion:				-,,				2,22_,232
Revenue bonds		-		170,000		-		170,000
Compensated absences		-		1,500		-		1,500
Total Current Liabilities		273,080		6,278,292		-		6,551,372
Noncurrent Liabilities		•		, ,				. ,
Bonds, notes, and unamortized bond premiums		-		3,329,426		-		3,329,426
Compensated absences		-		1,050		-		1,050
Net pension liability		-		70,967		-		70,967
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		-		3,401,443		-		3,401,443
Total Liabilities		273,080		9,679,735		_		9,952,815
Deferred Inflows of Resources		,		, ,				, ,
Lease related		37,890		_		2,543,107		2,580,997
OPEB related		-		1,642		2,343,107		1,642
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		37,890		1,642		2,543,107		2,582,639
Net Position		•		·		·		·
Net investment in capital assets		17,540,413		12,302,357		281,070		30,123,840
Restricted for OPEB asset		, ,, .		33,246		- ,-··-		33,246
Unrestricted		8,202,137		5,073,214		1,830,287		15,105,638
Total Net Position		25,742,550		17,408,817		2,111,357		45,262,724
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	Ċ		Ċ		Ċ		ċ	
iotal Liabilities, Deletted lilitows of Resources and Net Position	\$	26,053,520	Ş	27,090,194	\$	4,654,464	\$	57,798,178

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Gary Paxton		Marine To	otal Nonmajor
	Industrial		Service	Enterprise
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024	Park	Airport	Center	Funds
Operating Revenues				
Charges for service	\$ 248,082	\$ 805,787 \$	282,568 \$	1,336,437
Other operating revenues	-	13,821	-	13,821
Total Operating Revenues	248,082	819,608	282,568	1,350,258
Operating Expenses				
Wages and benefits	-	95,676	-	95,676
Utilities and supplies	27,178	137,926	19,256	184,360
Repair and maintenance	-	87,031	49,373	136,404
Contracted/purchased services	100,118	92,436	12,469	205,023
Interdepartmental services	86,361	127,661	27,049	241,071
Insurance	30,916	28,134	14,256	73,306
Other	441	5,584	-	6,025
Depreciation and amortization	407,259	178,430	28,129	613,818
Total Operating Expenses	652,273	752,878	150,532	1,555,683
Income (Loss) from Operations	(404,191)	66,730	132,036	(205,425)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment income	476,986	241,280	133,166	851,432
Interest expense	-	(146,976)	-	(146,976)
State pension relief	-	802	-	802
Net Nonoperating Revenues	476,986	95,106	133,166	705,258
Income Before				
Contributions and Transfers	72,795	161,836	265,202	499,833
Capital contributions	-	8,349,059	-	8,349,059
Transfer of capital assets	-	4,915,774	-	4,915,774
Transfers in	1,295,273	3,298	-	1,298,571
Transfers out	(33,185)	-	-	(33,185)
		12 122 217	0/5	45 000 055
Change in Net Position	1,334,883	13,429,967	265,202	15,030,052
NAME OF THE PARTY	04 107 117	2.070.050	4 0 44 4 5 5	20 222 475
Net Position, beginning	24,407,667	3,978,850	1,846,155	30,232,672
Not Position anding	Ć 0F 740 FF0	¢ 47 400 047	2 444 257 - 2	45 272 72 1
Net Position, ending	\$ 25,742,550	\$ 17,408,817 \$	2,111,35/ \$	45,262,724

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows

		Cara Dantas					Total
		Gary Paxton			Marine		Nonmajor
		Industrial			Service		Enterprise
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024		Park	Airport		Center		Funds
Cash Flows from (for) Operating Activities							
Receipts from customers and users	\$	237,103	\$,	\$	275,006	\$	1,336,687
Payments to suppliers		(158,153)	(343,481)		(95,841)		(597,475)
Payments for interfund services used Payments to employees		(86,361)	(127,661) (70,698)		(27,049)		(241,071) (70,698)
Net cash flows from operating activities		(7,411)	282,738		152,116		427,443
Cash Flows from (for) Noncapital Financing Activities		(7,111)	202,730		132,110		127,113
Increase in due to other funds			3,002,618				3,002,618
Transfers in		5,273	3,002,018		-		5,273
Transfers out		(33,185)	_		_		(33,185)
Note receivable payments		131	_				131
Net cash flows from (for) noncapital financing activities		(27,781)	3,002,618		_		2,974,837
Cash Flows for Capital and Related Financing Activities		(==)= = =)	2,000,000				_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Capital outlay		(2,418,757)	(5,249,261)		(281)		(7,668,299)
Interest paid		-	(174,268)		-		(174,268)
Payments on bonds and lease assets		_	(142,146)		-		(142,146)
Government grants and loans		-	1,605,194		-		1,605,194
Transfers in		1,290,000	3,298		-		1,293,298
Net cash flows for capital and related financing activities		(1,128,757)	(3,957,183)		(281)		(5,086,221)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities - Interest received		476,986	190,417		133,166		800,569
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(686,963)	(481,410)		285,001		(883,372)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning		8,873,863	4,266,867		1,520,561		14,661,291
Cash and Cash Equivalents, ending	\$	8,186,900	3,785,457	\$	1,805,562	\$	13,777,919
Reconciliation of Income (Loss) from Operations to Net Cash Flows from (for) Operating Activities							
Income (loss) from operations	\$	(404,191)	66,730	\$	132,036	\$	(205,425)
Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from							
operations to net cash flows from operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization		407,259	178,430		28,129		613,818
State PERS relief		-	(802)		-		(802)
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows of r	esour		4 2 40		47.442		40.404
Accounts receivable (net)		(10,812)	4,340		17,163		10,691
Leases receivable Net OPEB asset		7,196	32,016		(2,567,832)		(2,528,620)
Deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB		-	(33,246)		-		(33,246)
Deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB Deferred outflow of resources related to pensions		-	(2,381) (13,752)		-		(2,381) (13,752)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of	reso	urces.	(13,732)		_		(13,732)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1030	500	7,630		(487)		7,643
Compensated absences		-	2,550		(107)		2,550
Net pension liability		_	70,967		_		70,967
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		_	1,642		-		1,642
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases		(7,363)	(31,386)		2,543,107		2,504,358
Net Cash Flows from (for) Operating Activities	\$	(7,411)	282,738	\$	152,116	\$	427,443
Cash on Statement of Net Position							
Equity in central treasury	\$	8,186,900	561	\$	1,805,562	\$	9,993,023
Restricted for capital asset acquisition	~	-,,,,,,,	3,784,896	7	-,,	7	3,784,896
Cash and Cash Equivalents, ending	\$	8,186,900	3,785,457	\$	1,805,562	\$	13,777,919
		O IOO will					
Capital expenditures included in accounts payable	\$	271,767	3,025,738	ب \$	1,003,302	\$	3,297,505

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The City and Borough of Sitka's internal service funds account for the provision of services by one department to other municipal departments. These include:

Information Technology-Accounts for centralized IT services provided to municipal departments.

Central Garage-Accounts for centralized vehicle repair and maintenance.

Building Maintenance-Accounts for maintenance of all municipal buildings.

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024	Information Technology	Central Garage	3	Total Internal Service Funds
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Current Assets Equity in central treasury Prepaid expenses	\$ 560,633 23,918	\$ 7,589,664	\$ 815,527	\$ 8,965,824 23,918
Total Current Assets	584,551	7,589,664	815,527	8,989,742
Noncurrent Assets				
Net OPEB asset Capital assets:	313,952	117,599	175,358	606,909
Property, plant and equipment	3,164,333	11,404,369	24,373	14,593,075
Construction in progress Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	- (3,043,854)	73,060 (7,978,671)	(23,053)	73,060 (11,045,578)
Total capital assets, net	120,479	3,498,758	1,320	3,620,557
Total Noncurrent Assets	434,431	3,616,357	176,678	4,227,466
Total Assets	1,018,982	11,206,021	992,205	13,217,208
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,010,902	11,200,021	772,203	13,217,200
OPEB related	22,485	8,422	12,559	43,466
Pension related	129,864	48,644	72,535	251,043
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	152,349	57,066	85,094	294,509
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$1,171,331	\$11,263,087	\$1,077,299	\$ 13,511,717
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 24,494	\$ 37,632	\$ 14,328	\$ 76,454
Leases payable	8,452	-	-	8,452
Subscription IT liabilities Compensated absences	23,803	1 202	- 22 754	23,803
·	34,496	1,382	23,756	59,634
Total Current Liabilities	91,245	39,014	38,084	168,343
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated absences	35,297	6,185	3,473	44,955
Net pension liability	670,167	251,028	374,321	1,295,516
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	705,464	257,213	377,794	1,340,471
Total Liabilities	796,709	296,227	415,878	1,508,814
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
OPEB related	15,502	5,807	8,659	29,968
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	88,224	3,498,758	1,320	3,588,302
Restricted for OPEB Asset	313,952	117,599	175,358	606,909
Unrestricted	(43,056)	7,344,696	476,084	7,777,724
Total Net Position	359,120	10,961,053	652,762	11,972,935
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	r \$1,171,331	\$11,263,087	\$1,077,299	\$ 13,511,717

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Information	Central	_	Total Internal
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024	Technology	Garage	Maintenance	Funds
Operating Poyonues				
Operating Revenues Charges for service	\$ 2,083,301	\$ 2,693,926	\$ 821,609	\$ 5,598,836
_	, ,		. ,	. , ,
Other operating revenues	575	28,398	2,759	31,732
Total Operating Revenues	2,083,876	2,722,324	824,368	5,630,568
Operating Evpenses				
Operating Expenses	402 220	245 240	420.060	1 240 407
Wages and benefits	683,228	245,210	420,969	1,349,407
Travel and training	4,770	-	49 440	4,770
Utilities and supplies	423,434	263,839	48,119	735,392
Repair and maintenance	245,210	208,129	33,569	486,908
Contracted/purchased services	392,870	22,544	167,204	582,618
Interdepartmental services	147,449	91,786	104,330	343,565
Insurance	31,004	127,885	-	158,889
Other	(16,431)	21,024	34,712	39,305
Depreciation and amortization	173,667	636,387	880	810,934
Total Operating Expenses	2,085,201	1,616,804	809,783	4,511,788
Income (Loss) from Operations	(1,325)	1,105,520	14,585	1,118,780
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment income	29,003	325,221	41,406	395,630
Interest expense	(1,721)	-	-	(1,721)
State pension relief	7,568	2,835	4,227	14,630
Net Nonoperating Revenues	34,850	328,056	45,633	408,539
Income Before Transfers	33,525	1,433,576	60,218	1,527,319
e Derore 11 dilbrerb	33,323	1, 133,373	33,213	1,527,517
Transfers in	-	530,463	12,522	542,985
Transfers out	(88,000)	(862,500)		(950,500)
Transfers out	(66,666)	(002,000)		(730,300)
Change in Net Position	(54,475)	1,101,539	72,740	1,119,804
Net Position, beginning	413,595	9,859,514	580,022	10,853,131
Net Position, ending	\$ 359,120	\$ 10,961,053	\$ 652,762	\$ 11,972,935
, ,	105	,,,	, -3-,2	, , ,

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows

	nformation Technology	Central Garage	Building Maintenance	otal Internal ervice Funds
	reciliotogy	Garage	Mairicentance	 civice i dilas
Cash Flows from (for) Operating Activities				
•	2,083,876	\$ 2,722,324		\$ 5,630,568
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(1,152,874)	(649,460)	(311,200)	(2,113,534)
Payments for interfund services used	(147,449)	(91,786)	(104,330)	(343,565)
Payments to employees	(667,558)	(236,930)	(456,850)	 (1,361,338)
Net cash flows from (for) operating activities	115,995	1,744,148	(48,012)	 1,812,131
Cash Flows from (for) Noncapital Financing Activities				
Transfers from other funds	-	530,463	12,522	542,985
Transfers to other funds	(88,000)	(862,500)	-	 (950,500)
Net cash flows from (for) noncapital financing activities	(88,000)	(332,037)	12,522	 (407,515)
Cash Flows for Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Capital outlay	-	(627,161)	-	(627,161)
Payments on IT and lease assets	(55,344)	-	-	(55,344)
Interest paid	(1,721)	-	-	(1,721)
Net cash flows for capital and related financing activities	(57,065)	(627,161)	-	 (684,226)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Interest received	29,003	325,221	41,406	395,630
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(67)	1,110,171	5,916	1,116,020
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning	560,700	6,479,493	809,611	7,849,804
Cash and Cash Equivalents, ending \$	560,633	\$ 7,589,664	\$ 815,527	\$ 8,965,824
Reconciliation of Income (Loss) from Operations to Net				
Cash Flows from (for) Operating Activities				
Income (loss) from operations \$	(1,325)	\$ 1,105,520	\$ 14,585	\$ 1,118,780
Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations				
to net cash flows from (for) operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	173,667	636,387	880	810,934
State pension relief	7,568	2,835	4,227	14,630
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows of resources:				
Prepaid expenses	63,389	-	-	63,389
Net OPEB asset	(72,814)	(32,135)	(4,869)	(109,818)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	1,278	-	4,242	5,520
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	(15,269)	(8,029)	8,487	(14,811)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(135,406)	(6,039)	(27,596)	(169,041)
Compensated absences	26,565	7,567	5,516	39,648
Net pension liability	74,983	40,083	(46,487)	68,579
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(6,641)	(2,041)	(6,997)	 (15,679)
Net Cash Flows from (for) Operating Activities \$	115,995	\$ 1,744,148	\$ (48,012)	\$ 1,812,131

Statistical Section

Financial Trend Data

These schedules contain trend information that describe how the City and Borough's financial performance has changed over time. Tables 1-4

Revenue Capacity Data

These schedules contain information about the City and Borough's most significant sources of local revenue—property and sales tax. Tables 5-10

Debt Capacity

These schedules provide information on the of the current levels of outstanding debt, its affordability, and the City and Borough's ability to issue additional debt in the future. Tables 11-14

Economic and Demographic Information

These schedules provide economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City and Borough's financial activities take place. Tables 15-16

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure indicators that describe how the information in the City and Borough's financial report relates to the services the City and Borough provides and the activities it performs. Tables 17-20

Source:

Unless otherwise noted, information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	,	, ,,			
			Fiscal Year		
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Governmental activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 113,633,981	\$ 111,104,543	\$ 105,788,584	\$ 107,702,385	\$ 103,413,520
Restricted	26,651,153	30,481,029	37,915,955	38,122,724	41,104,764
Unrestricted	6,409,150	27,378,266	39,201,632	38,556,583	46,375,960
Total governmental activities net position	146,694,284	168,963,838	182,906,171	184,381,692	190,894,244
Business-type activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	163,674,646	163,706,810	167,898,962	169,416,806	173,092,013
Restricted	16,387,458	12,450,444	-	2,640,177	11,937,971
Unrestricted	28,218,057	32,759,270	44,367,135	57,966,762	65,444,037
Total business-type activities net position	208,280,161	208,916,524	212,266,097	230,023,745	250,474,021
Primary government:					
Net investment in capital assets	274,811,353	277,308,627	276,930,891	276,930,891	276,505,533
Restricted	42,931,473	37,915,955	49,798,661	49,798,661	53,042,735
Unrestricted	60,137,536	34,627,207	87,675,885	87,675,885	111,819,997
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 354,974,445	\$ 377,880,362	\$ 395,172,268	\$ 414,405,437	\$ 441,368,265
			Fiscal Year		
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 94,765,479	\$ 111,067,134	\$ 115,405,541	\$ 115,862,733	\$ 114,600,888
Restricted	32,149,739	27,567,141	27,067,460	27,776,873	23,357,825
Unrestricted	22,669,294	21,354,757	16,597,067	15,861,001	23,985,152
Total governmental activities net position	149,584,512	159,989,032	159,070,068	159,500,607	161,943,865
Duning and the second activities					
Business-type activities: Net investment in capital assets	164,836,448	171 250 227	170,051,853	167,321,108	149,892,960
Restricted	10,445,096	171,259,337 10,470,409	10,583,555	10,748,446	11,901,160
Unrestricted	33,109,400		27,954,746	27,082,561	42,848,761
Official	33,109,400	28,987,128	27,934,740	27,002,301	42,040,701
Total business-type activities net position	208,390,944	210,716,874	208,590,154	205,152,115	204,642,881
Primary government:					
Net investment in capital assets	282,326,471	285,457,394	283,183,841	283,183,841	264,493,848
Restricted	38,037,550	37,651,015	38,525,319	38,525,319	35,258,985
Unrestricted	50,341,885	44,551,813	42,943,562	42,943,562	66,833,913
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 357,975,456	\$ 370,705,906	\$ 367,660,222	\$ 364,652,722	\$ 366,586,746

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					ı	Fiscal Year				
		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024
General Fund:										
Nonspendable	\$	4,175,552	\$	3,125,552	\$	3,126,672	\$	3,131,639	\$	3,132,832
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-
Committed		9,494,699		10,408,352		10,611,079		11,383,908		12,504,622
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		3,827,823		7,894,539		6,502,122		6,501,358		7,856,510
Total General Fund	\$	17,498,074	\$	21,428,443	\$	20,239,873	\$	21,016,905	\$	23,493,964
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Nonspendable	Ś	22,487,510	Ś	26,506,715	Ś	32,962,853	Ś	23,452,880	\$	28,074,779
Restricted	7	4,739,787	7	3,974,314	7	7,743,102	*	9,904,833	7	10,534,834
Committed		11,530,484		14,810,545		17,858,977		25,369,783		28,287,944
Assigned		3,206,425		3,132,738		2,864,811		3,412,147		2,882,030
Unassigned (deficit)		(6,536,801)		(3,058,975)		(3,654,015)		(3,836,590)		(4,178,774)
		(, , , ,		(, , , ,		(, , , ,		. , , ,		(, , , ,
Total all other governmental funds	\$	35,427,405	\$	45,365,337	\$	57,775,728	\$	58,303,053	\$	65,600,813
					F	iscal Year				
		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
General Fund:										
Nonspendable	\$	1,825,359	\$	1,657,883	\$	988,403	\$	625,913	\$	117,381
Restricted				-		-				
Committed		8,295,203		8,460,152		9,206,808		10,262,266		9,924,505
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		4,889,171		4,420,827		3,977,938		4,171,993		5,716,004
Total General Fund	\$	15,009,733	\$	14,538,862	\$	14,173,149	\$	15,060,172	\$	15,757,890
All other governmental funds:										
Nonspendable	\$	56,681	\$	69,015	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5
Restricted	Ţ	26,207,854	Ţ	24,863,608	7	25,141,562	7	25,681,513	7	27,229,862
Committed		15,111,535		11,404,858		9,249,985		9,816,366		9,780,650
Assigned		2,387,729		3,580,527		3,344,825		3,705,160		3,679,829
Unassigned (deficit)		(4,785)		(5,167)		(5,187)		(5,187)		(5,187)
onassigned (denete)		(1,703)		(3, 107)		(3, 107)		(3, 107)		(3, 107)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	43,759,014	\$	39,912,841	\$	37,731,190	\$	39,197,857	\$	40,685,159

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

						•				-3/							—			
										Fiscal	Yea	ar								
		2015		2016		2017	7	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	_	2023		2024
Expenses																				
Governmental Activities																				
Administration	\$	2,078,240	\$	2,388,505	\$	2,715,896	5	2,461,842	\$	3,386,382	\$	2,119,817	\$	3,274,729	\$	2,432,815	\$	2,897,151	\$	5,470,004
Public safety		6,958,306		7,788,950		8,094,84		6,463,189		5,753,966		4,864,415		6,936,421		5,889,736		5,709,874		7,053,667
Public works		4,661,945		6,341,667		6,722,139)	5,872,594		5,501,557		5,184,674		5,576,464		5,862,713		6,167,119		7,210,737
Public services		3,727,612		3,222,086		3,996,51	;	3,453,341		3,521,266		5,453,614		2,931,251		521,039		4,254,290		4,758,534
School and Hospital Support*		9,384,188		10,783,487		10,392,966		10,680,672		10,890,195		10,761,829		10,680,074		11,411,175		11,855,519		11,566,627
Interest on long-term debt		1,082,227		1,054,818		809,90		882,935		624,648		521,250		316,986		279,251		213,352		211,846
Total Governmental Activities		27,892,518		31,579,513		32,732,263	3	29,814,573		29,678,014		28,905,599		29,715,925		26,396,729		31,097,305		36,271,415
Business-type Activities																				
Electric Utility		11,144,214		19,484,534		24,097,768	3	22,087,589		21,888,517		20,888,636		18,546,879		19,301,018	\$	16,788,392	\$	18,917,098
Water Utility		2,370,055		2,274,676		2,577,678	3	2,760,171		2,654,802		2,616,497		2,844,519		2,775,685		3,149,492		3,966,923
Waste water treatment		3,629,915		3,809,005		3,754,464	1	3,216,644		2,986,412		2,857,417		3,530,621		3,528,034		3,603,382		3,765,443
Solid waste disposal		3,344,737		3,882,003		4,519,678	3	4,881,503		4,564,504		4,467,101		4,809,527		4,995,697		4,608,670		5,060,192
Harbor		2,682,945		3,318,718		3,829,04		3,682,860		3,566,782		4,018,314		4,777,889		4,113,084		4,706,012		4,860,748
Other nonmajor business-type activities		1,693,904		1,467,365		1,221,382	2	2,650,641		1,465,345		1,599,200		1,495,646		1,550,144		1,564,140		1,680,627
Total Business-type Activities		24,865,770		34,236,301		40,000,01		39,279,408		37,126,362		36,447,165		36,005,081		36,263,662		34,420,088		38,251,031
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	52,758,288	\$	65,815,814	\$	72,732,274	١ \$	69,093,981	\$	66,804,376	\$	65,352,764	\$	65,721,006	\$	62,660,391	\$	65,517,393	\$	74,522,446
Program Revenues																				
Governmental Activities																				
Charges for services																				
Administration	Ś	377,681	\$	330,066	ς	595,70	٠ ,	318,388	ς	295,686	5	323,746	ς	1,450,700	ς	480,458	ς	513,189	ς	486,531
Public safety	~	1,409,655	7	1,112,805	~	1,052,23		1,138,956	7	1,264,663	7	1,280,152	7	1,139,857	7	1,277,351	7	1,825,096	~	1,645,594
Public works		1,052,273		1,928,131		908,526		927,505		843,019		766,288		668,985		570,153		525,901		1,412,539
Public services		252,980		161,542		107,80		137,626		123,579		113,798		52,335		124,725		1,174,179		1,203,977
Operating grants and contributions		5,673,970		5,583,311		3,853,366		5,475,108		4,598,755		4,738,892		17,605,492		9,273,717		5,332,537		4,619,138
Capital grants and contributions		9,807,793		14,352,444		6,216,233		1,706,983		653,575		978,321		1,481,958		827,787		292,972		24,684
		,,		,, ,		-, -,		,,		,		,.=:		, - ,		. ,		,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues		18,574,352		23,468,299		12,733,866	5	9,704,566		7,779,277		8,201,197		22,399,327		12,554,191		9,663,874		9,392,463

Changes in Net Position, continued Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

			(accruai	basis of accounti	rig)					
-	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Business-type Activities										
Charges for services:										
Electric Utility \$	14,623,321	\$ 14,251,478	\$ 15,846,375	17,538,304 \$	17,413,785	\$ 16,869,844	\$ 18,700,597	\$ 20,138,151 \$	20,899,556	\$ 21,525,741
Water	2,093,200	2,237,501	2,279,025	2,379,826	2,870,002	2,859,554	2,908,401	3,148,766	3,356,827	3,649,108
Wastewater treatment	2,906,839	3,069,962	3,093,130	3,201,110	3,335,631	3,534,237	3,595,175	3,789,616	4,169,621	4,518,415
Solid waste disposal	3,067,855	3,252,472	4,013,653	4,060,430	4,534,163	4,699,159	4,928,391	5,772,618	5,697,491	6,175,368
Harbor	2,256,944	2,376,000	2,474,704	2,419,711	2,546,141	2,440,448	2,516,123	3,053,377	3,426,068	3,518,016
Other nonmajor business-type	973,890	879,756	830,846	756,068	1,109,092	1,163,980	1,036,270	1,332,328	1,252,373	1,350,258
Operating grants and contributions	881,120	901,570	727,495	773,249	1,047,231	951,675	416,554	26,441	(124,565)	2,071,426
Capital grants and contributions	15,250,445	6,844,390	5,184,520	4,777,742	141,148	4,417,109	1,932,044	1,594,814	1,219,112	8,482,833
Total Business-type Activities										
Program Revenues	42,053,614	33,813,129	34,449,748	35,906,440	32,997,193	36,936,006	36,033,555	38,856,111	39,896,483	51,291,165
Total Primary Government										
Program Revenues	60,627,966	57,281,428	47,183,614	45,611,006	40,776,470	45,137,203	58,432,882	51,410,302	49,560,357	60,683,628
Net Revenue (Expense)										
Governmental activities	(9,318,166)	(8,111,214)	(19,998,397)	(20,110,007)	(21,898,737)	(20,704,402)	(7,316,598)	(13,842,538)	(21,433,431)	(26,878,952)
Business-type activities	17,187,844	(423,172)	(5,550,263)	(3,372,968)	(4,129,169)	488,841	28,474	2,592,449	5,476,395	13,040,134
Total Primary Government Net Expense \$	7,869,678	\$ (8,534,386)	\$ (25,548,660) \$	(23,482,975) \$	(26,027,906)	\$ (20,215,561)	\$ (7,288,124)	\$ (11,250,089) \$	(15,957,036)	\$ (13,838,818)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities										
Taxes Property taxes \$	6,245,146	\$ 6,202,972	\$ 6,454,150 \$	6,647,375 \$	6,777,625	\$ 6,852,247	\$ 7,242,611	\$ 7,204,373 \$	7,191,735	\$ 7,435,553
Sales and other taxes	10,983,577	11,712,840	12,779,601	13,887,701	15,096,448	13,960,613	14,989,797	18,538,164	22,807,942	23,273,743
Unrestricted grants and contributions	10,763,377	11,712,040	12,779,001	1,016,787	13,090,446	10,000	14,707,777	10,330,104	573,550	482,893
Investment earnings (loss)	1,368,824	1,098,031	2,186,968	1,838,439	2,667,299	2,080,495	6,217,663	(4,363,572)	2,431,962	4,478,386
Other	1,557,740	113,329	14	1,030,439	17,897	1,671,262	1,177,377	110,109	2,431,702	4,470,300
Transfers	(2,727,192)	(611,438)	(2,260,336)	(34,841)	(101,389)	(220,170)	(41,296)		(10,096,237)	(2,279,071)
	.,,,,			. , ,	. , ,	. , ,			. , , , ,	
Total Governmental Activities	17,428,095	18,515,734	19,160,397	23,355,461	24,457,880	24,354,447	29,586,152	20,839,354	22,908,952	33,391,504
Business-type Activities										
Unrestricted grants and contributions	1,009,033	879,793	953,324	1,279,885	1,188,722	621,756	855,702	1,752,179	1,451,832	887,842
Investment earnings	559,400	1,115,858	(120,678)	110,307	2,440,187	2,306,513	(289,106)	(1,644,777)	733,184	4,243,229
Other	43,664.00	142,013	330,561	62,659	(110,363)					
Transfers	2,727,192	611,438	2,260,336	94,844	101,389	220,170	41,296	649,720	10,096,237	2,279,071
Total Business-type Activities	4,339,289	2,749,102	3,423,543	1,547,695	3,619,935	3,148,439	607,892	757,122	12,281,253	7,410,142
Total Primary Government	21,767,384	21,264,836	22,583,940	24,903,156	28,077,815	27,502,886	30,194,044	21,596,476	35,190,205	40,801,646
Special item, sale of hospital	-	-	-	-	-	(18,899,626)	-	6,945,516	-	-
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	8,109,929	10,404,520	(838,000)	3,245,454	2,559,143	(15,249,581)	22,269,554	13,942,332	1,475,521	6,512,552
Business-type activities	21,527,133	2,325,930	(2,126,720)	(1,825,273)	(509,234)	3,637,280	636,366	3,349,571	17,757,648	20,450,276
Total Primary Government \$	29,637,062	\$ 12,730,450	\$ (2,964,720) \$	1,420,181 \$	2,049,909	\$ (11,612,301)	\$ 22,905,920	\$ 17,291,903 \$	19,233,169	\$ 26,962,828

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 17,071,383	\$ 17,697,462	\$ 18,924,241	\$ 20,129,961	\$ 21,874,073	\$ 20,812,860	\$ 22,232,408	\$ 25,742,537	\$ 29,999,677	\$ 30,709,296
State sources	15,088,635	17,218,068	8,810,809	4,952,257	4,056,169	2,222,438	1,085,248	5,602,137	2,312,156	2,227,846
Federal sources	3,057,734	2,813,097	1,525,182	2,330,840	1,446,483	2,340,356	17,510,579	4,175,587	4,264,760	2,971,137
Charges for services	2,150,939	2,748,192	1,643,371	1,751,934	1,758,868	1,668,135	1,326,334	1,403,587	2,123,116	2,160,370
Interfund services	2,807,749	2,870,628	2,750,429	2,855,203	2,695,448	2,663,479	2,705,560	2,784,694	2,861,120	2,902,413
Fines and forfeitures	118,679	85,245	71,293	46,773	60,572	55,730	45,401	63,199	46,202	35,633
Investment income (loss)	1,291,529	953,584	2,208,869	1,832,552	2,425,707	1,796,748	6,250,377	(4,250,060)	2,254,391	4,258,053
Uses of property	329,537	226,643	265,557	335,686	335,463	364,243	474,498	457,837	692,727	669,208
Licenses and permits	195,824	203,736	268,025	159,153	126,809	123,353	170,554	205,286	268,711	1,013,584
Other	827,062	387,895	419,254	441,192	268,265	1,959,575	2,286,627	1,295,740	931,909	876,631
Total Revenues	42,939,071	45,204,550	36,887,030	34,835,551	35,047,857	34,006,917	54,087,586	37,480,544	45,754,769	47,824,171
Expenditures										
Administration	5,439,736	4,750,036	4,863,965	4,906,870	5,993,080	5,159,126	5,547,373	6,032,660	6,636,488	8,651,875
Public safety	7,773,703	6,969,696	6,515,650	6,271,068	6,383,441	6,132,699	6,654,404	6,610,186	6,414,473	7,030,168
Public works	4,259,577	4,605,859	4,322,411	3,734,414	3,913,877	3,888,614	3,369,305	3,976,229	4,217,174	4,766,295
Public services	2,391,723	2,219,095	3,291,844	2,770,419	2,914,320	4,317,218	16,316,679	4,113,982	3,808,209	4,311,618
Support	6,896,830	7,650,465	7,177,703	7,294,014	7,524,879	7,511,994	7,581,311	8,364,200	8,818,868	8,527,498
Capital outlay	11,168,536	19,139,373	7,287,549	3,571,051	2,199,479	1,860,209	2,075,082	2,020,108	1,973,536	577,256
Debt service:										
Principal	2,483,231	2,578,831	2,717,310	2,802,310	2,902,310	2,177,310	1,872,309	2,017,310	2,072,310	2,097,310
Interest and fiscal charges	1,209,446	1,126,007	979,104	882,671	759,815	648,952	602,019	313,939	256,423	223,899
Lease assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,224	21,449	15,643
Total Expenditures	41,622,782	49,039,362	37,155,536	32,232,817	32,591,201	31,696,122	44,018,482	33,464,838	34,218,930	36,201,562
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,316,289	(3,834,812)	(268,506)	2,602,734	2,456,656	2,310,795	10,069,104	4,015,706	11,535,839	11,622,609
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Proceeds from sale of assets	1,052,256	22,334	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of bonds - par	6,095,000	-	1,630,000	-	-	-	6,290,000	-	-	-
Issuance of bonds - premium	836,234	-	52,463	-	-	-	585,277	-	-	-
Payment to refund bonds	(6,876,762)	-	(1,662,944)	-	-	-	(6,818,469)	-	-	-
Lease assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,926	-	(21,379,646)
Transfers in	8,509,199	7,685,336	7,690,538	5,955,584	7,910,063	5,684,276	5,923,589	10,575,206	17,333,386	(46,702)
Transfers out	(11,336,499)	(8,189,902)	(9,988,915)	(6,204,628)	(8,181,699)	(6,029,240)	(6,111,570)	(11,621,056)	(27,564,868)	19,554,792
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,720,572)	(482,232)	(2,278,858)	(249,044)	(271,636)	(344,964)	(131,173)	(974,924)	(10,231,482)	(1,871,556)
Special Item-sale of hospital	-	-	-	-	-	(1,553,032)	-	8,181,040	-	-
Net change in fund balances	\$ (404,283)	\$ (4,317,044)	\$ (2,547,364)	\$ 2,353,690	\$ 2,185,020	\$ 412,799	\$ 9,937,931	\$ 11,221,822	\$ 1,304,357	\$ 9,751,053
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditu	ur: 12.1%	12.4%	12.4%	12.9%	12.0%	9.5%	5.9%	7.4%	7.2%	6.5%

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

								Assessed
				Less				Value
				Tax	Total	Total		as a
				Exempt	Taxable	Direct	Estimated	Percentage
Fiscal	Residential	Commercial	Personal	Real	Assessed	Tax	Actual	of Actual
Year	Property	Property	Property	Property	Value	Rate	Value	Value
2015	\$ 761,395,448	\$ 189,935,700	\$ 148,629,600	\$ 14,587,081	\$ 1,085,373,667	0.006	\$ 1,195,498,800	90.79%
2016	682,904,400	292,673,300	60,709,500	77,348,300	958,938,900	0.006	1,245,005,400	77.02%
2017	751,808,201	322,203,499	57,307,441	81,338,900	1,049,980,241	0.006	1,318,435,400	79.64%
2018	869,636,600	262,276,100	56,307,441	103,355,100	1,084,865,041	0.006	1,284,593,700	84.45%
2019	896,558,900	251,270,800	57,532,700	97,144,300	1,108,218,100	0.006	1,222,215,256	90.67%
2020	830,119,100	430,511,300	54,170,370	201,563,000	1,113,237,770	0.006	1,335,015,956	83.39%
2021	901,626,400	234,464,000	68,053,670	25,678,080	1,178,465,990	0.006	1,398,738,889	84.25%
2022	919,894,900	575,856,600	50,232,540	370,017,140	1,175,966,900	0.006	1,258,472,608	93.44%
2023	928,992,200	582,740,900	56,380,040	379,547,200	1,188,565,940	0.006	1,331,802,778	89.24%
2024	903,343,100	650,436,100	43,854,620	384,347,716	1,213,286,104	0.006	1,348,095,671	90.00%

Property values are assessed at full and true value as of January 1st of the assessment year. On average (excluding tax exemptions), the City and Borough of Sitka assesses property at about 90% of its estimated full and true value, as demonstrated by the use of standardized ratio study results.

Source: Assessing department

Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Property Tax Mill Levies
	(per \$1,000
Fiscal	Assessed
Year	Valuation)
2015	6.00
2016	6.00
2017	6.00
2018	6.00
2019	6.00
2020	6.00
2021	6.00
2022	6.00
2023	6.00
2024	6.00

Property tax rates are set in the charter and may not be changed except by affirmative vote of a majority of voters-data is derived from charter.

There are no overlapping property tax rates.

Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Bed Tax	Tobacco Tax	Marijuana Tax	Total
2015	\$ 6,245,146	\$ 10,531,237	\$ 411,916	\$ 735,594	\$ -	\$ 16,351,095
2016	6,202,972	11,087,495	472,900	490,353	-	16,335,789
2017	6,454,150	12,631,709	503,439	879,157	-	17,207,109
2018	6,647,375	13,309,207	543,697	850,876	-	20,500,279
2019	6,777,625	13,309,207	553,911	835,730	-	20,640,743
2020	6,852,247	12,139,374	398,187	806,706	-	19,389,808
2021	7,242,611	13,115,999	407,024	850,329	-	20,765,634
2022	7,204,373	16,365,714	669,958	886,947	-	24,240,045
2023	7,191,735	19,317,031	792,950	846,827	125,754	27,301,716
2024	7,435,553	18,688,712	780,796	778,060	327,504	26,905,061

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2024		2015					
			Percentage of			Percentage of			
	Taxable		Total Taxable	Taxable		Total Taxable			
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed			
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value			
Southeast Alaska Regional Health Consortium	\$ 15,748,200	1	1.34%						
Silver Bay Seafoods LLC	12,293,490	2	1.04%	13,428,543	1	1.36%			
Scojo LLC	9,687,500	3	0.82%	5,454,712	7	0.55%			
Harbor Enterprises Inc	8,519,600	4	0.72%	8,042,720	4	0.81%			
Seafood Producers Cooperative	8,370,626	5	0.71%	6,454,000	6	0.65%			
The North West Co (Intl) Inc	7,913,100	6	0.67%	7,115,400	5	0.72%			
Hames Corporation	7,230,500	7	0.61%	8,894,083	3	0.90%			
North Pacific Seafoods Inc	6,489,700	8	0.55%	9,932,773	2	1.00%			
Sitka Residences LLC	5,654,600	9	0.48%						
AK Preservation Sawmill Ltd. Partnership	5,435,700	10	0.46%						
ACS				5,374,070	8	0.54%			
Halibut Point Marine Services, LLC				5,140,100	9	0.52%			
Shee Atika Incorporated				5,130,300	10	0.52%			
Totals	\$ 87,343,016		6.08%	\$ 74,966,701	_	7.57%			

Source: Assessing department

Property Tax Levies and Collection Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collections	within the
Fiscal Year	of the Levy

			 Fiscal Year of	the Levy				
		Total Tax			Co	ollections in		
Fiscal		Levy for	Amount	Percentage		Subsequent	Total	Percentage
Year	ear Fiscal Year Collected of Levy			Years	of Levy			
2015	\$	6,283,300	\$ 6,146,746	98%	\$	38,488	\$ 6,185,234	98.44%
2016		6,194,742	6,145,132	99%		29,616	6,174,748	99.68%
2017		6,337,187	6,300,105	99%		32,806	6,332,911	99.93%
2018		6,440,090	6,300,105	98%		110,484	6,410,589	99.54%
2019		6,639,822	6,431,978	98%		17,017	6,448,995	97.13%
2020		6,852,247	6,653,972	97%		61,613	6,715,585	98.01%
2021		7,242,611	7,075,478	98%		30,471	7,105,949	98.11%
2022		7,204,372	7,137,877	99%		55,327	7,193,204	99.84%
2023		7,191,735	7,119,818	99%		66,488	7,186,306	99.92%
2024		7,243,024	7,151,867	99%		45,905	7,197,772	99.38%

Sales Tax Receipts by Industry Last Ten Fiscal Years

Industry	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Industry	2013	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing \$	18,137 \$	19,297 \$	17,100 \$	27,629 \$	18,032 \$	49,882 \$	61,700 \$	25,768 \$	27,274 \$	20,417
Construction	201,145	205,887	234,360	301,566	324,984	277,465	384,018	422,258	394,732	392,103
Manufacturing	233,094	249,378	267,635	290,841	357,453	315,633	242,455	293,156	362,505	318,895
Transportation & Public Utilities	680,790	657,369	625,344	646,408	705,416	633,470	543,636	703,741	1,085,159	1,095,762
Wholesale Trade	54,145	70,273	80,346	90,818	101,752	105,103	103,411	115,791	119,285	110,304
Retail Trade	5,510,674	5,539,053	5,656,974	6,033,590	6,693,040	6,270,305	6,981,919	8,511,244	9,703,924	9,923,190
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	325,567	378,274	420,778	519,460	550,615	496,964	604,223	686,930	768,141	653,678
Services	1,865,545	2,173,224	2,623,270	2,954,957	3,338,532	2,685,683	3,050,104	4,508,827	5,548,740	5,005,646
Government - Local	789,630	930,599	892,001	1,222,743	1,067,592	1,304,869	1,144,533	1,097,999	1,307,271	1,168,717
Total Sales Tax Receipts \$	9,678,727 \$	10,223,354 \$	10,817,807 \$	12,088,012 \$	13,157,418 \$	12,139,374 \$	13,115,999 \$	16,365,714 \$	19,317,031 \$	18,688,712

Sales tax rate during months of April through September at 6%, remainder of the year at 5%

Gross Sales by Industry Last Ten Fiscal Years

Industry	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing \$	3,601,207	\$ 3,535,452 \$	2,324,843 \$	6,609,809	\$ 4,949,809 \$	5,207,417 \$	4,082,892 \$	2,694,549 \$	4,606,591	\$ 4,186,186
Construction	141,721,383	100,767,547	75,389,002	63,216,057	53,360,114	65,750,238	75,866,736	89,006,186	126,535,665	251,287,411
Manufacturing	12,173,509	11,546,457	14,185,850	12,954,934	11,942,032	13,677,415	17,097,426	14,353,681	15,977,994	11,317,727
Transportation & Public Utilities	18,932,722	17,792,868	17,803,360	20,127,273	24,630,228	18,738,603	17,730,630	25,670,856	37,044,154	39,397,115
Wholesale Trade	21,112,181	20,867,486	21,127,561	20,800,885	20,116,767	19,068,825	18,728,238	22,413,151	23,629,747	24,950,657
Retail Trade	147,117,219	137,741,065	147,468,118	161,438,725	160,689,354	150,832,467	166,332,439	216,752,705	253,662,667	286,248,603
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	22,925,923	17,877,973	17,511,353	4,419,534	17,746,257	16,948,680	19,640,817	22,179,232	23,165,623	25,621,169
Services	76,340,561	78,410,397	75,071,067	67,371,555	79,005,868	68,181,873	79,523,993	107,540,676	135,785,783	144,705,393
Government - Local	33,554,572	39,544,915	31,186,998	53,764,615	34,335,761	33,422,953	36,996,834	37,234,856	24,430,272	22,261,280
Total Gross Sales \$	477,479,277	\$ 428,084,160 \$	402,068,152 \$	410,703,387	\$ 406,776,189 \$	391,828,471 \$	436,000,005 \$	537,845,893 \$	644,838,496	\$ 809,975,540

Source: Finance department

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Go	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities									
	GO Bonds and				Revenue Bonds		Total	Percentage			
Fiscal	Unamortized	Notes	Subscription		and Unamortized	Notes S	Subscription		Primary	of Personal	Per
Year	Bond Premiums	Payable	IT Assets	Leases	Bond Premiums	Payable	IT Assets	Leases	Government	Income	Capita
2015	\$ 25,990,000	\$ 189,410	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 123,215,000	\$ 25,812,083	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 158,403,029	54.24%	\$ 17,411
2016	23,435,000	347,676	-	-	121,120,000	23,846,352	-	-	175,206,493	30.08%	19,811
2017	20,745,000	326,365	-	-	118,940,000	24,451,388	-	-	168,749,028	30.56%	19,111
2018	19,239,611	304,055	-	-	124,958,042	24,463,067	-	-	168,964,775	30.60%	19,446
2019	16,159,576	281,745	-	-	135,001,553	25,163,176	-	-	176,606,050	30.92%	20,424
2020	13,830,800	259,435	-	548,852	131,844,815	28,077,978	-	-	174,013,028	27.96%	20,489
2021	11,438,815	237,126	-	235,991	136,341,834	30,254,623	-	-	178,508,389	28.24%	21,325
2022	9,485,123	214,816	-	74,226	131,679,149	38,748,455	-	23,691	180,225,460	28.93%	21,438
2023	7,320,450	192,506	46,764	59,502	127,103,420	39,150,355	37,882	12,146	173,923,025	27.25%	20,750
2023	5,143,320	170,197	23,803	52,470	122,493,150	41,246,520	7,819	-	169,137,279	26.50%	20,179

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Figgs	General	Less: Amount Available in Debt Service		Percentage of Estimated Actual Value of	Dor
Fiscal Year	Obligation Bonds	Fund	Total	Property	Per Capita
TCUI	Donas	Tunu	Totat	Поретсу	Capita
2014	\$ 28,635,000 \$	1,958,072 \$	26,676,928	2.49% \$	3,191
2015	25,990,000	2,527,635	23,462,365	2.23%	2,932
2016	23,435,000	2,448,740	20,986,260	1.96%	2,373
2017	17,965,000	1,921,775	16,043,225	1.88%	2,353
2018	17,965,000	2,061,333	15,903,668	1.30%	1,830
2019	16,159,576	2,424,542	13,735,034	1.12%	1,588
2020	13,830,800	1,876,192	11,954,608	0.90%	1,408
2021	11,438,815	837,712	10,601,103	0.76%	1,266
2022	9,485,123	4,925,186	4,559,937	0.36%	542
2023	7,320,450	1,110,886	6,209,564	0.46%	741
2024	5,143,320	1,041,233	4,102,087	0.30%	489

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Legal Debt Margin Information As of June 30, 2024

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Overlapping debt	\$ -	0%	\$ -
City and Borough of Sitka, Alaska	5,389,790	100%	5,389,790
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 5,389,790		\$ 5,389,790

Legal Debt Margin

The City and Borough of Sitka, Alaska has had no legal debt margin requirements for any of the last ten fiscal years.

Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

2015 \$16,078,019 \$ 2,006,696 \$9,028,272 \$9,056,443 \$1,915,000 \$5,815,392 \$(571,533) \$7,158,82016 14,868,306 2,881,000 8,287,025 9,462,281 1,955,000 5,958,317 (574,328) 7,338,592 2017 16,336,780 1,582,681 8,747,944 9,171,517 2,035,000 5,878,517 (574,020) 7,339,420 2018 17,790,420		Electi	ric Revenue Bo	nds						
Fiscal Year Electric Revenue Stabilization Fund Operating Expenses Available Revenue Service Principal Interest Interest Interest Subsidies Total Principal 2015 \$ 16,078,019 \$ 2,006,696 \$ 9,028,272 \$ 9,056,443 \$ 1,915,000 \$ 5,815,392 \$ (571,533) \$ 7,158,82 2016 14,868,306 2,881,000 8,287,025 9,462,281 1,955,000 5,958,317 (574,328) 7,338,92 2017 16,336,780 1,582,681 8,747,944 9,171,517 2,035,000 5,878,517 (574,020) 7,339,42 2018 17,790,420 - 8,659,112 9,131,308 2,115,000 5,762,377 (575,663) 7,301,70 2019 18,945,919 - 8,349,335 10,596,584 2,175,000 5,729,072 (578,078) 7,325,59 2020 17,780,674 - 7,305,078 10,475,596 2,260,000 5,589,072 (578,078) 7,270,99 2021 18,863,385 - 7,375,780 11,487,605 2,212,966 2,574,725 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>Transfers</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>			Transfers							
Fiscal Year Electric Revenue Stabilization Fund Operating Expenses Available Revenue Service Principal Interest Interest Interest Subsidies Total Paid Subsidies Tota			From							
Year Revenue Fund Expenses Revenue Principal Paid Subsidies Total 2015 \$ 16,078,019 \$ 2,006,696 \$ 9,028,272 \$ 9,056,443 \$ 1,915,000 \$ 5,815,392 \$ (571,533) \$ 7,158,88 2016 14,868,306 2,881,000 8,287,025 9,462,281 1,955,000 5,958,317 (574,328) 7,338,9 2017 16,336,780 1,582,681 8,747,944 9,171,517 2,035,000 5,878,517 (574,020) 7,339,4 2018 17,790,420 - 8,659,112 9,131,308 2,115,000 5,762,377 (575,663) 7,301,7 2019 18,945,919 - 8,349,335 10,596,584 2,175,000 5,729,072 (578,078) 7,325,9 2020 17,780,674 - 7,305,078 10,475,596 2,260,000 5,589,072 (578,078) 7,270,9 2021 18,863,385 - 7,375,780 11,487,605 2,212,966 2,574,725 (7,768) 4,779,9 2022 <td></td> <td></td> <td>Rate</td> <td>Less:</td> <td>Net</td> <td>Debt</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			Rate	Less:	Net	Debt				
2015 \$16,078,019 \$2,006,696 \$9,028,272 \$9,056,443 \$1,915,000 \$5,815,392 \$(571,533) \$7,158,82016 14,868,306 2,881,000 8,287,025 9,462,281 1,955,000 5,958,317 (574,328) 7,338,932 2017 16,336,780 1,582,681 8,747,944 9,171,517 2,035,000 5,878,517 (574,020) 7,339,420 2018 17,790,420	Fiscal	Electric	Stabilization	Operating	Available	Service	Interest	Interest		
2016 14,868,306 2,881,000 8,287,025 9,462,281 1,955,000 5,958,317 (574,328) 7,338,59,2017 2017 16,336,780 1,582,681 8,747,944 9,171,517 2,035,000 5,878,517 (574,020) 7,339,42 2018 17,790,420 - 8,659,112 9,131,308 2,115,000 5,762,377 (575,663) 7,301,77 2019 18,945,919 - 8,349,335 10,596,584 2,175,000 5,729,072 (578,078) 7,325,92 2020 17,780,674 - 7,305,078 10,475,596 2,260,000 5,589,072 (578,078) 7,270,92 2021 18,863,385 - 7,375,780 11,487,605 2,212,966 2,574,725 (7,768) 4,779,92 2022 19,547,528 - 8,077,005 11,470,523 3,155,000 3,478,868 - 6,633,88	Year	Revenue	Fund	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Paid	Subsidies	Total	Coverage
2016 14,868,306 2,881,000 8,287,025 9,462,281 1,955,000 5,958,317 (574,328) 7,338,59,2017 2017 16,336,780 1,582,681 8,747,944 9,171,517 2,035,000 5,878,517 (574,020) 7,339,42 2018 17,790,420 - 8,659,112 9,131,308 2,115,000 5,762,377 (575,663) 7,301,77 2019 18,945,919 - 8,349,335 10,596,584 2,175,000 5,729,072 (578,078) 7,325,92 2020 17,780,674 - 7,305,078 10,475,596 2,260,000 5,589,072 (578,078) 7,270,92 2021 18,863,385 - 7,375,780 11,487,605 2,212,966 2,574,725 (7,768) 4,779,92 2022 19,547,528 - 8,077,005 11,470,523 3,155,000 3,478,868 - 6,633,88										
2017 16,336,780 1,582,681 8,747,944 9,171,517 2,035,000 5,878,517 (574,020) 7,339,4 2018 17,790,420 - 8,659,112 9,131,308 2,115,000 5,762,377 (575,663) 7,301,7 2019 18,945,919 - 8,349,335 10,596,584 2,175,000 5,729,072 (578,078) 7,325,9 2020 17,780,674 - 7,305,078 10,475,596 2,260,000 5,589,072 (578,078) 7,270,9 2021 18,863,385 - 7,375,780 11,487,605 2,212,966 2,574,725 (7,768) 4,779,9 2022 19,547,528 - 8,077,005 11,470,523 3,155,000 3,478,868 - 6,633,8	2015	\$ 16,078,019	\$ 2,006,696	\$ 9,028,272	\$ 9,056,443	\$1,915,000	\$5,815,392	\$ (571,533)	\$7,158,859	1.10
2018 17,790,420 - 8,659,112 9,131,308 2,115,000 5,762,377 (575,663) 7,301,7 2019 18,945,919 - 8,349,335 10,596,584 2,175,000 5,729,072 (578,078) 7,325,9 2020 17,780,674 - 7,305,078 10,475,596 2,260,000 5,589,072 (578,078) 7,270,9 2021 18,863,385 - 7,375,780 11,487,605 2,212,966 2,574,725 (7,768) 4,779,9 2022 19,547,528 - 8,077,005 11,470,523 3,155,000 3,478,868 - 6,633,8	2016	14,868,306	2,881,000	8,287,025	9,462,281	1,955,000	5,958,317	(574,328)	7,338,989	1.29
2019 18,945,919 - 8,349,335 10,596,584 2,175,000 5,729,072 (578,078) 7,325,9 2020 17,780,674 - 7,305,078 10,475,596 2,260,000 5,589,072 (578,078) 7,270,9 2021 18,863,385 - 7,375,780 11,487,605 2,212,966 2,574,725 (7,768) 4,779,9 2022 19,547,528 - 8,077,005 11,470,523 3,155,000 3,478,868 - 6,633,8	2017	16,336,780	1,582,681	8,747,944	9,171,517	2,035,000	5,878,517	(574,020)	7,339,497	1.25
2020 17,780,674 - 7,305,078 10,475,596 2,260,000 5,589,072 (578,078) 7,270,5 2021 18,863,385 - 7,375,780 11,487,605 2,212,966 2,574,725 (7,768) 4,779,5 2022 19,547,528 - 8,077,005 11,470,523 3,155,000 3,478,868 - 6,633,8	2018	17,790,420	-	8,659,112	9,131,308	2,115,000	5,762,377	(575,663)	7,301,714	1.25
2021 18,863,385 - 7,375,780 11,487,605 2,212,966 2,574,725 (7,768) 4,779,9 2022 19,547,528 - 8,077,005 11,470,523 3,155,000 3,478,868 - 6,633,8	2019	18,945,919	-	8,349,335	10,596,584	2,175,000	5,729,072	(578,078)	7,325,994	1.45
2022 19,547,528 - 8,077,005 11,470,523 3,155,000 3,478,868 - 6,633,8	2020	17,780,674	-	7,305,078	10,475,596	2,260,000	5,589,072	(578,078)	7,270,994	1.44
-,-,-,	2021	18,863,385	-	7,375,780	11,487,605	2,212,966	2,574,725	(7,768)	4,779,923	2.40
2023 20.899 556 - 7.982 478 21.619 721 3.145 000 3.516 743 - 6.661 7	2022	19,547,528	-	8,077,005	11,470,523	3,155,000	3,478,868	-	6,633,868	1.73
2323 23,577,333 7,732,173 21,577,721 3,113,000 3,310,713 0,001,7	2023	20,899,556	-	7,982,478	21,619,721	3,145,000	3,516,743	-	6,661,743	3.25
2023 25,010,353 - 10,259,823 14,750,530 3,245,000 2,864,198 - 6,109,1	2023	25,010,353	-	10,259,823	14,750,530	3,245,000	2,864,198	-	6,109,198	2.41

_	Harbor Revenue Bonds										
				Transfers							
				From							
				Rate	Less:	Net	Debt				
Fiscal		Harbor	St	abilization	Operating	Available	Service	Interest	Interest		
Year		Revenue		Fund	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Paid	Subsidies	Total	Coverage
2015	\$	3,819,584	\$	-	\$2,170,161	\$1,649,423	\$ 135,000	\$ 175,700	\$ -	\$ 310,700	5.31
2016		3,538,828		-	1,994,660	1,544,168	140,000	170,300	-	310,300	4.98
2017		3,780,767		-	2,257,502	1,523,265	145,000	164,700	-	309,700	4.92
2018		3,560,392		-	2,265,140	1,295,252	150,000	115,571	-	265,571	4.88
2019		3,236,489		-	2,013,743	1,222,746	390,836	219,623	-	610,459	2.00
2020		3,594,462		-	2,087,608	1,506,854	365,000	527,983	-	892,983	1.69
2021		3,366,853		-	2,342,276	1,024,577	380,000	438,726	-	818,726	1.25
2022		4,533,926		-	2,322,622	2,211,304	445,000	421,579	-	866,579	2.55
2023		4,986,065		-	2,614,091	2,371,974	465,000	411,633	-	876,633	2.71
2024		5,184,952		-	2,862,886	2,322,066	485,000	370,651	-	855,651	2.71

	Airport Te	erminal Reven	ue	Bonds						
		Transfers	5							
		From	1							
		Rate	•	Less:	Net	Debt				
Fiscal	Airport	Stabilization	1	Operating	Available	Service	Interest	Interest		
Year	Revenue	Func	l	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Paid	Subsidies	Total	Coverage
2019	\$ 899,200	\$ -	\$	374,840	\$ 524,360	\$ -	\$ 43,839	\$ -	\$ 43,839	11.96
2020	840,700	-		397,286	443,414	135,000	199,438	-	334,438	1.33
2021	612,485	168,000		391,636	388,849	140,000	165,126	-	305,126	1.27
2022	808,744	14,000		397,676	425,068	145,000	188,500	-	333,500	1.27
2023	966,052	-		431,179	534,873	155,000	182,987	-	337,987	1.58
2024	1,061,690	-		574,448	487,242	160,000	174,268	-	334,268	1.46

Coverage ratios are computed according to formulas in revenue bond ordinances.

Revenue includes all operating and nonoperating revenues.

Expenses includes all operating expenses, excluding depreciation.

Interest paid is actual interest paid, not interest expense.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income (1,000s)	Per Capita Personal Income	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2015	8,883 \$	569,807 \$	64,146	1,342	6.2%
2016	8,844	582,407	65,853	1,276	5.5%
2017	8,830	552,206	62,537	1,315	3.9%
2018	8,689	571,261	65,745	1,256	4.6%
2019	8,647	622,344	71,972	1,244	4.1%
2020	8,493	632,219	74,440	1,187	6.2%
2021	8,371	622,987	74,422	1,144	4.8%
2022	8,407	638,234	75,917	1,131	3.5%
2023	8,382	672,672	80,252	1,112	2.6%
2024	8,282	706,065	85,253	1,102	2.8%

Sources: Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development, BEA.gov; U.S. Census Bureau; State of Alaska, DEED (ADM) 2021 and forward, population and income data provided is for prior calendar year.

Principal Employers Current Year* and Ten Years Ago

	2022 (most cu	rrent c	data available)	2015			
•			Percentage			Percentage of	
			of total City			total City	
Industry*	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	
Educational services, health care, & social assistance	e 1,289	1	29%	1,470	1	30.9%	
Retail trade	518	2	11.8%	418	4	8.8%	
Public administration	450	3	10.3%	358	5	7.5%	
Arts, entertainment, recreation,							
accommodation, food services	328	4	7.5%	489	2	10.3%	
Manufacturing	328	4	7.5%	263	9	5.5%	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, hunting, & mining							
	285	6	6.5%	432	3	9.1%	
Transportation, warehousing, & utilities	272	7	6.2%	280	7	5.9%	
Construction	238	8	5.4%	300	6	6.3%	
Other services, except public administration	234	9	5.3%	264	8	5.6%	
Professional, scientific, management,							
administrative, waste management services	210	10	4.8%	238	10	5.0%	
Finance, insurance, real estate, & rental/leasing	159	11	3.6%	117	11	2.5%	
Wholesale trade	39	12	0.9%	42	13	0.9%	
Information	37	13	0.8%	85	12	1.8%	

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Full-Time Equivalent City and Borough Government Employees By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General Government	37	36	37	37	32	32	33	34	38	41
Public Safety:										
Police	33	32	31	31	30	30	29	33	33	32
Fire and Ambulance	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	10	11	11
Public Works	20	20	20	20	23	23	22	22	27	24
Public Services:										
Library	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Centennial Building	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5
Electric	26	26	25	25	25	25	25	26	26	26
Water	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Wastewater Treatment	10	10	10	10	8	8	8	8	8	8
Solid Waste Disposal	2	-	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3
Harbor	9	9	8	8	8	8	9	8	8	9
Airport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
Gary Paxton Industrial Park	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	161	157	154	154	152	152	152	160	169	170

Source: Personnel list as approved in the adopted annual budget

Active Electrical Customers Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal				Public		
Year	Residential	Commercial	Harbor	Authority	Other	Total
2015	2,479	560	441	212	14	3,706
2016	2,795	609	546	216	14	4,180
2017	3,242	702	693	219	15	4,871
2018	3,393	729	697	224	12	5,055
2019	3,383	716	611	221	12	4,943
2020	3,375	713	545	220	-	4,853
2021	3,426	766	671	227	9	5,099
2022	3,454	794	713	225	9	5,195
2023	3,537	800	678	227	9	5,251
2024	3,522	804	712	226	8	5,272

KwH Sold by Class Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal				Public		
Year	Residential	Commercial	Harbor	Authority	Other	Total
2014	45,078,244	35,544,622	2,543,603	24,265,723	307,163	107,739,355
2015	44,212,841	34,167,788	2,763,428	24,607,071	316,260	106,067,388
2016	42,197,620	33,626,191	2,539,114	25,004,771	305,889	103,673,585
2017	43,416,551	33,732,672	3,051,624	25,059,205	299,759	105,260,052
2018	43,233,448	35,709,803	2,883,829	25,241,700	-	107,068,781
2019	40,426,853	33,377,855	2,496,564	27,116,718	-	103,417,990
2020	42,771,637	34,243,336	2,780,405	27,553,740	-	107,349,118
2021	44,670,507	34,330,524	3,341,823	27,818,528	180,670	110,342,052
2022	44,444,087	38,627,447	3,385,759	29,703,341	184,224	116,344,858
2023	44,969,267	39,023,930	3,242,206	29,293,531	172,757	116,701,691
2024	44,497,460	38,185,021	3,142,821	30,714,539	152,922	116,692,763

Sources: City and Borough of Sitka's Finance Department and Electric Utility Fund

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
	20.0	20.0	2017	20.0	2017					
General Government-										
Building department transactions	240	196	208	197	157	133	186	227	197	202
Public Safety:										
Number of police officers	32	31	30	30	29	29	29	30	30	31
Number of paid firefighters	10	10	9	9	8	8	8	9	9	9
Arrests made (calendar year)	310	269	274	411	293	291	247	133	218	*
Ambulance emergency responses	987	1,260	1,260	1,227	1,336	1,310	1,074	1,433	1,345	1,505
Fire emergency responses	171	193	146	159	158	137	184	179	142	163
Public Works-										
Recreation permits issued	41	39	25	30	29	26	37	53	53	42
Public Services:										
Volumes in library collection	*	68,039	69,941	70,831	104,061	71,876	58,000	56,567	54,399	53,007
Number of events scheduled at Centenni	-	2	122	231	236	178	71	1,200	1,636	1,588
Water-										
New connections	23	17	22	12	14	14	23	34	28	33
Wastewater-										
New connections	21	18	20	13	14	17	20	35	27	29
Electric utility (see table 18)										
Marine Service Center-										
Cold storage tenants	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
Harbors-										
Active permanent moorage accounts	*	*	*	*	*	1,026	1,269	1,019	1,140	1,227
Airport terminal-										
Enplanements (for calendar year)	83,598	83,404	83,598	87,119	90,839	38,343	80,366	94,648	96,214	*

Sources: Various municipal departments, Federal Aviation Administration

^{*} Information not available

City and Borough of Sitka, Alaska Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General Government										
Number of general government buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety:										
Number of police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of fire stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works:										
Number of public works buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of park and recreation facilities	25	25	23	23	24	24	24	24	24	24
Miles of paved streets	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Miles of unpaved streets	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Acres of park lands	*	*	*	*	*	109	109	109	109	109
Miles of trails	*	*	*	*	*	8	8	8	11	11
Public Services:										
Number of library facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of meeting halls and community centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Water:	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
UV disinfection plant	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water filtration plants	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	1
Number hydrants	*	*	*	*	*	450	450	450	450	450
Miles of water mains	*	*	*	*	*	48	48	48	48	48
Wastewater:										
Number of treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of lift stations	*	*	*	*	*	78	78	78	78	78
Miles of sewer lines	*	*	*	*	*	40	40	40	40	40
Electric (see table 18):										
Dams and hydroelectric generation plants	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Diesel plants	*	*	*	*	*	1	1	1	1	1
Miles of electricity distribution lines	*	*	*	*	*	155	155	155	155	155
Harbors-										
Number of harbor facilities	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Marine Service Center-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Cold storage facility	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Industrial Park-		•	•	•	•	•	•	·	•	•
Acreage under active management	*	*	*	*	*	27	27	27	27	27
Airport-							=-	=-	=-	
Airport terminal buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Sources: Various municipal departments

^{*} information not available